

Green University of Bangladesh

Department of Computer Science and Engineering (CSE)

Faculty of Sciences and Engineering Semester: Summer 2022, B.Sc. in CSE (DAY)

LAB REPORT NO # 06

Course Title: Data Structure Lab
Course Code: CSE 106 Section: CSE 213 - DA (PC)

Lab Experiment Name(s):

 Implement a BST and traverse the tree using Pre-order, inorder and Post-order (by taking user choice) Traversal using linked list

Student Details

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Submission Date: 23 August 2022

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[For Teacher's use only: Don't write anything inside this box]

Lab Report Status

Marks:	Signature:
Comments:	Date:

1. TITLE OF THE LAB EXPERIMENT

Write a C program to Implement a BST and traverse the tree using Pre-order, inorder and Post-order (by taking user choice) Traversal using linked list

2. OBJECTIVES

Implement insertion of BST and Traverse them

3. PROCEDURE/ ANALYSIS / DESIGN

Algorithm of insertion	Algorithm of traverse In-order
<pre>if(node==NULL){ return newnode(key); } if(node->data > key) node->left = insert(node- >left,key); else if(node->data < key) node->right = insert(node- >right,key); return node;</pre>	<pre>if (root != NULL) inorder(root->left); printf("%d \n", root->data); inorder(root->right);</pre>
Algorithm of traverse pre-order	Algorithm of traverse Post-order
<pre>if (root != NULL) { printf("%d \n", root->data); inorder(root->left); inorder(root->right); }</pre>	<pre>if (root != NULL) inorder(root->left); inorder(root->right); printf("%d \n", root->data);</pre>

4. IMPLEMENTATION & TEST RESULT

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
 2 #include <stdlib.h>
 4 → struct node {
     int item;
 5
  6 struct node* left;
      struct node* right;
 8 };
 10
 11 - void inorderTraversal(struct node* root) {
 12  if (root == NULL) return;
 13 inorderTraversal(root->left);
 14 printf("%d ->", root->item);
 15 inorderTraversal(root->right);
 16 }
 17
 18
 19 - void preorderTraversal(struct node* root) {
 20
    if (root == NULL) return;
 21 printf("%d ->", root->item);
 22 preorderTraversal(root->left);
 23 preorderTraversal(root->right);
 24 }
 25
 26
 27 - void postorderTraversal(struct node* root) {
 28  if (root == NULL) return;
 29 postorderTraversal(root->left);
 30 postorderTraversal(root->right);
      printf("%d ->", root->item);
 32 }
```

```
34 * struct node* createNode(value) {
    struct node* newNode = malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    newNode->item = value;
36
37
     newNode->left = NULL;
38
     newNode->right = NULL;
39
40
    return newNode;
41 }
42 * struct node* insertLeft(struct node* root, int value) {
    root->left = createNode(value);
    return root->left;
45 }
46 * struct node* insertRight(struct node* root, int value) {
47 root->right = createNode(value);
48
     return root->right;
49 }
50 - int main() {
51    struct node* root = createNode(1);
52 insertLeft(root, 12);
53
    insertRight(root, 9);
54
55
    insertLeft(root->left, 5);
56
     insertRight(root->left, 6);
57
58
    printf("Inorder traversal \n");
59
     inorderTraversal(root);
60
61 printf("\nPreorder traversal \n");
62
     preorderTraversal(root);
63
     printf("\nPostorder traversal \n");
64
65
     postorderTraversal(root);
66 }
```

4. IMPLEMENTATION & TEST RESULT

Output /tmp/9U3GdR8Onb.o Inorder traversal 5 ->12 ->6 ->1 ->9 -> Preorder traversal 1 ->12 ->5 ->6 ->9 -> Postorder traversal 5 ->6 ->12 ->9 ->1 ->

6. ANALYSIS AND DISCUSSION

1)	This problem is solved by using c program. In this program we implement insertion of
	Binary Search Tree. And Traverse in In-Order, Pre-order, Post-Order.

7. SUMMARY

1. We complete this problem in c programming language.