✓ Congratulations! You passed!

TO PASS 80% or higher

✓ Correct



GRADE 100%

Module 7 guiz on inheritance

	rest submission grade 00%	
1.	Consider a class Student whose state includes name and age, Joanne who is a Student, and PartTime whose state includes all of the fields of Student and also maximumHours.	1/1 point
	• Student is a	
	• Joanne is a	
	PartTime is a	
	• super class	
	Student object	
	• inherited class	
	• sub class	
	Student object	
	• super class	
	• super class	
	• client	
	• subclass	
	• super class	
	Student object	
	• subclass	
	✓ Correct	
2.	When creating a subclass	1/1 point
	only write the instance variables and methods that are added to the subclass.	
	write both the inherited and the additional state and behavior of the subclass.	
	only write the methods that are public.	
	only write the instance variables and methods that are inherited by the subclass.	
	✓ Correct	
3.	Why do we aim to minimize the amount of code we have to write by not repeating code segments within a Java project? Check all that apply	1/1 point
	It makes projects unique. An object that contains all of its state and behavior in a single file is not easily reused.	
	It makes debugging easier. Implementation details that only appear once in a project can be corrected or improved by editing in only one place.	
	✓ Correct	
	It facilitates code reuse. An object that contains all of its state and behavior in a single file is "portable" and can be included in many different Java projects.	

	It improves readability, code is easier to trace when implementation details are found in only on location.	
	✓ Correct	
	☐ It makes a program run faster.	
2	4. To make a call from a subclass to a public, overloaded method whose implementation details are in its super class,	oint
	 you must precede the call with the keyword super to indicate that the implementation details are in the super class. 	
	you must precede the call with the keyword sub to indicate that you are writing the method in the subclass.	
	$\bigcirc \ \ \text{simply make the call. The implementation details found in the subclass will automatically be used.}$	
	 simply make the call. The unique return type and/or parameter list will enable the compiler to locate the implementation details. 	
	✓ Correct	
5	5. To make a call from a subclass to a public, overridden method whose implementation details are in its super class	oint
	you must precede the call with the keyword this to indicate which version of the method you are calling.	
	A subclass can not call a method in its super class.	
	you must precede the call with the keyword super to indicate which version of the method you are calling.	
	 simply make the call. The unique return type and/or parameter list will allow the compiler to locate the implementation details. 	
	✓ Correct	