## MATH 220 Practice Finals 1 — October, 2024, Duration: 2.5 hours This test has 10 questions on 20 pages, for a total of 100 points.

First Name:	Last Name:
Student Number:	Section:
Signature:	

Question:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Points:										
Total:									/	100

- 1. Carefully define or restate each of the following:
  - (a) A rational number  $q \in \mathbb{Q}$

(b) Bézout's lemma

(c) The Fundamental Theorem of Arithmetic

(d) A convergent sequence  $(x_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}}: \mathbb{N} \mapsto \mathbb{R}$ 

(e) The principle of mathematical induction

- 2. Write the negation of each of the following and prove or disprove the original statement.
  - (a) For all  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ , there exists  $y \in \mathbb{R}$  such that for all  $z \in \mathbb{R}$ , if x + y < z, then x y > z.

(b) There exists  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  such that for all  $y \in \mathbb{R}$ , for all  $z \in \mathbb{R}$ , xy > z.

10 Marks 3.

- 3. Let  $f:A\mapsto B$  and  $g:B\mapsto C$  be functions. Prove or disprove each of the following:
  - (a) For all  $U \subseteq C$ ,  $(g \circ f)^{-1}(U) = f^{-1}(g^{-1}(U))$ .

(b) For all  $U\subseteq B,\,(g\circ f)^{-1}(g(U))=f^{-1}((U))$ 

4. Let  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  be even and  $\mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z} = \{0, 1, 2, \dots, n-1\}$ . Let  $S = \{k \in \mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z} | 2k \equiv 0 \mod n\} \subseteq \mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z}$ . Prove that |S| is odd.

5. Prove that  $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{C} \setminus \{0\}$  where  $f(x) = e^{2\pi i x}$  is injective and for all  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ , f(x+y) = f(x)f(y).

(b) Let R be a relation on  $\mathbb R$  be defined as xRy if and only if x=y+z where  $z\in f^{-1}(1)$ . Prove that R is an equivalence relation.

(c) Find all equivalence classes under R. Show that the operation [a] + [b] = [a+b] is well defined for  $a,b \in \mathbb{R}$ .

(d) Let  $\mathbb{R}/R$  denotes the set of equivalence classes under R. Find a bijective map  $g: \mathbb{R}/R \mapsto \operatorname{Im}(f)$  such that g([x] + [y]) = g([x])g([y]). Prove your result.

6. (a) Let X be a set. Prove that any equivalence relation on X forms a partition on X.

(b) Prove that any partition on X corresponds to equivalence classes of an equivalence relation on X.

7. (a) Prove that if  $a \neq 0$ ,  $\lim_{x \to a} \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{a}$ .

(b) Prove that  $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{1}{x}$  does not exist.

- 8. Prove or disprove each of the following:
  - (a) Let  $A, B \subseteq C$ . If  $|A \setminus C| = |B \setminus C|$ , then |A| = |B|

(b) Let  $A_i \in X$ . Then,  $(\bigcup_{i \in I} A_i) \setminus X = \bigcap_{i \in I} (A_i \setminus X)$ .

9. Prove or disprove that the set of decimal numbers  $0.a_1a_2a_3...$  where  $a_1, a_2, a_3 \in \{0, 1\}$  is uncountable.

- 10 Marks 10. Let  $N = \{1, 2, 3, ..., n\}$  for some  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ , and let  $S_n$  be the set of bijective functions  $f: N \mapsto N$ .
  - (a) Prove by induction that for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $|S_n| = n!$ .

(b) Prove by induction that for all  $n \geq 3 \in \mathbb{N}$ , there exists  $f, g \in S_n$  such that  $f \circ g \neq g \circ f$ .