
Product Title

Testing System Project

LaTeX Samurai

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Mission

The mission statement for this project is to create a test suite designed to compile and run C++ projects with various test cases.

Document Preparation and Updates

Current Version [1.0.0]

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Revision History

<i>Date</i>	<i>Author</i>	<i>Version</i>	<i>Comments</i>
<i>2/17/14</i>	<i>Hafiza Farzami</i>	<i>1.0.0</i>	<i>Initial version</i>

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Overview and concept of operations

This report covers the project overview, user stories, backlog, design and implementation, development environment, deployment, and documentation for the testing project.

1.1 Scope

This section gives a brief overview of the system.

1.2 Purpose

The purpose of this program is to run `.cpp` files with given test files, and grade them.

1.2.1 Traversing Subdirectories

Traversing subdirectories is one of the main components of this system. The program runs a `.cpp` file using test files, and the test files are stored in the current and all the subdirectories.

1.2.2 Running the Program Using Test Cases

The software was designed in the Linux environment provided to the group by the university.

1.3 Systems Goals

The goal of this system is to grade a `.cpp` file just by typing `grade <filename>.cpp`. The product is built to test the `.cpp` file with all the given `.tst` test files in the current directory and all the subdirectories, and compare the results to the corresponding `.ans` files.

1.4 System Overview and Diagram

Here is a flow diagram showing the implementation process:

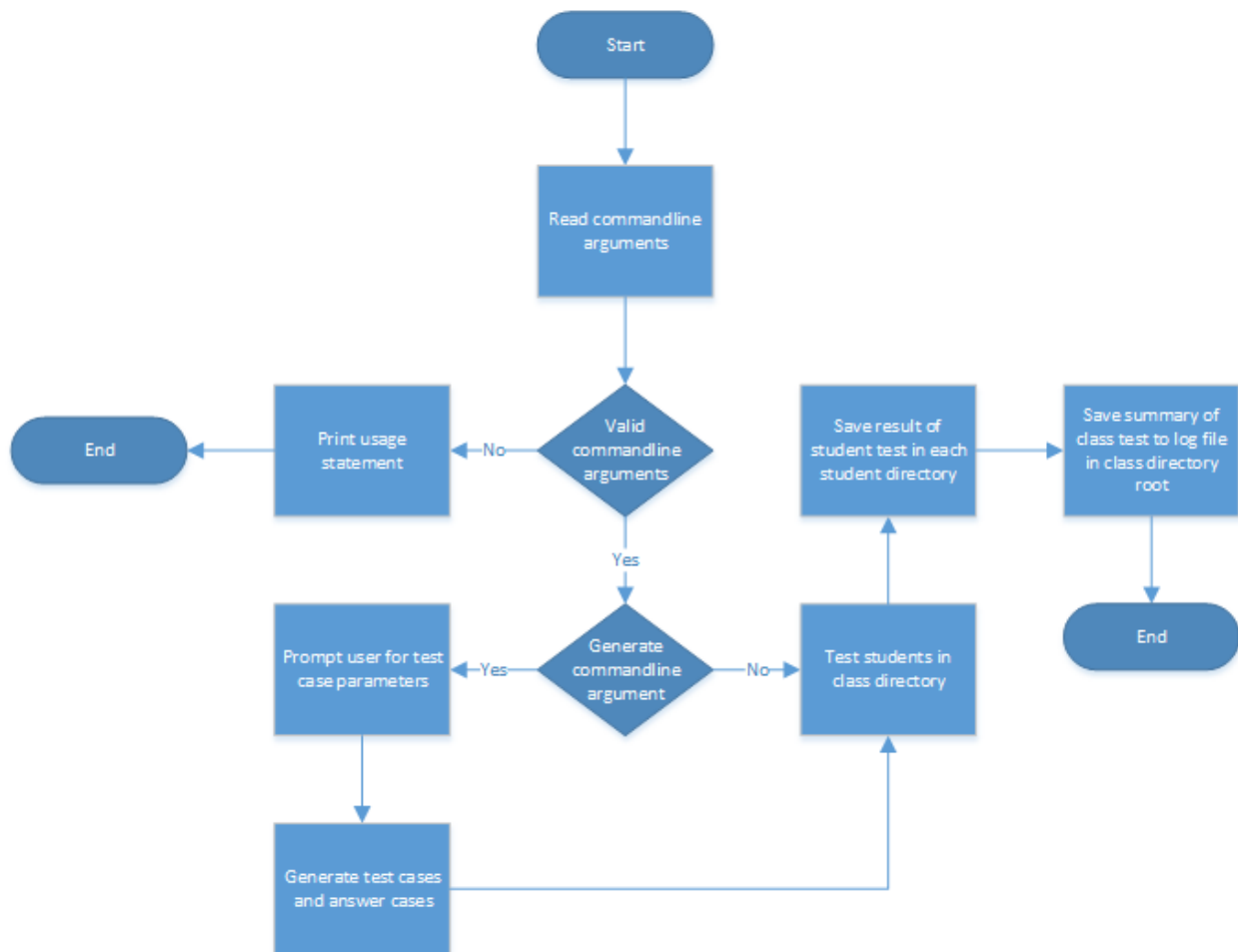


Figure 1.1: System Diagram

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Project Overview

2.1 Team Members and Roles

- Jonathan Dixon - Product Owner
- Hafiza Farzami - Scrum Master
- Julian Brackins - Technical Lead

2.2 Project Management Approach

The approach taken to manage this project is **scrum**. The project is broken into tasks to be completed over two weeks sprint. The tasks are listed in **Spring Backlog** in trello. During the sprint, the team meets for ten minutes scrum meetings to explain their progress, next steps, and impediments.

2.3 Phase Overview

Once a team member starts a given task, then the task is moved from **Spring Backlog** to **In Progress**. A done task is then moved to **Ready for Testing** tab. After a completed task is test, then it is stamped as **Complete**. Then the member moves to the next task of higher priority.

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User Stories, Backlog and Requirements

3.1 Overview

This section covers user stories, backlog and requirements for the system.

3.1.1 Scope

This document contains stakeholder information, initial user stories, requirements, proof of concept results, and various research task results.

3.1.2 Purpose of the System

The purpose of the product is to grade a `<filename>.cpp` file by running test files and comparing the results to answer files, and assigning percentage grade.

3.2 Stakeholder Information

This section would provide the basic description of all of the stakeholders for the project.

3.2.1 Customer or End User (Product Owner)

Jonathan Dixon is the product owner in this project, who is in contact with the scrum master and technical lead regarding the backlog.

3.2.2 Management or Instructor (Scrum Master)

Hafiza Farzami is the scrum master, who breaks the project into smaller tasks, and is in touch with both product owner and technical lead.

3.2.3 Developers –Testers

Julian Brackins is the technical lead for Sprint 1, and is in contact with both Dixon and Farzami regarding the requirements during scrum meetings and through trello notes.

3.3 Business Need

This product is essential for grading computer science programs focused on numerics. All the user have to do is have test cases and expected results in the directory that the `<filename>.cpp` file is in and any of the subdirectories, and run the `grade.cpp` program. It saves a lot of time, and is efficient.

3.4 Requirements and Design Constraints

Use this section to discuss what requirements exist that deal with meeting the business need. These requirements might equate to design constraints which can take the form of system, network, and/or user constraints. Examples: Windows Server only, iOS only, slow network constraints, or no offline, local storage capabilities.

3.4.1 System Requirements

This product runs on Linux machines.

3.4.2 Network Requirements

This software does not require internet connection.

3.4.3 Development Environment Requirements

There are not any development environment requirements.

3.4.4 Project Management Methodology

The method used to manage this project is **scrum**. The scrum master met with the product owner, and broke the tasks down to the technical lead. The team meets for ten minutes long scrum meetings to go over the progress, next steps, and impediments.

- Trello is used to keep track of the backlogs and sprint status
- Everyone has access to the Sprint and Product Backlogs
- This project will take three Sprints
- Each Sprint is two weeks long
- There are no restrictions on source control

3.5 User Stories

This section contains the user stories regarding functional requirements and how the team broke them down.

3.5.1 User Story

Write an automatic testing system. By Wednesday, your team should have a list of questions for me (the customer) on exactly what I require. Think CS150/250/300 programs - not major software.

3.5.1.a User Story Breakdown #1

The purpose of the program is to grade a student's file, comparing it to multiple test case files. It'll be called like this: `grade <filename>.cpp`. It will grade the file, looking through the current directory for any `.tst` files, which will contain the test cases. We must compile the program, which is in C++.

It is understood that all inputs will be valid (no error checking, program won't crash, etc...). The program will be tested on numeric computations. If it uses files, they'll be `input.txt` and `output.txt`. `<filename>.log` will contain the results of each test case.

The idea is to grab the test case, copy it to `input.txt`, run the program, compare outputs, and put results into the log file. `.tst` files will have a test case followed by a blank line, followed by expected results.

3.5.1.b User Story Breakdown #2

A student submits a program. That program is placed into a directory that forms the root of the directory tree related to that program. All the instructors and teacher's assistant will have the ability to write test cases (called case#.tst and the accompanying file case#.ans). There are no restrictions on where those files can be located except that they will be at the level of the .cpp file or below. For example. Manes might have a subdirectory where he puts his test cases. His TAs might have subdirectories under the Manes subdirectory where they put their test cases. Manes might just make the directory but not put any test cases in it just so his TAs have a place to put theirs (in subdirectories). I want to say test quadratic and have your program find all the applicable test cases (with the accompanying answer files), run the tests, log the results, and provide a summary. I want to be able to fix problems and rerun the test without losing the original log file. Append the date so I can tell them apart.

Design and Implementation

This section describes the design details for the overall system as well as individual major components. As a user, you will have a good understanding of the implementation details without having to look into the code. Note that the code to generate test cases is only run if there is a -g command line switch is specified after the directory to test is entered.

Here is an overview of the algorithm:

- Determine if there is a .cpp file in the root directory, if so it is used to generate test cases
- Create a vector of every subdirectory in program folder
- Change to directory where student subdirectories are located
- Step through each directory in the directory vector and determine if it contains tests or student source code
- Create a vector containing the name each student's source and one containing the path to their source code
- Create a vector of all the test cases
- While the source code vector is not empty
- Compile the program
- Determine if the student passes the critical test cases, if not stop testing
- Run code against tests in the test vector
- Count whether the program passed or failed test case
- Change back to home directory (where program is located)
- Create a queue of every .tst file in home directory
- While test case queue is not empty:
- Dequeue first test case in queue
- Run program using that test case
- Count whether the program passed or failed test case
- Write log file containing percentage of tests passed and final grade
- Write students results to summary file

4.1 Traversing Subdirectories

4.1.1 Technologies Used

The dirent.h library is used for traversing subdirectories.

4.1.2 Design Details

```
bool change_dir(string dir_name)
{
    string path;
    if(chdir(dir_name.c_str()) == 0)
    {
        path = get_pathname();
        return true;
    }
    return false;
}

bool is_dir(string dir)
{
    struct stat file_info;
    stat(dir.c_str(), &file_info);
    if ( S_ISDIR(file_info.st_mode) )
        return true;
    else
        return false;
}
```

4.2 Running the Program Using Test Cases

4.2.1 Technologies Used

The software was designed in the Linux Environment.

4.2.2 Design Details

```
int run_file(string cpp_file, string test_case) //case_num
{
    //create .out file name
    string case_out(case_name(test_case, "out"));

    //set up piping buffers
    string buffer1("");
    string buffer2(" &>/dev/null < ");
    string buffer3(" > ");

    // "try using | "
    //construct run command, then send to system
    //./<filename> &> /dev/null < case_x.tst > case_x.out
    buffer1 += cpp_file + buffer2 + test_case + buffer3 + case_out;
    system(buffer1.c_str());
}
```



```
    //0 = Fail, 1 = Pass  
    return result_compare(test_case);  
}
```


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System and Unit Testing

Testing was first done on individual function, or processes if a process required more than one function, and then on larger parts of the program as our individual peices were integrated.

5.1 Overview

In general, we began testing on our directory traversal and determining which type of subdirectory we had encountered. Once we could filter out the source code and test/answer files we tested our ability to change into these directories and perform the proper actions, compilation for source code and testing the student's program for test files. After we were able to do all this we began testing our log files and summary file and adjusted the foramttng as needed. Finally, once the program was working, we implemented and tested running the test generation code and critical test cases as a part of the program, rather than individually.

5.2 Dependencies

No dependencies other than a traversable directory be specified on the command line.

5.3 Test Setup and Execution

5.3.1 Student Grading

The student grading section involves

- Crawling through student directories.
- Running each students source code on the test cases.
- Generating test cases.

The product was tested on the customer supplied example class directory and class directories where created to for further testing.

Below is a list of the individual directories that were used in testing as well as the difference between them that tested aspects of the product.

Customer Test CSC_150 Class Directory This product test demonstrates the products ability to test a class without any critical test cases and multiple directories. It also demonstrates automatic test case generation.

Customer Test CSC_150 Class Directory:

```
Students:
    bad_student_1 Fails some test cases
    bad_student_2 Fails some test cases
    student_3 Passes all test cases
    student_4 Passes all test cases
```

```
Multiple directories containing tests
No critical test cases
Golden Source Code: average.cpp
directories containing useless files
```

Test Directory 1 This created test demonstrates the products ability to fail a student if they do not pass a critical test case. It also demonstrates automatic test case generation.

Test Directory 1:

```
Students:
    Alex_Johnson
    Bob
    Francis
    John
```

```
Critical and normal test cases
Golden Source Code: max_3.cpp
```

Test Directory 2 This created test demonstrates the programs ability fail a student if they do not pass a critical test case; it demonstrates the ability of the product to find test cases in subdirectories; finally it demonstrates the products ability to allow test case generation only when a golden source code is available.

Test Directory 2:

```
Students:
    student_1 Fails critical
    student_2 Fails critical
    student_3 Passes all test cases
    student_4 Passes all test cases
    student_5 Passes all test cases
    student_6 Passes all test cases
    student_7 Passes all test cases
```

```
Test case subdirectories
Critical and normal test cases
Golden Source Code: none
```

Test Generation Function Multiple test cases were run against the function that generates the random values for the generated .tst files. Some of these test scenarios are:

- Passing in different values when either "int" or "float" are selected initially (typical testing)
- Passing in floating minimum and maximum values to integer generation.
- Intentional use of improper values.
- Generating test cases in a directory where they had previously been stored (will not overwrite old files).

Although we have extensively tested this code, there are a few errors that were not handled (explained in this function's code documentation). These errors were not handled as they are "special cases" and would sacrifice the readability of the function.

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Development Environment

The basic purpose for this section is to give a developer all of the necessary information to setup their development environment to run, test, and/or develop.

6.1 Development IDE and Tools

This program was developed in a Linux environment. The g++ compiler was used for compilation and generic text editors were used to write the code (QT,gedit,etc.).

6.2 Source Control

Git was used for source control in the project. Our repository is setup on the GitHub website. However, it is private and can only be accessed once a developer is deemed a collaborator.

6.3 Dependencies

There are no atypical dependencies to compile and run this program.

6.4 Build Environment

The program may be built using the g++ compiler on linux. There is also a **Makefile** which allows the user to type **make** to compile the program.

Release – Setup – Deployment

7.1 Deployment Information and Dependencies

This program has no dependencies other than it needs to be compiled and run within a linux environment.

7.2 Setup Information

The program is built with the g++ compiler on linux. The program can also be built by typing `make`.

7.3 System Versioning Information

The program will be versioned depending on the current Agile sprint. The current sprint version is 2.0.

User Documentation

8.1 User Guide

This product is to make it easy for you to grade multiple computational computer program written in C++ language. In order to benefit from this product, the student directories must all be contained within the same "root" directory. Within each student's directory there must be a .cpp file that has the same name as the student's directory (omit the extension). That directory should also contain the test cases the user wishes to run against each student's program. Finally, if the user wishes to have test cases generated, the root directory should contain a .cpp file which will be compiled and used to generate answers to the generated test cases. In summary the root directory should contain:

- The subdirectories containing student source code
- Test files or subdirectories containing test files (with .tst extensions)
- Corresponding solution files (with .ans extensions)
- A .cpp to generate answers to generated test cases.

As a user, you must compile this program in a Linux environment. To run this program the first command line argument must be the name of the directory you wish to test (note this program must be executed in a directory "one step back" from the directory you wish to test. If you want to generate test cases, a second command line argument "-g" must be specified when executing the program.

8.1.1 Test Case Generation

If a "-g" is the second command line argument and a .cpp file exists within the directory being traversed prompts will be displayed to determine what type of test cases you want to generate. You may generate floating point or integer values, decide in what range you want the values generated, decide how many values to generate in each .tst file, and choose how many .tst files you want to generate. After all these values are specified, the program will create each .tst file, compile the "golden.cpp" file, run each test file through the golden.cpp executable, and output to individual answer (.ans) files.

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Class Index

This section is intentionally left blank as there are no classes in this project.

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Class Documentation

This section is intentionally left blank.

Acknowledgement

Special thanks goes to LaTeX Samurai for their well documented student testing system.

Supporting Materials

This section is intentionally left blank.

Sprint Reports

10.1 Sprint Report #1

10.2 Sprint Report #2

10.3 Sprint Report #3

Industrial Experience

This section is intentionally left blank.

Appendix

Latex sample file:

10.1 Introduction

This is a sample input file. Comparing it with the output it generates can show you how to produce a simple document of your own.

10.2 Build process

To build \LaTeX documents you need the latex program. It is free and available on all operating systems. Download and install. Many of us use the TexLive distribution and are very happy with it. You can use a editor and command line or use an IDE. To build this document via command line:

```
alta> pdflatex SystemTemplate
```

If you change the bib entries, then you need to update the bib files:

```
alta> pdflatex SystemTemplate
alta> bibtex SystemTemplate
alta> pdflatex SystemTemplate
alta> pdflatex SystemTemplate
```

Acknowledgement

Thanks to Leslie Lamport

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