Оглавление

Введение			3
1	Аналитический раздел		4
	1.1	Формализация цели	4
	1.2	Структуры ядра	4
		1.2.1 task_struct	4
2	Конструкторский раздел		
	2.1	Диаграмма вариантов использования	9
3	Технологический раздел		10
	3.1	Выбор и обоснование языка программирования и среды разработки	10
	3.2	Пример кода, да?	10
4	Исс	ледовательский раздел	11
	4.1	Бла-бла	11
ЗАКЛЮЧЕНИЕ		12	
Cl	СПИСОК ИСПОЛЬЗОВАННЫХ ИСТОЧНИКОВ		
ПРИЛОЖЕНИЕ 1			14

ВВЕДЕНИЕ

*** Линух — сложная система со своим видением планирования процессов на выполнение и всё такое.

1. Аналитический раздел

В данном разделе...

1.1 Формализация цели

Цель работы – разработать загружаемый модуль ядра для мониторинга приоритетов, времени выполнения и простоя процессов на ОС Linux и проанализировать с использованием данного модуля воспроизведение аудиофайлов и видеофайлов.

Для достижения поставленной цели потребуется:

- 1) проанализировать структуры ядра, позволяющие определить приоритет, время выполнения и простоя процессов;
- 2) проанализировать способы доступа к выбранным структурам ядра;
- 3) проанализировать методы передачи информации из модуля ядра в пространство пользователя;
- 4) спроектировать и реализовать загружаемый модуль ядра;
- 5) проанализировать с использованием реализованного модуля воспроизведение аудиофайлов и видеофайлов.

1.2 Структуры ядра

Современные операционные системы предоставляют пользователю фундаментальные концепции, такие как, файл или процесс. [?]

С использованием документации представляется возможность получить доступ к данным концепциям и изучить работу системы изнутри.

1.2.1 task_struct

Процесс состоит из нескольких компонентов [?]:

- стек процесса;
- регистры процессора, в которые загружены ключевые переменные (зависит от архитектуры);
- адресное пространство;
- ресурсы: дескрипторы открытых файлов, ожидающие обработки сигналы;
- управляющие структуры ядра ОС.

Структура в ядре Linux, соответствующая каждому процессу, – task_struct. Она определена в файле include/linux/sched.h. Все процессы существующие в системе процессы объединены в кольцевой список. [?]

Стоит отметить, что данная структура занимает в памяти порядка 1.7 килобайт.

Поля структуры содержат информацию о процессе, которую можно поделить на несколько категорий [?]:

- поля, отвечающие за общую информацию о процессе (PID, exit_code, PPID);
- поля, востребованные планировщиком задач (prio, static_prio, timeslice);
- поля, связанные с безопасностью (uid, gid).

Структура task_struct для Linux v5.16rc8 представлена в приложении (см. Приложение 1).

Далее будут отмечены наиболее информативные в проводимой работе поля данной структуры и их назначение.

PID (Process Identifier) – уникальный идентификатор процесса. Каждый процесс в операционной системе имеет свой уникальный идентификатор, по которому можно получить информацию об этом процессе, а также направить ему управляющий сигнал или завершить [?].

prio, static prio, normal prio, rt priority – приоритеты процесса.

Значение prio — это значение, которое использует планировщик задач при выборе процесса. Чем ниже значение данной переменное, тем выше приоритет процесса (может принимать значения от 0 до 139, то есть MAX_PRIO, значение которого вычисляется с использованием переменной MAX_RT_PRIO со значением 100) [?]. Также данный приоритет может быть поделён на два интервала:

- от 0 до 99 процесс реального времени;
- от 100 до 139 обычный процесс.

Также определены функции определения приоритета процесса, которые приведены в листинге 2.

Листинг 1: Функции определения приоритета процесса, определенные в /kernel/sched.c

```
#include "sched_idletask.c"
#include "sched_fair.c"
#include "sched_rt.c"
#ifdef CONFIG_SCHED_DEBUG
#include "sched_debug.c"
```

```
#endif
6
7
     /*
8
        normal prio - return the priority that is based on

    → the static prio

      * /
10
    static inline int normal prio(struct task struct *p) //
11
        NORMAL PRIO function, return static priority value
12
         return p->static prio;
13
     }
14
15
     /*
16
      * Calculate the expected normal priority: i.e. priority
17
      * without taking RT-inheritance into account. Might be
18
      * boosted by interactivity modifiers. Changes upon fork,
19
      * setprio syscalls, and whenever the interactivity
20
      * estimator recalculates.
      */
    static inline int normal prio(struct task struct *p) //
23
        NORMAL PRIO function
     {
24
         int prio;
26
         if (task_has_rt_policy(p)) // The task has rt policy
27
          \rightarrow function, the determination process is a real-time
          → process, if the real-time process, returns 1,
          → otherwise returns 0
             prio = MAX RT PRIO-1 - p->rt priority; //
28
              \rightarrow process is real-time process, and the PRIO
              → value is related to the real-time priority

→ value: PRIO = MAX RT PRIO -1 - P-> rt priority

         else
29
             prio = __normal_prio(p); // The process is a
30
              \hookrightarrow non-real-time process, then the PRIO value is
              \rightarrow a static priority value, that is, PRIO = P->
                static prio
         return prio;
31
     }
32
33
     /*
```

```
* Calculate the current priority, i.e. the priority
35
     * taken into account by the scheduler. This value might
36
     * be boosted by RT tasks, or might be boosted by
37
     * interactivity modifiers. Will be RT if the task got
     * RT-boosted. If not then it returns p->normal prio.
39
     * /
40
    static int effective prio(struct task struct *p) // The
41
        Effective_Prio function, the effective priority of the
        calculation process, the PRIO value, this value is the
        priority value used by the final scheduler
42
        p->normal prio = normal prio(p); // Calculate the
43
         \rightarrow value of Normal PRIO
44
         * If we are RT tasks or we were boosted to RT
45
          → priority,
         * keep the priority unchanged. Otherwise, update
46
          → priority
         * to the normal priority:
47
         */
48
        if (!rt prio(p->prio))
49
            return p->normal prio; // If the process is a
50
             → non-real-time process, return normal prio
             → value, at this time Normal Prio = Static Prio
        return p->prio; // Otherwise, the return value is
            constant, still PRIO value, at this time, PRIO =
          MAX RT PRIO -1 - P-> RT Priority
52
    }
53
    /*********************************
54
    void set user nice(struct task struct *p, long nice)
55
    {
57
        p->prio = effective prio(p); // In the function
58
         set the process's PRIO value.
        . . .
    }
60
```

Из предоставленного листинга видно, что для процессов реального вре-

мени значение приоритета определяется с использованием поля prio, а в ином случае — static prio.

Значение static_prio не изменяется ядром при работе планировщика, однако оно может быть изменено с использованием пользовательского приоритета пісе. Макросы для изменения данного приоритета предоставлены в листинге ??.

Листинг 2: Функции определения приоритета процесса, определенные в /kernel/sched.c

```
/*
     * Convert user-nice values [ -20 ... 0 ... 19 ]
2
     * to static priority [ MAX RT PRIO..MAX PRIO-1 ],
3
     * and back.
4
     */
5
    #define NICE_TO_PRIO(nice) (MAX_RT_PRIO + (nice) + 20)
    #define PRIO TO NICE(prio) ((prio) - MAX RT PRIO - 20)
7
                          PRIO TO NICE((p)->static prio)
    #define TASK NICE(p)
8
9
    /*
10
     * 'User priority' is the nice value converted to
11

→ something we

     * can work with better when scaling various scheduler
12
      → parameters,
     * it's a [ 0 ... 39 ] range.
14
    #define USER PRIO(p)
                          ((p)-MAX RT PRIO)
15
    #define TASK USER PRIO(p) USER PRIO((p)->static prio)
    #define MAX USER PRIO
                                 (USER PRIO(MAX PRIO))
17
18
     / *** /
19
    p->static prio = NICE TO PRIO(nice);
20
```

Вывод

В разделе...

2. Конструкторский раздел

В данном разделе...

2.1 Диаграмма вариантов использования

На рисунках 2.1–2.2 предоставлены примеры картинок.



Рис. 2.1: Какой-то пример.

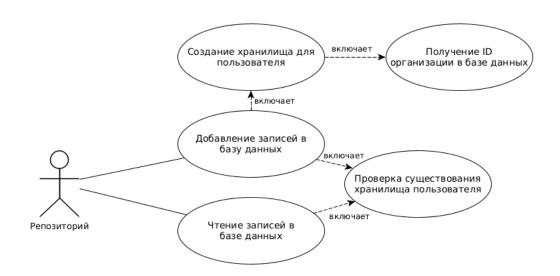


Рис. 2.2: Вторая часть какого-то примера.

Вывод

В разделе...

3. Технологический раздел

В данном разделе...

3.1 Выбор и обоснование языка программирования и среды разработки

При написании программного продукта был использован язык программирования...

Данный выбор обусловлен следующими факторами:

- бла,
- бла,

3.2 Пример кода, да?

Вывод

В качестве средств реализации были выбраны...

В разделе были предоставлены сведения о...

Была рассмотрена...

4. Исследовательский раздел

В данном разделе...

4.1 Бла-бла

Мы такие умные, куча исследований...

Вывод

В разделе...

ЗАКЛЮЧЕНИЕ

Во время выполнения курсового проекта были достигнуты поставленные задачи:

- хоп,
- хоп,
- хоп,
- хоп,
- хоп.

Проведённая аналитическая работа позволила...

В результате работы, проведенной в конструкторском разделе, были приведены... Также была определена схема работы...

Для реализации в качестве используемого языка программирования был выбран ЯП ..., а в качестве среды разработки — ...

В результате работы было...

В ходе выполнения поставленных задач были получены знания в области ..., а также изучены...

СПИСОК ИСПОЛЬЗОВАННЫХ ИСТОЧНИКОВ

Список литературы

приложение 1

Листинг 3: Структура ядра task struct

```
struct task struct {
     #ifdef CONFIG THREAD INFO IN TASK
2
          * For reasons of header soup (see
4

    current thread info()), this

          * must be the first element of task struct.
5
          */
6
         struct thread info
                                     thread info;
7
    #endif
8
         unsigned int
                                   __state;
10
    #ifdef CONFIG PREEMPT RT
11
         /* saved state for "spinlock sleepers" */
12
         unsigned int
                                saved state;
13
    #endif
         /*
16
          * This begins the randomizable portion of
17

→ task struct. Only

          * scheduling-critical items should be added above
          \rightarrow here.
          */
19
         randomized struct fields start
20
21
         void
                               *stack;
         refcount t
                                usage;
23
         /* Per task flags (PF *), defined further below: */
24
         unsigned int
                                  flags;
25
         unsigned int
                                  ptrace;
26
    #ifdef CONFIG SMP
28
         int
                             on cpu;
29
         struct call single node
                                        wake entry;
         unsigned int
                                 wakee flips;
         unsigned long
                                   wakee flip decay ts;
32
         struct task struct
                                     *last wakee;
33
```

```
34
         /*
35
          * recent used cpu is initially set as the last CPU

→ used by a task

          * that wakes affine another task. Waker/wakee
37

→ relationships can

          * push tasks around a CPU where each wakeup moves to
38
           \hookrightarrow the next one.
          * Tracking a recently used CPU allows a quick search
39
           → for a recently
          * used CPU that may be idle.
40
          */
41
         int
                              recent used cpu;
42
         int
                              wake cpu;
43
     #endif
44
         int
                              on rq;
45
46
         int
                              prio;
                              static prio;
         int
48
         int
                              normal prio;
49
         unsigned int
                                   rt priority;
50
51
         struct sched entity
                                       se;
         struct sched rt entity
                                         rt;
53
         struct sched dl entity
                                          dl;
54
         const struct sched class
                                       *sched class;
55
     #ifdef CONFIG SCHED CORE
57
         struct rb node
                                     core node;
58
         unsigned long
                                   core cookie;
59
         unsigned int
                                   core occupation;
60
    #endif
62
    #ifdef CONFIG CGROUP SCHED
63
                                    *sched task_group;
         struct task group
64
     #endif
65
    #ifdef CONFIG UCLAMP TASK
67
         /*
68
          * Clamp values requested for a scheduling entity.
69
          * Must be updated with task rq lock() held.
```

```
* /
71
         struct uclamp se uclamp req[UCLAMP CNT];
72
73
          * Effective clamp values used for a scheduling
          \rightarrow entity.
          * Must be updated with task rq lock() held.
75
76
         struct uclamp se
                                 uclamp[UCLAMP CNT];
77
     #endif
78
79
         struct sched statistics
                                   stats;
80
81
     #ifdef CONFIG PREEMPT NOTIFIERS
82
         /* List of struct preempt notifier: */
83
         struct hlist head preempt notifiers;
84
     #endif
85
     #ifdef CONFIG BLK DEV IO TRACE
         unsigned int
                                   btrace seq;
88
     #endif
89
90
         unsigned int
                                   policy;
91
                            nr cpus allowed;
         int
         const cpumask t
                                      *cpus ptr;
93
         cpumask t
                                *user cpus ptr;
94
         cpumask t
                               cpus mask;
95
                               *migration pending;
         void
     #ifdef CONFIG SMP
         unsigned short
                                     migration disabled;
98
     #endif
99
         unsigned short
                                     migration flags;
100
     #ifdef CONFIG PREEMPT RCU
102
                             rcu read lock nesting;
103
         union rcu special
                                 rcu read unlock special;
104
                                rcu node entry;
         struct list head
105
         struct rcu node
                                      *rcu blocked node;
     #endif /* #ifdef CONFIG PREEMPT RCU */
107
108
     #ifdef CONFIG TASKS RCU
109
         unsigned long
                                    rcu tasks nvcsw;
```

```
rcu_tasks holdout;
         u8
111
                              rcu tasks idx;
         118
112
                               rcu tasks idle cpu;
         int
113
         struct list head
                                    rcu tasks holdout list;
     #endif /* #ifdef CONFIG TASKS RCU */
115
116
     #ifdef CONFIG TASKS TRACE RCU
117
         int
                               trc reader nesting;
                               trc ipi to cpu;
         int
119
                                     trc reader special;
         union rcu special
120
                                trc reader checked;
         bool
121
         struct list head
                                    trc holdout list;
122
     #endif /* #ifdef CONFIG TASKS TRACE RCU */
124
         struct sched info
                                     sched info;
125
126
         struct list head
                                    tasks;
127
     #ifdef CONFIG SMP
         struct plist node
                                     pushable tasks;
129
         struct rb node
                                     pushable dl tasks;
130
     #endif
131
132
         struct mm struct
                                    *mm;
         struct mm struct
                                    *active mm;
134
135
         /* Per-thread vma caching: */
136
         struct vmacache
                                       vmacache;
137
     #ifdef SPLIT RSS COUNTING
139
         struct task rss stat
                                        rss stat;
140
     #endif
141
         int
                               exit state;
         int
                               exit code;
143
                               exit signal;
144
         /* The signal sent when the parent dies: */
145
                               pdeath signal;
         int
146
         /* JOBCTL *, siglock protected: */
         unsigned long
                                      jobctl;
148
149
         /* Used for emulating ABI behavior of previous Linux
150
          → versions: */
```

```
unsigned int
                                    personality;
151
152
         /* Scheduler bits, serialized by scheduler locks: */
153
                                sched reset on fork:1;
         unsigned
         unsigned
                                sched contributes to load:1;
155
         unsigned
                                sched migrated:1;
156
     #ifdef CONFIG PSI
157
         unsigned
                                sched psi wake requeue:1;
158
     #endif
159
160
         /* Force alignment to the next boundary: */
161
         unsigned
                                :0;
162
163
         /* Unserialized, strictly 'current' */
164
165
          /*
166
           * This field must not be in the scheduler word above
167
           \rightarrow due to wakelist
           * queueing no longer being serialized by p->on cpu.
168
           → However:
169
           * p \rightarrow XXX = X;
                                      ttwu()
170
           * schedule()
                                        if (p->on rq && ..) //
           → false
             smp mb after spinlock();
172
              (smp load acquire(&p->on cpu) && //true
           * deactivate task()
173
              ttwu queue wakelist())
               p->on rq = 0;
                                            p->sched remote wakeup
174
              = Y;
175
           * quarantees all stores of 'current' are visible
           → before
           * ->sched remote wakeup gets used, so it can be in
177
           \rightarrow this word.
           * /
178
         unsigned
                                sched remote wakeup:1;
180
         /* Bit to tell LSMs we're in execve(): */
181
                                in execve:1;
         unsigned
182
         unsigned
                                in iowait:1;
```

```
#ifndef TIF RESTORE SIGMASK
184
         unsigned
                               restore sigmask:1;
185
     #endif
186
     #ifdef CONFIG MEMCG
         unsigned
                               in user fault:1;
188
     #endif
189
     #ifdef CONFIG COMPAT BRK
190
         unsigned
                               brk randomized:1;
191
     #endif
192
     #ifdef CONFIG CGROUPS
193
         /* disallow userland-initiated cgroup migration */
194
                     no cgroup migration:1;
         unsigned
195
         /* task is frozen/stopped (used by the cgroup freezer)

→ * /
         unsigned
                               frozen:1;
197
     #endif
198
     #ifdef CONFIG BLK CGROUP
199
         unsigned
                               use memdelay:1;
     #endif
201
     #ifdef CONFIG PSI
202
         /* Stalled due to lack of memory */
203
         unsigned
                              in memstall:1;
204
     #endif
     #ifdef CONFIG PAGE OWNER
206
         /* Used by page owner=on to detect recursion in page
207
          → tracking. */
         unsigned
                              in page owner:1;
208
     #endif
     #ifdef CONFIG EVENTFD
210
         /* Recursion prevention for eventfd signal() */
211
         unsigned
                               in eventfd signal:1;
212
     #endif
213
214
         unsigned long
                                    atomic flags; /* Flags
215
          → requiring atomic access. */
216
         struct restart block restart block;
218
         pid t
                                pid;
219
         pid t
                                tgid;
220
221
```

```
#ifdef CONFIG STACKPROTECTOR
222
         /* Canary value for the -fstack-protector GCC feature:
223
         unsigned long
                                    stack canary;
224
     #endif
225
         /*
226
          * Pointers to the (original) parent process, youngest
227

→ child, younger sibling,

          * older sibling, respectively. (p->father can be
228
           → replaced with
          * p->real parent->pid)
229
230
         /* Real parent process: */
232
         struct task struct rcu *real parent;
233
234
         /* Recipient of SIGCHLD, wait4() reports: */
235
         struct task struct rcu *parent;
237
         /*
238
          * Children/sibling form the list of natural children:
239
          */
240
         struct list head
                                   children;
         struct list head
                                  sibling;
242
         struct task struct
                                   *group leader;
243
244
         /*
245
          * 'ptraced' is the list of tasks this task is using
           → ptrace() on.
247
          * This includes both natural children and
248
           → PTRACE ATTACH targets.
          * 'ptrace entry' is this task's link on the
249

→ p->parent->ptraced list.

          * /
250
         struct list head
                                 ptraced;
251
         struct list head
                                  ptrace entry;
253
         /* PID/PID hash table linkage. */
254
         struct pid
                                 *thread pid;
255
         struct hlist node
                                   pid links[PIDTYPE MAX];
```

```
struct list head
                                    thread group;
257
          struct list head
                                     thread node;
258
259
                                      *vfork done;
          struct completion
260
261
          /* CLONE CHILD SETTID: */
262
                                   *set child tid;
          int user
263
264
          /* CLONE CHILD CLEARTID: */
265
          int user
                                   *clear child tid;
266
267
          /* PF IO WORKER */
268
                                 *pf io worker;
          void
269
270
          u64
                               utime;
271
          u64
                               stime;
272
     #ifdef CONFIG ARCH HAS SCALED CPUTIME
273
          u64
                               utimescaled;
          u64
                               stimescaled;
275
     #endif
276
         u64
                               gtime;
277
          struct prev cputime
                                        prev cputime;
278
     #ifdef CONFIG VIRT CPU ACCOUNTING GEN
          struct vtime
                                     vtime;
280
     #endif
281
282
     #ifdef CONFIG NO HZ FULL
          atomic t
                                tick dep mask;
     #endif
285
          /* Context switch counts: */
286
          unsigned long
                                      nvcsw;
287
          unsigned long
                                      nivcsw;
289
          /* Monotonic time in nsecs: */
290
          u64
                               start time;
291
292
          /* Boot based time in nsecs: */
          u64
                               start boottime;
294
295
          /* MM fault and swap info: this can arguably be seen
296
          → as either mm-specific or thread-specific: */
```

```
unsigned long
                                  min flt;
297
         unsigned long
                                 maj flt;
298
299
         /* Empty if CONFIG POSIX CPUTIMERS=n */
         struct posix cputimers
                                  posix cputimers;
301
302
     #ifdef CONFIG POSIX CPU TIMERS TASK WORK
303
         struct posix cputimers work posix cputimers work;
     #endif
305
306
         /* Process credentials: */
307
308
         /* Tracer's credentials at attach: */
         const struct cred rcu
                                     *ptracer cred;
310
311
         /* Objective and real subjective task credentials
312
         → (COW): */
         const struct cred rcu *real cred;
314
         /* Effective (overridable) subjective task credentials
315
         → (COW): */
         const struct cred rcu
                                  *cred;
316
     #ifdef CONFIG KEYS
318
         /* Cached requested key. */
319
         struct key
                              *cached requested key;
320
     #endif
321
         /*
323
          * executable name, excluding path.
324
325
          * - normally initialized setup new exec()
          * - access it with [gs]et task comm()
327
          * - lock it with task lock()
328
         * /
329
         char
                              comm[TASK COMM LEN];
330
         struct nameidata
                                  *nameidata;
332
333
     #ifdef CONFIG SYSVIPC
334
         struct sysv sem
                                    sysvsem;
```

```
struct sysv shm
                                   sysvshm;
336
    #endif
337
     #ifdef CONFIG DETECT HUNG TASK
338
        unsigned long
                                 last switch count;
        unsigned long
                                 last switch time;
340
     #endif
341
        /* Filesystem information: */
342
        struct fs struct
343
344
        /* Open file information: */
345
        struct files struct
                                   *files;
346
347
    #ifdef CONFIG IO URING
        struct io uring task *io uring;
    #endif
350
351
        /* Namespaces: */
352
        struct nsproxy
                                  *nsproxy;
354
        /* Signal handlers: */
355
        struct signal struct
                               *signal;
356
        struct sighand struct rcu
                                           *sighand;
357
        sigset t
                            blocked;
        sigset t
                            real blocked;
359
        /* Restored if set restore sigmask() was used: */
360
        sigset t
                            saved sigmask;
361
        struct sigpending pending;
362
        unsigned long
                                sas ss sp;
        size t
                             sas ss size;
364
        unsigned int
                               sas ss flags;
365
        struct callback head
                                   *task works;
368
    #ifdef CONFIG AUDIT
369
    #ifdef CONFIG AUDITSYSCALL
370
        371
    #endif
        kuid t
                              loginuid;
373
        unsigned int
                                sessionid;
374
     #endif
375
        struct seccomp
                                 seccomp;
```

```
struct syscall user dispatch syscall dispatch;
377
378
         /* Thread group tracking: */
379
         u64
                              parent exec id;
380
         u64
                              self exec id;
381
382
         /* Protection against (de-)allocation: mm, files, fs,
383

→ tty, keyrings, mems allowed, mempolicy: */
         spinlock t
                                 alloc lock;
384
385
         /* Protection of the PI data structures: */
386
         raw spinlock t
                                     pi lock;
387
388
         struct wake q node
                                      wake q;
389
390
     #ifdef CONFIG RT MUTEXES
391
         /* PI waiters blocked on a rt mutex held by this task:
392

→ * /
         struct rb root cached
                                        pi waiters;
393
         /* Updated under owner's pi lock and rq lock */
394
         struct task struct
                                      *pi top task;
395
         /* Deadlock detection and priority inheritance
396
          → handling: */
                                         *pi blocked on;
         struct rt mutex waiter
397
     #endif
398
399
     #ifdef CONFIG DEBUG MUTEXES
         /* Mutex deadlock detection: */
                                *blocked on;
         struct mutex waiter
402
     #endif
403
404
     #ifdef CONFIG DEBUG ATOMIC SLEEP
         int
                              non block count;
406
     #endif
407
408
     #ifdef CONFIG TRACE IRQFLAGS
409
         struct irqtrace events
                                          irqtrace;
                                   hardirq threaded;
         unsigned int
411
                              hardirq chain key;
         u64
412
         int
                              softirqs enabled;
413
         int
                              softirg context;
414
```

```
int
                              irq config;
415
     #endif
416
     #ifdef CONFIG PREEMPT RT
417
         int
                              softirg disable cnt;
     #endif
419
420
     #ifdef CONFIG LOCKDEP
421
     # define MAX LOCK DEPTH
                                           48UL
         u64
                              curr chain key;
         int
                              lockdep depth;
424
         unsigned int
                                   lockdep recursion;
425
         struct held lock
                                   held locks[MAX LOCK DEPTH];
426
     #endif
428
     #if defined(CONFIG UBSAN) && !defined(CONFIG UBSAN TRAP)
429
         unsigned int
                                    in ubsan;
430
     #endif
431
         /* Journalling filesystem info: */
433
                               *journal info;
         void
434
435
         /* Stacked block device info: */
436
         struct bio list
                                       *bio list;
438
         /* Stack plugging: */
439
         struct blk plug
                                       *pluq;
440
441
         /* VM state: */
         struct reclaim state
                                    *reclaim state;
443
444
         struct backing dev info
                                           *backing dev info;
445
         struct io context *io context;
447
448
     #ifdef CONFIG COMPACTION
449
         struct capture control
                                        *capture control;
450
     #endif
         /* Ptrace state: */
452
         unsigned long
                                    ptrace message;
453
         kernel siginfo t
                                 *last siginfo;
454
```

```
struct task io accounting
456
     #ifdef CONFIG PSI
457
         /* Pressure stall state */
458
         unsigned int
                                   psi flags;
     #endif
460
     #ifdef CONFIG TASK XACCT
461
         /* Accumulated RSS usage: */
462
         u64
                              acct rss mem1;
463
         /* Accumulated virtual memory usage: */
464
                              acct vm mem1;
         u64
465
         /* stime + utime since last update: */
466
                             acct timexpd;
467
     #endif
468
     #ifdef CONFIG CPUSETS
469
         /* Protected by ->alloc lock: */
470
                                mems allowed;
         nodemask t
471
         /* Sequence number to catch updates: */
472
         seqcount spinlock t
                                      mems allowed seq;
         int
                              cpuset mem spread rotor;
474
         int
                              cpuset slab spread rotor;
475
     #endif
476
     #ifdef CONFIG CGROUPS
477
         /* Control Group info protected by css set lock: */
         struct css set rcu
                                       *cgroups;
479
         /* cg list protected by css set lock and
480

    tsk->alloc lock: */

         struct list head
                                   cg list;
481
     #endif
     #ifdef CONFIG X86 CPU RESCTRL
483
         u32
                              closid;
484
         1132
                              rmid;
485
     #endif
     #ifdef CONFIG FUTEX
487
         struct robust list head user *robust list;
488
     #ifdef CONFIG COMPAT
489
         struct compat robust list head user
490

    *compat robust list;

     #endif
491
         struct list head
                                   pi state list;
492
         struct futex pi state
                                         *pi state cache;
493
         struct mutex
                                   futex exit mutex;
```

```
unsigned int
                                   futex state;
495
     #endif
496
     #ifdef CONFIG PERF EVENTS
497
         struct
          → perf event context *perf event ctxp[perf nr task dontext
         struct mutex
                                   perf event mutex;
499
         struct list head
                                   perf event list;
500
     #endif
501
     #ifdef CONFIG DEBUG PREEMPT
502
         unsigned long
                                   preempt disable ip;
503
     #endif
504
     #ifdef CONFIG NUMA
505
         /* Protected by alloc lock: */
         struct mempolicy
                                   *mempolicy;
507
         short
                                il prev;
508
         short
                                pref node fork;
509
     #endif
510
     #ifdef CONFIG NUMA BALANCING
         int
                              numa scan seq;
512
         unsigned int
                                  numa scan period;
513
         unsigned int
                                  numa scan period max;
514
         int
                             numa preferred nid;
515
         unsigned long
                                    numa migrate retry;
516
         /* Migration stamp: */
517
         u64
                              node stamp;
518
         u64
                              last task numa placement;
519
         u64
                              last sum exec runtime;
520
         struct callback head
                                       numa work;
522
         /*
523
          * This pointer is only modified for current in
524

→ syscall and

          * pagefault context (and for tasks being destroyed),
525
           → so it can be read
          * from any of the following contexts:
526
          * - RCU read-side critical section
527
          * - current->numa group from everywhere
          * - task's runqueue locked, task not running
529
          * /
530
         struct numa group rcu
                                          *numa group;
531
532
```

```
533
           * numa faults is an array split into four regions:
534
           * faults memory, faults cpu, faults memory buffer,
535
           → faults cpu buffer
           * in this precise order.
536
537
           * faults memory: Exponential decaying average of
538
            \rightarrow faults on a per-node
           * basis. Scheduling placement decisions are made
539
           \rightarrow based on these
           * counts. The values remain static for the duration
540
           \rightarrow of a PTE scan.
           * faults cpu: Track the nodes the process was running
           \hookrightarrow on when a NUMA
           * hinting fault was incurred.
542
           * faults memory buffer and faults cpu buffer: Record
543
            \rightarrow faults per node
           * during the current scan window. When the scan
           \hookrightarrow completes, the counts
           * in faults memory and faults cpu decay and these
545
            → values are copied.
           */
546
          unsigned long
                                     *numa faults;
547
         unsigned long
                                      total numa faults;
548
549
          /*
550
           * numa faults locality tracks if faults recorded

    during the last

           * scan window were remote/local or failed to migrate.
552
           \hookrightarrow The task scan
           * period is adapted based on the locality of the
553

→ faults with different

           * weights depending on whether they were shared or
554
            → private faults
           * /
555
         unsigned long
                                     numa faults locality[3];
556
         unsigned long
                                      numa pages migrated;
558
     #endif /* CONFIG NUMA BALANCING */
559
560
     #ifdef CONFIG RSEQ
```

```
struct rseq __user *rseq;
562
          u32 rseq sig;
563
          /*
           * RmW on rseq event mask must be performed atomically
565
           * with respect to preemption.
566
           * /
567
          unsigned long rseq event mask;
568
     #endif
569
570
          struct tlbflush unmap batch tlb ubc;
571
572
          union {
573
              refcount t
                                 rcu users;
              struct rcu head
                                         rcu;
575
          };
576
577
          /* Cache last used pipe for splice(): */
578
          struct pipe inode info
                                            *splice pipe;
580
          struct page frag
                                     task frag;
581
582
     #ifdef CONFIG TASK DELAY ACCT
583
          struct task delay info
                                           *delays;
584
     #endif
585
586
     #ifdef CONFIG FAULT INJECTION
587
          int
                               make it fail;
          unsigned int
                                     fail nth;
589
     #endif
590
          /*
591
           * When (nr dirtied >= nr dirtied pause), it's time to
592
           \hookrightarrow call
           * balance dirty pages() for a dirty throttling pause:
593
           * /
594
                               nr dirtied;
          int
595
                               nr dirtied pause;
          int
596
          /* Start of a write-and-pause period: */
          unsigned long
                                      dirty paused when;
598
599
     #ifdef CONFIG LATENCYTOP
600
          int
                                latency record count;
601
```

```
struct
602
                                     latency record[LT SAVECOUNT];
          → latency record
     #endif
603
         /*
          * Time slack values; these are used to round up
605
           \rightarrow poll() and
          * select() etc timeout values. These are in
606
             nanoseconds.
          */
607
                              timer slack ns;
         u64
608
         u64
                              default timer slack ns;
609
610
     #if defined(CONFIG KASAN GENERIC) ||

→ defined(CONFIG KASAN SW TAGS)

         unsigned int
                                   kasan depth;
612
     #endif
613
614
     #ifdef CONFIG KCSAN
         struct kcsan ctx
                                   kcsan ctx;
616
     #ifdef CONFIG TRACE IRQFLAGS
617
         struct irqtrace events
                                    kcsan save irqtrace;
618
     #endif
619
     #endif
620
621
     #if IS ENABLED (CONFIG KUNIT)
622
         struct kunit
                                   *kunit test;
623
     #endif
624
     #ifdef CONFIG FUNCTION GRAPH TRACER
626
         /* Index of current stored address in ret stack: */
627
         int
                              curr ret stack;
628
         int
                              curr ret depth;
629
630
         /* Stack of return addresses for return function
631
          → tracing: */
         struct ftrace ret stack
                                          *ret stack;
632
         /* Timestamp for last schedule: */
634
         unsigned long long ftrace timestamp;
635
636
         /*
```

```
* Number of functions that haven't been traced
638
           * because of depth overrun:
639
           * /
640
         atomic t
                                trace overrun;
642
          /* Pause tracing: */
643
         atomic t
                                tracing graph pause;
644
     #endif
645
646
     #ifdef CONFIG TRACING
647
          /* State flags for use by tracers: */
648
         unsigned long
                                      trace;
649
650
          /* Bitmask and counter of trace recursion: */
651
         unsigned long
                                     trace recursion;
652
     #endif /* CONFIG TRACING */
653
     #ifdef CONFIG KCOV
          /* See kernel/kcov.c for more details. */
656
657
          /* Coverage collection mode enabled for this task (0
658

    if disabled): */
         unsigned int
                                    kcov mode;
659
660
         /* Size of the kcov area: */
661
         unsigned int
                                    kcov size;
662
          /* Buffer for coverage collection: */
                                *kcov area;
         void
665
666
          /* KCOV descriptor wired with this task or NULL: */
667
         struct kcov
                                   *kcov;
669
          /* KCOV common handle for remote coverage collection:
670
                               kcov handle;
         u64
671
          /* KCOV sequence number: */
673
         int
                               kcov sequence;
674
675
          /* Collect coverage from softirg context: */
```

```
unsigned int
                                 kcov softirq;
677
     #endif
678
679
     #ifdef CONFIG MEMCG
         struct mem cgroup
                                   *memcg in oom;
681
         gfp t
                              memcg oom gfp mask;
682
         int
                             memcg oom order;
683
684
         /* Number of pages to reclaim on returning to
685
         → userland: */
         unsigned int
                                  memcg nr pages over high;
686
687
         /* Used by memcontrol for targeted memcg charge: */
         struct mem cgroup
                                  *active memcg;
689
     #endif
690
691
     #ifdef CONFIG BLK CGROUP
         struct request queue *throttle queue;
     #endif
694
695
     #ifdef CONFIG UPROBES
696
         struct uprobe task *utask;
697
     #endif
     #if defined(CONFIG BCACHE) | |

→ defined(CONFIG BCACHE MODULE)

         unsigned int
                                 sequential io;
700
         unsigned int
                                  sequential io avg;
     #endif
         struct kmap ctrl
                                  kmap ctrl;
703
     #ifdef CONFIG DEBUG ATOMIC SLEEP
704
         unsigned long
                                   task state change;
705
     # ifdef CONFIG PREEMPT RT
         unsigned long
                                  saved state change;
     # endif
708
     #endif
709
                            pagefault disabled;
         int
710
     #ifdef CONFIG MMU
                                  *oom reaper list;
         struct task struct
712
     #endif
713
     #ifdef CONFIG VMAP_STACK
         struct vm struct
                                 *stack vm area;
```

```
#endif
716
     #ifdef CONFIG THREAD INFO IN TASK
717
         /* A live task holds one reference: */
718
         refcount t
                                stack refcount;
     #endif
720
     #ifdef CONFIG LIVEPATCH
721
         int patch state;
722
     #endif
723
     #ifdef CONFIG SECURITY
         /* Used by LSM modules for access restriction: */
725
                               *security;
726
     #endif
727
     #ifdef CONFIG BPF SYSCALL
         /* Used by BPF task local storage */
729
         struct bpf local storage rcu *bpf storage;
730
         /* Used for BPF run context */
731
         struct bpf run ctx *bpf ctx;
732
     #endif
734
     #ifdef CONFIG GCC PLUGIN STACKLEAK
735
         unsigned long
                                    lowest stack;
736
         unsigned long
                                    prev lowest stack;
737
     #endif
739
     #ifdef CONFIG X86 MCE
740
         void user
                                 *mce vaddr;
741
         __u64
                               mce kflags;
         u64
                              mce addr;
                                mce ripv : 1,
         u64
744
                          mce whole page : 1,
745
                           mce reserved : 62;
746
         struct callback head
                                      mce kill me;
         int
                             mce count;
748
     #endif
749
750
     #ifdef CONFIG KRETPROBES
751
         struct llist head
                                            kretprobe instances;
     #endif
753
754
     #ifdef CONFIG ARCH HAS PARANOID L1D FLUSH
755
         /*
```

```
* If L1D flush is supported on mm context switch
757
           * then we use this callback head to queue kill work
758
          * to kill tasks that are not running on SMT disabled
759
          * cores
760
          */
761
          struct callback head
                                        lld flush kill;
762
     #endif
763
          /*
765
          * New fields for task struct should be added above
766
           \rightarrow here, so that
           * they are included in the randomized portion of
767

→ task struct.

           */
768
         randomized struct fields end
769
770
          /* CPU-specific state of this task: */
771
          struct thread struct
                                        thread;
773
          /*
774
           * WARNING: on x86, 'thread struct' contains a
775
           → variable-sized
           * structure. It *MUST* be at the end of
           → 'task struct'.
777
           * Do not put anything below here!
778
           */
779
     };
780
```