



Vulnerability Assessment & Penetration Testing

CONFIDENTIALITY AND LIABILITY

- **This Vulnerability Assessment and Penetration Testing (VAPT) report contains sensitive and confidential security information related to the website `zero.webappsecurity.com`. The information presented in this document includes identified vulnerabilities, security weaknesses, proof-of-concept details, screenshots, and remediation recommendations based on the OWASP Top 10.**
- **This report is provided exclusively for the intended recipient and authorized stakeholders of the organization owning or managing `zero.webappsecurity.com`. It must not be shared, distributed, published, or disclosed—in whole or in part—to any third party without prior written permission from the report owner.**
- **Unauthorized access to or disclosure of this report may significantly increase the risk of exploitation of the identified vulnerabilities and could result in security incidents.**
- **If you are not an authorized recipient, you must immediately stop reading this document and notify the report owner.**
- **This Vulnerability Assessment and Penetration Testing (VAPT) activity was conducted on `zero.webappsecurity.com` using standard security testing techniques aligned with the OWASP Top 10 framework. The assessment was performed within a defined scope, timeframe, and level of access as agreed prior to testing.**
- **The findings presented in this report represent the security posture of the application only at the time the assessment was performed. Web applications are dynamic by nature, and changes to code, configuration, infrastructure, or third-party components may introduce new vulnerabilities after testing is completed.**

DISCLAIMER

This Vulnerability Assessment and Penetration Testing (VAPT) report has been prepared solely to help understand the security posture of the website zero.webappsecurity.com at the time of testing. The assessment was conducted using generally accepted security testing practices and aligned with the OWASP Top 10 web application security risks.

The findings in this report represent a snapshot in time. Web applications continuously change due to code updates, configuration modifications, infrastructure changes, and third-party integrations. Because of this, the vulnerabilities identified in this report may no longer exist in the future, and new vulnerabilities may appear after the assessment is completed.

This report does not claim or guarantee that:

- All security vulnerabilities have been identified**
- The application is fully secure or immune to attacks**
- The application complies with any legal, regulatory, or industry compliance standards**

The absence of a specific vulnerability in this report should not be interpreted as confirmation that the application is free from that risk. Some vulnerabilities may not be detectable due to limitations in testing scope, time constraints, application logic complexity, or restricted access levels.

The severity ratings and risk classifications assigned to the identified vulnerabilities are based on industry standards, OWASP guidance, and professional judgment. These ratings may vary depending on the organization's business environment, threat landscape, and risk tolerance.

The remediation recommendations provided in this report are intended as general security guidance. They should be reviewed and tested before implementation, as changes to the application or infrastructure may introduce unexpected side effects. The final decision to apply any fix remains the responsibility of the application owner or development team.

This report:

- **Is not a legal opinion**
- **Is not a compliance or certification document**
- **Should not be used as the sole basis for security decisions**
- **Should be used in combination with secure development practices, regular updates, and ongoing security monitoring**

Any actions taken based on the information in this report are performed at the discretion and risk of the organization responsible for zero.webappsecurity.com. The assessor shall not be held responsible for any direct or indirect consequences resulting from the use, misuse, or interpretation of the information provided in this document.

To maintain a strong security posture, it is strongly recommended that the application undergo regular security assessments, especially after significant changes or updates.

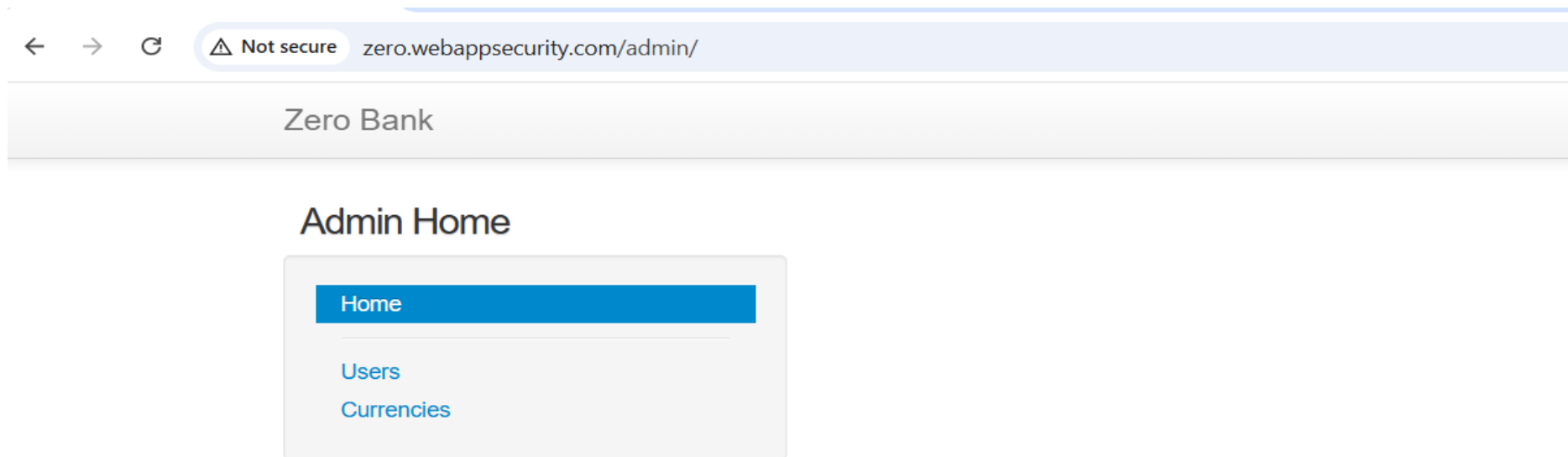
SR NO.	Vulnerability Title	Severity
1	A01:2025 Broken Access Control: Access control checks	CRITICAL
2	A02:2025 Security Misconfiguration	HIGH
3	A03:2025 Software Supply Chain Failures	CRITICAL
4	A04:2025 Cryptographic Failures	HIGH
5	A05:2025 Injection	
6	A06:2025 Insecure Design	HIGH
7	A07:2025 Authentication Failures	Medium/High
8	A08:2025 Software or Data Integrity Failures	
9	A09:2025 Security Logging & Alerting Failures	
10	A10:2025 Mishandling of Exceptional Conditions	

Vulnerability.1 OWASP: Broken Access Control

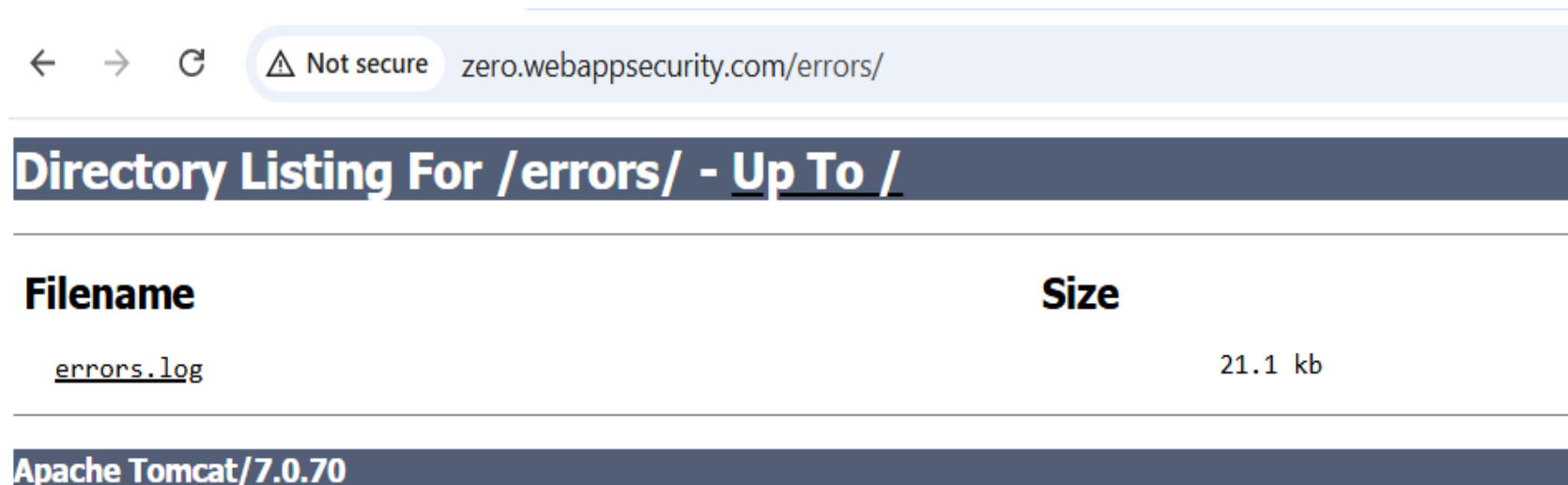
Severity:	High
Prerequisites:	Burp Suite Pro
Steps to Reproduce:	Access account activity, change ID's in URL/requests.
Actual Result:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Changing the resource identifier :/profile?id=123 --> id =456• Admin page login without authorization : /admin , /errors, /index.html, /server-status, /resources.
Expected Result:	Access should be restricted to administrative users only.
Impact:	An unauthorized user can view and modify sensitive configurations and data.
Remediation:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Enforce Server-Side Authorization.• Deny Access by Default.• Regular Security Testing.
References:	

POC:

- Here, we can access admin page without authorization check just by adding --> /admin in url.



- Here, we can access errors.log file page without authorization check just by adding --> /errors in url.



Vulnerability:2 OWASP: Security Misconfiguration	
Severity:	High
Prerequisites:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Burp Site Pro • Kali Linux
Steps to Reproduce:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • While logging/sign the credentials are default and allowing easy access. • With the help of kali linux and running command to check the valid SSL/TLS certificate.
Actual Result:	<p>Filling the default credentials user's/attacker logged in easily because, they are publicly known.</p> <p>Connection is not secure and not using Digital Certificate.</p>
Expected Result:	<p>Default credentials should be disable.</p> <p>Application should use valid Digital Certificate.</p>
Impact:	<p>Confidential data can be viewed, modify, or delete.</p> <p>The system is more vulnerable to hacker because of invalid Digital Certificate.</p>
Remediation:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Credentials should be disable. • SSL/TLS version should be up to date.
References:	

POC:

Log in to ZeroBank

Login ? Login/Password - username/password

Password

Keep me signed in ☐

[Sign in](#)

[Forgot your password ?](#)

- Digital certificate are out-dated and the login credentials are visible or default.

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# sslscan -sC -vuln --script 54.82.22.214
Version: 2.1.5
OpenSSL 3.5.4 30 Sep 2025
Connected to 54.82.22.214

Testing SSL server 54.82.22.214 on port 443 using SNI name 54.82.22.214

SSL/TLS Protocols:
SSLv2      enabled
SSLv3      enabled
TLSv1.0    enabled
TLSv1.1    disabled
TLSv1.2    disabled
TLSv1.3    disabled
```

```
SSL Certificate:
Signature Algorithm: sha256WithRSAEncryption
RSA Key Strength: 2048

Subject: zero.webappsecurity.com
Altnames: DNS:zero.webappsecurity.com
Issuer: DigiCert TLS RSA SHA256 2020 CA1

Not valid before: Apr 26 00:00:00 2021 GMT
Not valid after: May 4 23:59:59 2022 GMT
```

Vulnerability.3 OWASP: Software Supply Chain Failures

Severity:	Critical
Prerequisites:	Burp Suite Pro
Steps to Reproduce:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• While changing in url the server version is disclosed.
Actual Result:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The HTTP response headers disclose the web server as Apache Tomcat version 7.0.70 , in which end-of-life or software no longer receives security patches.
Expected Result:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Application should run on a supported Tomcat version (9.x or later) and must not expose server version or backend technology details.• This will reduce the attack surface and mitigate the risk of exploitation.
Impact:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Attackers may leverage publicly available exploits targeting Tomcat 7.0.70, potentially leading to unauthorized access, data compromise, or full server takeover
Remediation:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Upgrade Apache Tomcat to a currently supported version(9.x or later).• Disable version disclosure in HTTP response header.• Implement custom error pages to prevent disclosure of backend technology details.
References:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• OWASP Top 10 2021 – A06: Vulnerable and Outdated Components• CWE-200: Exposure of Sensitive Information• CWE-1104: Use of Unmaintained Third-Party Components

POC:

← → ↻ ⚠ Not secure zero.webappsecurity.com/'1

HTTP Status 404 - /'1

type Status report

message /'1

description The requested resource is not available.

Apache Tomcat/7.0.70

Response

	Pretty	Raw	Hex	Render
1	HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found			
2	Date: Sat, 31 Jan 2026 10:22:41 GMT			
3	Server: Apache-Coyote/1.1			
4	Access-Control-Allow-Origin: *			

Vulnerability.4 OWASP: Cryptographic Failures

Severity:	High
Prerequisites:	Wireshark Tool
Steps to Reproduce:	In Wireshark tool, capture the data packet after login and search for http and after that click the POST packet and you can see the insecure transmission of sensitive data.
Actual Result:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Login credentials are transmitted over unencrypted or weakly protected channels.
Expected Result:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• All sensitive data should be transmitted only over HTTPS using TLS 1.2 or higher.
Impact:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Attackers can intercept sensitive data such as usernames and passwords during transmission.• Session hijacking is possible due to insecure cookie attributes.• Compromised user accounts may lead to unauthorized transactions or data access.
Remediation:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Enforce HTTPS across the application with modern TLS configurations.
References:	

POC:

- Sensitive data is inadequately protected due to weak encryption or poor key management

Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,image/apng,*/.*	01d0 6f 6e 2f 78 68 74 6d 6c 2b 78 6d 6c 2c 61 70 70	on/xhtml +xml,app
Referer: http://zero.webappsecurity.com/login.html\r\n	01e0 6c 69 63 61 74 69 6f 6e 2f 78 6d 6c 3b 71 3d 30	lication /xml;q=0
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br\r\n	01f0 2e 39 2c 69 6d 61 67 65 2f 61 76 69 66 2c 69 6d	.9,image /avif,im
> Cookie: JSESSIONID=6AA3CCC2\r\n	0200 61 67 65 2f 77 65 62 70 2c 69 6d 61 67 65 2f 61	age/webp ,image/a
Connection: keep-alive\r\n	0210 70 6e 67 2c 2a 2f 2a 3b 71 3d 30 2e 38 2c 61 70	png,*/; q=0.8,ap
\r\n	0220 70 6c 69 63 61 74 69 6f 6e 2f 73 69 67 6e 65 64	plication/signed
[Response in frame: 184]	0230 2d 65 78 63 68 61 6e 67 65 3b 76 3d 62 33 3b 71	-exchange;v=b3;q
[Full request URI: http://zero.webappsecurity.com/signin.html]	0240 3d 30 2e 37 0d 0a 52 65 66 65 72 65 72 3a 20 68	=0.7...Re ferer: h
File Data: 105 bytes	0250 74 74 70 3a 2f 2f 7a 65 72 6f 2e 77 65 62 61 70	ttp://ze ro.webap
HTML Form URL Encoded: application/x-www-form-urlencoded	0260 70 73 65 63 75 72 69 74 79 2e 63 6f 6d 2f 6c 6f	psecurit y.com/lo
Form item: "user_login" = "username"	0270 67 69 6e 2e 68 74 6d 6c 0d 0a 41 63 63 65 70 74	gin.html ...Accept
Key: user_login	0280 2d 45 6e 63 6f 64 69 6e 67 3a 20 67 7a 69 70 2c	-Encodin g: gzip,
Value: username	0290 20 64 65 66 6c 61 74 65 2c 20 62 72 0d 0a 43 6f	deflate , br...Co
Form item: "user_password" = "password"	02a0 6f 6b 69 65 3a 20 4a 53 45 53 53 49 4f 4e 49 44	okie: JS ESSIONID
Key: user_password	02b0 3d 36 41 41 33 43 43 43 32 0d 0a 43 6f 6e 6e 65	=6AA3CCC 2...Conne
Value: password	02c0 63 74 69 6f 6e 3a 20 6b 65 65 70 2d 61 6c 69 76	ction: k eep-aliv
	02d0 65 0d 0a 0d 0a 75 73 65 72 5f 6c 6f 67 69 6e 3d	e...use r_login=
	02e0 75 73 65 72 6e 61 6d 65 26 75 73 65 72 5f 70 61	username &user_pa
	02f0 73 73 77 6f 72 64 3d 70 61 73 73 77 6f 72 64 26	ssword=p assword&

Vulnerability.5 OWASP: Injection

Severity:	None
Prerequisites:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Application input points identified• Injection testing perform using standard payloads
Steps to Reproduce:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Identify input fields or URL parameters.• Test using standard injection payloads (e.g. ' OR 1=1--, <script>alert(1)</script>).
Actual Result:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The application safely processes injected input without executing or reflecting malicious
Expected Result:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The application should securely handle user input and prevent injection attacks
Impact:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• No security impact identified at the time of testing
Remediation:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• No remediation required
References:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• OWASP Top 10 2021 – A03: Injection• OWASP Testing Guide – Injection Testing

POC:

Vulnerability.6 OWASP: Insecure Design

Severity:	High
Prerequisites:	Burp Suite Pro
Steps to Reproduce:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Log in with valid user credentials.• Navigate to the Transfer Funds page.• Initiate a legitimate fund transfer.• Intercept the request using Burp Suite.• Modify the amount parameter to a significantly higher value.• Forward the modified request.
Actual Result:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The application accepts and processes the modified high-value transfer without re-authentication, transaction verification, rate limiting, or business logic validation.
Expected Result:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Multi-step transaction verification (e.g., OTP, confirmation screen).• Enforcement of transaction limits and role-based checks.• Server-side validation of transaction parameters.
Impact:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Financial fraud and unauthorized fund transfers.• Compromise of data integrity and user trust.• Potential regulatory and compliance violations.
Remediation:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Incorporate security controls during the design phase for sensitive workflows.• Enforce server-side validation of transaction amounts and limits.• Implement re-authentication or step-up verification for high-risk actions.• Apply rate limiting and anomaly detection.
References:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• OWASP Top 10 2021 – A04: Insecure Design• OWASP Cheat Sheet – Business Logic Security

POC:

Transfer Money & Make Payments - Verify

Please verify that the following transaction is correct by selecting the **Submit** button below.

From Account

To Account

Amount \$

Description

Cancel

Submit

Request

Pretty Raw Hex

```
1 POST /bank/transfer-funds-confirm.html HTTP/1.1
2 Host: zero.webappsecurity.com
3 Content-Length: 57
4 Cache-Control: max-age=0
5 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9
6 Origin: http://zero.webappsecurity.com
7 Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
8 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
9 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like
10 Gecko) Chrome/144.0.0.0 Safari/537.36
11 Accept:
12 text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,image/apn
13 ;q=0.8,application/signed-exchange;v=b3;q=0.7
14 Referer: http://zero.webappsecurity.com/bank/transfer-funds-verify.html
15 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br
16 Cookie: JSESSIONID=302D8DAA
17 Connection: keep-alive
18
19 fromAccountId=1&toAccountId=1&amount=8000&description=asd
```

Request

Pretty Raw Hex

```
1 POST /bank/transfer-funds-confirm.html HTTP/1.1
2 Host: zero.webappsecurity.com
3 Content-Length: 62
4 Cache-Control: max-age=0
5 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9
6 Origin: http://zero.webappsecurity.com
7 Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
8 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
9 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like G
10 Chrome/144.0.0.0 Safari/537.36
11 Accept:
12 text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,image/apng,
13 =0.8,application/signed-exchange;v=b3;q=0.7
14 Referer: http://zero.webappsecurity.com/bank/transfer-funds-verify.html
15 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br
16 Cookie: JSESSIONID=302D8DAA
17 Connection: keep-alive
18
19 fromAccountId=1&toAccountId=1&amount=801000000&description=asd
```

Response

Pretty Raw Hex Render

```
1 HTTP/1.1 200 OK
2 Date: Sat, 31 Jan 2026 12:02:29 GMT
3 Server: Apache-Coyote/1.1
4 Access-Control-Allow-Origin: *
5 Cache-Control: no-cache, max-age=0, must-revalidate, no-store
6 Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
7 Content-Language: en-US
8 Keep-Alive: timeout=5, max=100
9 Connection: Keep-Alive
10 Content-Length: 10139
11
12
13 <!DOCTYPE html>
14 <html lang="en">
15   <head>
16     <meta charset="utf-8">
17     <title>
18       Zero - Transfer Funds
19     </title>
20     <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0,
```


Vulnerability.7 OWASP: Authentication Failures

Severity:	Medium/High
Prerequisites:	Burp Suite Pro
Steps to Reproduce:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Navigate to the application login page.• Attempt multiple failed login attempts using random credentials.• Observe that no rate limiting or account lockout occurs.• Attempt login using default credentials.• Authentication is successful.
Actual Result:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Unlimited login attempts are allowed.• Default credentials successfully authenticate users.• No alerting or monitoring is triggered.
Expected Result:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Limit the number of failed login attempts.• Temporarily lock accounts after multiple invalid attempts.• Log and monitor authentication attempts.• Enforce strong password policies.
Impact:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Unauthorized access to sensitive user data.• Loss of user trust and potential compliance violation.
Remediation:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Implement Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA).• Lock accounts after 4-5 failed login attempts.• Disable default credentials.
References:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• OWASP Top 10 2021 – A07: Identification and Authentication Failures• OWASP Authentication Cheat Sheet

Log in to ZeroBank

Login

Password

Keep me signed in ☐

[Forgot your password ?](#)

Request

```

1 POST /signin.html HTTP/1.1
2 Host: zero.webappsecurity.com
3 Content-Length: 100
4 Cache-Control: max-age=0
5 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9
6 Origin: http://zero.webappsecurity.com
7 Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
8 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
9 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like
10 Gecko) Chrome/144.0.0.0 Safari/537.36
11 Accept:
text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,image/apng,
q=0.8,application/signed-exchange;v=b3;q=0.7
12 Referer: http://zero.webappsecurity.com/login.html
13 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br
14 Cookie: JSESSIONID=B03BC805
15 Connection: keep-alive.
16 user_login=admin&user_password=admin&submit=Sign+in&user_token=
b0bbb69a-0832-4b59-8df3-df3475119e05

```

- Multiple failed login attempts were made without triggering any security controls, demonstrating lack of protection against brute-force attacks.

Positions
Add \$
Clear \$
Auto \$

```

1 POST /signin.html HTTP/1.1
2 Host: zero.webappsecurity.com
3 Content-Length: 106
4 Cache-Control: max-age=0
5 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9
6 Origin: http://zero.webappsecurity.com
7 Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
8 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
9 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/144.0.0.0 Safari/537.36
10 Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8,application/signed-exchange;v=b3;q=0.7
11 Referer: http://zero.webappsecurity.com/login.html
12 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br
13 Cookie: JSESSIONID=302D8DAA
14
15 user_login=$SDJFLSF&user_password=$JFJBDGDSG&submit=Sign+in&user_token=b543fdf6-e7b6-4f71-9d8b-95ab070f660f

```

Payload count: 16
Request count: 256

Payload configuration

This payload type lets you configure a simple list of strings that are used as payloads.

Paste
Load...
Remove
Clear
Deduplicate
Add

test' OR 1='1
or '1'='1--
or 1=1#
admin' --
admin' #
admin/'
admin' or '1'='1
admin' or '1'='1--
admin' or '1'='1#
admin' or '1'='1/'
admin' or 1=1 or '='
admin' or 1=1
admin' or 1=1--
admin' or 1=1#
admin' or 1=1/'
admin' or ('1'='1
test' OR 1='1
or '1'='1--

Request	Payload 1	Payload 2	Status code	Response received	Error	Timeout	Length
0			302	211			320
1	test' OR 1='1	test' OR 1='1	302	319			320
2	or '1'='1--	test' OR 1='1	302	226			320
3	or 1=1#	test' OR 1='1	302	331			320
4	admin' --	test' OR 1='1	302	245			320
5	admin' #	test' OR 1='1	302	308			320
6	admin/'	test' OR 1='1	302	307			320
7	admin' or '1'='1	test' OR 1='1	302	271			320
8	admin' or '1'='1--	test' OR 1='1	302	221			320
9	admin' or '1'='1#	test' OR 1='1	302	321			320
10	admin' or '1'='1/'	test' OR 1='1	302	319			320
11	admin' or 1=1 or '='	test' OR 1='1	302	284			320
12	admin' or 1=1	test' OR 1='1	302	251			320
13	admin' or 1=1--	test' OR 1='1	302	227			320
14	admin' or 1=1#	test' OR 1='1	302	277			320
15	admin' or 1=1/'	test' OR 1='1	302	239			320
16	admin' or ('1'='1	test' OR 1='1	302	339			320
17	test' OR 1='1	or '1'='1--	302	243			320

