

```
1 //Author, Student-number: Seyit Uzun, 23394725; Koray Hacibayramoglu, 23409691
2
3 public class Color {
4
5     private int rgb;
6
7     // Constructor for the direct transfer of the int representation of the color
8     public Color(int rgb) {
9         this.rgb = rgb;
10    }
11
12    // Constructor for passing the color values red, green and blue
13    public Color(int red, int green, int blue) {
14        if (!isValidColorValue(red) || !isValidColorValue(green) || !isValidColorValue(blue)) {
15            System.err.println("Invalid color values! Values are set to interval limits.");
16            red = clampColorValue(red);
17            green = clampColorValue(green);
18            blue = clampColorValue(blue);
19        }
20        this.rgb = (red << 16) | (green << 8) | blue;
21    }
22
23    // Default constructor for the color black
24    public Color() {
25        this.rgb = 0;
26    }
27
28    // Get-methode for rgb
29    public int getRgb() {
30        return rgb;
31    }
32
33    // Get-method for the color channels
34    public int getRed() {
35        return (rgb >> 16) & 0xFF;
36    }
37
38    public int getGreen() {
39        return (rgb >> 8) & 0xFF;
40    }
41
42    public int getBlue() {
43        return rgb & 0xFF;
```

```
44     }
45
46     // Method for converting to hexadecimal representation
47     public String getHex() {
48         return String.format("#%06X", rgb);
49     }
50
51     // Constructor for the hexadecimal representation of the color
52     public Color(String hex) {
53         hex = hex.replace("#", "");
54         this.rgb = Integer.parseInt(hex, 16);
55     }
56
57     // Overwriting the toString() method
58     @Override
59     public String toString() {
60         return getHex();
61     }
62
63     // Method for calculating the complementary color
64     public Color complementaryColor() {
65         int red = 255 - getRed();
66         int green = 255 - getGreen();
67         int blue = 255 - getBlue();
68         return new Color(red, green, blue);
69     }
70
71     // Method for mixing colors
72     public Color mixColor(Color color) {
73         int red = (getRed() + color.getRed()) / 2;
74         int green = (getGreen() + color.getGreen()) / 2;
75         int blue = (getBlue() + color.getBlue()) / 2;
76         return new Color(red, green, blue);
77     }
78
79     // Auxiliary method for checking valid color values
80     private boolean isValidColorValue(int value) {
81         return value >= 0 && value <= 255;
82     }
83
84     // Auxiliary method for limiting color values to the interval [0, 255]
85     private int clampColorValue(int value) {
86         return Math.max(0, Math.min(value, 255));
```

```
87     }
88
89
90     // Static constants for frequently used colors
91     public static final Color BLACK = new Color(0, 0, 0);
92     public static final Color WHITE = new Color(255, 255, 255);
93     public static final Color GRAY = new Color(128, 128, 128);
94     public static final Color RED = new Color(255, 0, 0);
95     public static final Color GREEN = new Color(0, 255, 0);
96     public static final Color BLUE = new Color(0, 0, 255);
97
98     public static void main(String[] args) {
99         Color turquoise = new Color("#40E0D0"); // Turquoise
100        Color red = Color.RED;
101        Color lightGreen = new Color("#90EE90"); // Light Green
102        Color green = Color.GREEN;
103        Color darkGreen = new Color("#006400"); // Dark Green
104        Color peachPuff = new Color("#FFDAB9"); // PeachPuff
105        Color blueViolet = new Color("#8A2BE2");
106        Color whiteSmoke = new Color("#F5F5F5");
107        Color powderBlue = new Color("#B0E0E6");
108        Color gold = new Color("#FFD700");
109
110        new ColorVisualizer(turquoise);
111        new ColorVisualizer(red);
112        new ColorVisualizer(lightGreen);
113        new ColorVisualizer(green);
114        new ColorVisualizer(darkGreen);
115        new ColorVisualizer(peachPuff);
116        new ColorVisualizer(blueViolet);
117        new ColorVisualizer(whiteSmoke);
118        new ColorVisualizer(powderBlue);
119        new ColorVisualizer(gold);
120    }
121 }
```