MATH 220 Practice Midterm — September, 2024, Duration: 50 minutes This test has 5 questions on 8 pages, for a total of 50 points.

First Name:	Last Name:
Student Number:	Section:
Signature:	

Question:	1	2	3	4	5
Points:					
Total:					/50

- 1. Negate each of the following and prove or disprove the original statement:
 - (a) For all $x \in \mathbb{R}$, there exists $q \in \mathbb{Q}$ such that for all $r < q \in \mathbb{Q}$, r + q < x.

(b) For all $x \in \mathbb{R}$, there exists $y \in \mathbb{R}$ such that for all $z \in \mathbb{R}$, if xy < z then x < 0 or $x^2 + y^2 < z$

2. Let $p \in \mathbb{N}$ and assume p > 1. Prove that if there exists $x \in \mathbb{Z}$ such that $x \not\equiv 0 \mod p$ and for all $y \in \mathbb{Z}$, $xy \not\equiv 1 \mod p$, then p is not prime.

10 Marks | 3.

- 3. Let $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$ where $a, b \neq 0$ and $S = \{ax + by | x, y \in \mathbb{Z}, ax + by > 0\}$. You may not use Bézout's lemma for this section.
 - (a) Prove that S is non-empty.

(b) Prove that the minimal element $d = as + bt \in S$ for some $s, t \in \mathbb{Z}$ divides both a and b. (Hint: Euclidean division of a by d and b by d)

(c) Prove that if $c \mid a$ and $c \mid b$, then $c \leq d$.

4. Let $A \subseteq \mathbb{Q}$ and $S = \{c_1a_1 + c_2a_2 + c_3a_3 \dots | a_1, a_2, a_3 \dots \in A, c_1, c_2, c_3 \dots \in \mathbb{Z}\}$. Prove by induction on the elements of A that if A is finite and non-empty, then there exists $q \in \mathbb{Q}$ such that $S = \{cq, c \in \mathbb{Z}\}$. (Hint: Show that $S \subseteq \{cq, c \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ and $S \supseteq \{cq, c \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ and find u)

5. Prove or disprove that the sequence $(x_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}} = \frac{1\cdot 3\cdot 5\cdot ...\cdot (2n-1)}{2\cdot 4\cdot 6\cdot ...(2n)}$ converges. (Hint: Consider an inequality between this sequence and $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3n+1}}$)