$$F(x) = \int_{\frac{1}{2}(x-1)}^{0} x < 1$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{8}(4-x)^{2} x \in (2i4)$$

$$1 x > 4$$

x= 4-12 = 2,59

a)
$$P(\frac{2}{5} \leq x \leq 3) = F(3) - F(\frac{2}{5}) = 1 - \frac{1}{8}(4-3)^2 - \frac{1}{2}(\frac{2}{5}-1) = 1 - \frac{1}{8} - \frac{2}{10} = \frac{27}{40} = \frac$$

b)
$$P(x \le x) = 0.25 \iff F(x) = 0.25 \iff \Rightarrow \sum_{x=1}^{4} \frac{1}{2}(x-1) = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2}$$

z grafu je zjevné, že F(x) bude nabývat hodnoty 1/4 někde na intervelu (1:2), manárom použíjí tedy novnou predipis pro tento internal podobný případ, zde je

c) $P(X \ge x) = 0.25 \iff 1 - P(X \le x) = 0.25 \iff 1 - F(x) = 0.25 \iff F(x) = 0.75 \implies \left(1 - \frac{1}{8}(4-x)^2\right) = \frac{3}{4} \text{ bulke funkinf}$

>
$$\left(1 - \frac{1}{8} \left(4 - x\right)^2\right) = \frac{3}{4}$$
 Expenses 2e budse trunking hochoty mobiles $\frac{1}{8} \left(4 - x\right)^2 = \frac{1}{4}$ no (2; 4)

$$16 - 8x + x^{2} = 2$$

$$x^{2} - 8x + 14 = 0$$

$$x \in \{4 - \sqrt{2}; 4 + \sqrt{2}\}$$

hodnota vetsinez 4 je mino intend