

Week 4 Quiz

Quiz, 7 questions

7/7 points (100%)



Congratulations! You passed!

Next Item



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point

1.

Using Image Generator, how do you label images?



It's based on the directory the image is contained in



Correct



It's based on the file name



TensorFlow figures it out from the contents



You have to manually do it



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point

2.

What method on the Image Generator is used to normalize the image?



rescale



Correct



normalize



normalize_image



Rescale_image



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☒ The target_size parameter on the training generator



Correct

☐ The target_size parameter on the validation generator

☐ The training_size parameter on the training generator

☐ The training_size parameter on the validation generator



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point

4.

When we specify the input_shape to be (300, 300, 3), what does that mean?

☐ Every Image will be 300x300 pixels, and there should be 3 Convolutional Layers

☐ There will be 300 images, each size 300, loaded in batches of 3

☒ Every Image will be 300x300 pixels, with 3 bytes to define color



Correct

☐ There will be 300 horses and 300 humans, loaded in batches of 3



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point

5.

If your training data is close to 1.000 accuracy, but your validation data isn't, what's the risk here?

☐ You're overfitting on your validation data

☐ You're underfitting on your validation data

☐ No risk, that's a great result

☒ You're overfitting on your training data



Correct

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6.

Convolutional Neural Networks are better for classifying images like horses and humans because:

- ☐ In these images, the features may be in different parts of the frame
- ☐ There's a wide variety of horses
- ☐ There's a wide variety of humans
- ☒ All of the above

Correct1 / 1
point

7.

After reducing the size of the images, the training results were different. Why?

- ☐ The training was faster
- ☒ We removed some convolutions to handle the smaller images

Correct

- ☐ There was less information in the images
- ☐ There was more condensed information in the images

