

01. Fill in the gaps using clues from the boxes. There are more words than necessary:

[R.B-16]

many (অনেক)	accidents (দুর্ঘটনা)	roads (রাস্তাঘাট)	injured (আহত)	one (এক/একজন)	city (নগরী)
in (মধ্যে)	invention (উদ্ভাবন)	safely (নিরাপদে)	cope (পেরে ওঠা)	the (টি/টা/খানা/খানি)	Life (জীবন)

Road accidents are daily occurrences (a) _____ modern city life. Every year (b) _____ people lose their lives and many more are (c) _____. Before the (d) _____ of automobiles people moved from (e) _____ place to another slowly but (f) _____. The real causes of road (g) _____ lie with drivers, not with (h) _____ transports. In some cities, the (i) _____ are narrow. These can hardly (j) _____ with the increasing number of traffic.

02. Fill in the gaps using clues from the boxes. There are more words than necessary:

[Dij.B-17]

Trees (গাছপালা)	friends (বন্ধু)	they (তারা/এগুলো)	Nature (প্রকৃতি)	Influenced (প্রভাবিত হয়েছিলো)	close (বন্ধ করা)
fertile (উর্বর)	shelter (আশ্রয়)	of	are	save (রক্ষা করা)	in (মধ্যে)

Trees are gifts of (a) _____. They are our great (b) _____ and useful to us (c) _____ many ways. The climate (d) _____ a country is greatly (e) _____ by trees. So more (f) _____ should be planted. Trees (g) _____ needed for various purposes. (h) _____ give us food and (i) _____. They make the land (j) _____ and save it from erosion.

03. Fill in the gaps using clues from the boxes. There are more words than necessary:

[C.B-17]

generously (উদারভাবে)	easily (সহজে)	wealth (সম্পদ)	Think (চিন্তা করা)	who (কে/যে/কারা/যারা)	have (থাকা)
Soil (মাটি)	soft (নরম)	which (যেটি)	tools (যন্ত্রপাতি)	Rocky (শিলাময়)	also(ও)

Nature has given her (a) _____ to us more(b) _____ than to many other countries of the world. (c) _____ about our land. It is (d) _____ and fertile. Our farmers (e) _____ have only simple handmade (f) _____ can easily dig, plough and prepare the soil with them whereas soil (g) _____ is hard and (h) _____ cannot be (i) _____ dug and ploughed. We (j) _____ a great natural advantages too.

04. Fill in the gaps using clues from the boxes. There are more words than necessary:

[R.B-17]

Long (লম্বা/দীর্ঘ)	labour (পরিশ্রম)	daily (প্রাত্যহিক)	disease (রোগ)	Invented (আবিষ্কার করেছিলো)	life (জীবন)
Science (বিজ্ঞান)	made (তৈরি করলো)	work (কাজ করা)	by (দ্বারা)	on (উপরে)	over (উপরে)

Computer was not (a) _____ overnight. It took (b) _____ time and hard(c) to invent computer. Computer cannot (d) _____ itself. It works (e) _____ the basis of command given (f) _____ the operator. It is used in our (g) _____ life for various purposes. It has lessened our work loads and (h) _____ our life easy. Nowadays the doctors use computers to diagnose a (i) _____ and save valuable (j) _____.

05. Fill in the gaps using clues from the boxes. There are more words than necessary:

Community (সম্প্রদায়)	This (এই)	eradication (উচ্ছেদ/ দূরীকরণ)	thought (চিন্তা করা)	assist (সাহায্য করা)	is
Challenge (সহকর্মী)	people (জনগণ)	the (টি/টা/খানা/খানি)	literacy (নিরক্ষরতা)	country (দেশ)	illiteracy (নিরক্ষতা)

Inability to read and write is (a) _____. It hinders all development works of (b) _____ government. The literacy rate of Bangladesh (c) _____ still low. We have to increase (d) _____ rate for the development of the (e) _____. The whole development cannot be (f) _____ of keeping the large number of (g) _____ illiterate. Government alone cannot meet this (h) _____ without the participation of the literate (i) _____. To assist the government for the (j) _____ of illiteracy is a social responsibility.

06. Fill in the gaps using clues from the boxes. There are more words than necessary:

[Ctg.B-18]

in	suffers (ভোগে)	Blessed (আশীর্বাদপুষ্ট)	all	Even (এমনকি)	hated (গৃণীত)
honest (সৎ)	a	virtue (গুণ)	peace (শান্তি)	it	but (কিন্তু)

Honesty is a great (a) _____. The man who possessed (b) _____ is said to be (c) _____. He is respected by (d) _____ and hated by none (e) _____ a dishonest man cannot (f) _____ respect him. Endowed with (g) _____ clear conscience, he enjoys (h) _____ of mind. Though he (i) _____ at times, he succeeds (j) _____ the long run and becomes happy.

07. Fill in the gaps using clues from the boxes. There are more words than necessary:

[RB-18]

countries (দেশসমূহ)	travel (ভ্রমণ করা)	learnt (শিখেছিলো)	through (মধ্য দিয়ে)	long (দীর্ঘ)	into (মধ্যে)
traveller (ভ্রমণকারী)	natural (প্রাকৃতিক)	abroad (বিদেশে)	education (শিক্ষা)	learn (শেখা)	domain (রাজ্য)

Travelling is very interesting. It is a part of (a) _____. From travelling a traveler can (b) _____ many funny things and enjoy (c) _____ beauties. Travelling gives us knowledge of home and (d) Ibna Batuta was a great (e) _____. In his life he travelled many (f) _____ and from travelling he also (g) _____ many things. So students should (h) _____ their level best to widen the (i) _____ of their practical knowledge (j) _____ travelling.

08. Fill in the gaps using clues from the boxes. There are more words than necessary:

[Mymen.B-19]

in	suffers (ভোগে)	Blessed (আশীর্বাদপুষ্ট)	all	Even (এমনকি)	hated (গৃণীত)
honest (সৎ)	a	virtue (গুণ)	peace (শান্তি)	it	but (কিন্তু)

Education is compared to light. Proper education provides a learner with (a) _____ to improve all his talent. Its (b) _____ is perfect development mentally so that (c) _____ can be useful to himself and (d) _____ the society. An educated man is (e) _____ but he can also assist others (f) _____ attaining this great virtue. He is (g) _____ to be well-mannered, kind and (h) _____. So, a man who has acquired (i) _____ and skill only for his material (j) _____ cannot be called a truly educated man.

09. Fill in the gaps using clues from the boxes. There are more words than necessary:

[S.B-19]

Principal (প্রধান)	valuable (মূল্যবান)	student (ছাত্র)	and (এবং)	boys (বালকরা)	study (পড়ালেখা করা)
season(ঋতু)	sown (বোনা)	be (হওয়া)	time (সময়)	successful (সফল)	success (সফলতা)

Student life is the most useful and (a) _____ period in a man's life. This is the (b) _____ when the seeds of future life are (c) _____. For this, it is called the sowing (d) _____ in our life. During this period a (e) _____ has to do certain things to be (f) _____ and happy in his future life. The (g) _____ duty of a student is to study (h) _____ acquire knowledge on various things. He must (i) _____ according to a routine. He has to (j) _____ attentive to his studies and teachers. He should also read newspapers, magazines literature, history etc.

10. Fill in the gaps using clues from the boxes. There are more words than necessary:

[B.B-19]

lack (অভাব)	disease (রোগ)	clean (পরিষ্কার করা)	cure (প্রতিকার)	diseases (রোগসমূহ)	to (প্রতি/দিকে)
aware (সচেতন)	stagnant (বদ্ধ)	containers (ধারন করে)	by (দ্বারা)	garbage (আবর্জনা)	remembered (স্মরণ করেছিল)

Dengue fever is one of the fatal (a) _____. Dengue mosquitoes thrive in areas with (b) _____ water specially in water tanks, old tyres and (c) _____ etc. (d) _____ of sanitation and negligence of (e) _____ collection also contribute (f) _____ spread the disease. So, at the household level, people need to be (g) _____ of these issues and keep their houses (h) _____. It should be (i) _____ that " prevention is better than (j) _____."

11. Fill in the gaps using clues from the boxes. There are more words than necessary:

[Ctg.B-19]

damage (ক্ষতি)	effect (প্রভাব)	sediment (পলি)	deforestation (বননিধন)	protection (নিরাপত্তা)	forest land (বনভূমি)
cut (কাটা)	habitat (বাসিন্দা)	flood (বন্যা)	causes (কারণ হওয়া)	insecurity (নিরাপত্তাহীনতা)	repair (মেরামত করা)

The most common causes of (a) _____ are cutting and burning the (b) _____. Though the forest lands are (c) _____ down and burnt for the sake of agriculture and (d) _____. it has a negative (e) _____ on the environment. The removal of trees (f) _____ the birds and other animals living on them leave the place. It also causes serious (g) _____ to the soil, as trees give (h) _____ to soil. In the end, the soil gets (i) _____ in the river bed and causes frequent (j) _____.

12. Fill in the gaps using clues from the boxes. There are more words than necessary:

[CB-19 , CB-16, RB-14]

oxygen (অক্সিজেন)	us (আমাদেরকে)	so (সুতরাং)	it (এটি)	we (আমরা)	the (টি/টা/থানা/খানি)
unhealth (অস্বাস্থ্যকর)	called (নামে)	are (হয়)	good (ভালো)	men (মানুষ)	excellent (চমৎকার)

Nature has made an (a) _____ arrangement between trees and (b) _____. As we breathe out, (c) _____ give out a gas (d) _____ carbon dioxide which is (e) _____ for us but plants (f) _____ nourished by it. On (g) _____ contrary, plants give out (h) _____, which is (i) _____ for us. We take (j) _____ in as we breathe the fresh air.

13. Fill in the gaps using clues from the boxes. There are more words than

necessary:

[ডিB-19]

made (তৈরি)	through (মাধ্যমে)	depends (নির্ভর)	powerful (শক্তিশালী)	dispute (বিরোধ/বিতর্ক)	send (পাঠানো)
increase (বৃদ্ধি করা)	goes (যায়)	happen (ঘটা)	using (ব্যবহার)	used (ব্যবহৃত)	mode (ধরন)

At present, the internet is the most (a) _____ communication system. For personal, academic, business and social communication, the internet is the strongest (b) _____ of communication. It has (c) _____ our communication faster, easier and cheaper. The internet is (d) _____ for personal and social communication. People can (e) _____ e-mail and chat on the internet. E-mail is a private communication and (f) _____ from one user to another. On the other hand, online chat can (g) _____ between two people or between groups. Business communication largely (h) _____ on the internet. Our banks are providing different services (i) _____ the internet. Now, we can do all banking works by (j) _____ the internet.

1. Answers:

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| (a) in | (f) safely |
| (b) many | (g) accidents |
| (c) injured | (h) the |
| (d) invention | (i) roads |
| (e) one | (j) cope |

2. Answers:

- | | |
|----------------|-------------|
| (a) nature | (f) trees |
| (b) friends | (g) are |
| (c) in | (h) They |
| (d) of | (i) shelter |
| (e) influenced | (j) fertile |

3. Answers:

- | | |
|----------------|------------|
| (a) wealth | (f) tools |
| (b) generously | (g) which |
| (c) Think | (h) rocky |
| (d) soft | (i) easily |
| (e) who | (j) have |

4. Answers:

- | | |
|--------------|-------------|
| (a) invented | (f) by |
| (b) long | (g) daily |
| (c) labour | (h) made |
| (d) work | (i) disease |
| (e) on | (j) life |

5. Answers:

- | | |
|----------------|-----------------|
| (a) illiteracy | (f) thought |
| (b) the | (g) people |
| (c) is | (h) challenge |
| (d) this | (i) community |
| (e) country | (j) eradication |

6. Answers:

- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| (a) virtue | (f) but |
| (b) it | (g) a |
| (c) honest | (h) peace |
| (d) all | (i) suffers |
| (e) Even | (j) in |

7. Answers:

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| (a) education | (f) countries |
| (b) learn | (g) learnt |
| (c) natural | (h) travel |
| (d) abroad | (i) domain |
| (e) traveller | (j) through |

8. Answers:

- | | |
|------------------|-----------------|
| (a) opportunity | (f) in |
| (b) aim | (g) supposed |
| (c) he | (h) sympathetic |
| (d) to | (i) knowledge |
| (e) self-reliant | (j) development |

9. Answers:

- | | |
|--------------|----------------|
| (a) valuable | (f) successful |
| (b) time | (g) principal |
| (c) sown | (h) and |
| (d) season | (i) study |
| (e) student | (j) be |

10. Answers:

- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| (a) diseases | (f) to |
| (b) stagnant | (g) aware |
| (c) containers | (h) clean |
| (d) Lack | (i) remembered |
| (e) garbage | (j) cure |

11. Answers:

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------|
| (a) deforestation | (f) causes |
| (b) Forest land | (g) damage |
| (c) cut | (h) protection |
| (d) habitat | (i) sediment |
| (e) effect | (j) flood |

12. Answers:

- | | |
|---------------|------------|
| (a) excellent | (f) are |
| (b) men | (g) the |
| (c) we | (h) oxygen |
| (d) called | (i) good |
| (e) unhealthy | (j) it |

13. Answers:

(a) powerful

(b) mode

(c) made

(d) used

(e) send

(f) goes

(g) happen

(h) depends

(i) through

(j) using

