



$$p(x) = P(X=x)$$

$$P(X \leq 6) = F(6) = \underline{\underline{0,3}}$$

$$P(X > 2) = 1 - P(X \leq 2) = 1 - F(2) = 1 - 0,2 = \underline{\underline{0,8}}$$

střední hod. X : ~~z dist. fce. lze odvodit, že...~~ ~~což?~~ Oborem hodnot je $\{2, 3, \dots, 8\}$, ne $\{2, 5, 7, 8\}$.

Předpokládám, že ~~první~~ varianta (Potom jinak by nedávalo smysl, že $p(x) = P(X=x)$.)

$$p(2) = p(3) = p(4) = \frac{F(2)}{3} = \frac{2}{30}$$

$$p(5) = p(6) = \frac{F(5) - F(2)}{2} = \frac{1}{20} = \frac{F(5) - \lim_{x \rightarrow 5^-} F(x)}{2}$$

$$p(7) = \frac{F(7) - F(5)}{1} = \frac{3}{10} = \frac{F(7) - \lim_{x \rightarrow 7^-} F(x)}{1}$$

$$p(8) = F(8) - F(7) = \frac{4}{10} = \frac{F(8) - \lim_{x \rightarrow 8^-} F(x)}{1}$$

$$a \quad EX = 2 \cdot \frac{2}{30} + 3 \cdot \frac{2}{30} + 4 \cdot \frac{2}{30} + 5 \cdot \frac{1}{20} + 6 \cdot \frac{1}{20} + 7 \cdot \frac{3}{10} + 8 \cdot \frac{4}{10}$$

$$= \frac{2 \cdot 9}{30} + \frac{11}{20} + \frac{27}{10} + \frac{32}{10} = \underline{\underline{6,45}}$$