

# cryptdomainmgr

## automating Cert, TLSA, DKIM and many more

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fine

not so fine

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# Motivation

→ **let's make a web app** ←

- ▶ DNS
- ▶ Webpage
- ▶ E-Mail
- ▶ Mailinglist
- ▶ **and the s for security**

# DeMotivation

→ **let's make a web app** ←

- ▶ DNS
  - ▶ SOA
  - ▶ DNSSEC
- ▶ Webpage
  - ▶ HTTPS
  - ▶ Certificate
  - ▶ HSTS
  - ▶ SRV
  - ▶ TLSA
- ▶ E-Mail
  - ▶ Spam
  - ▶ DKIM
  - ▶ SPF
  - ▶ ADSP
  - ▶ DMARC
  - ▶ SRV
- ▶ Mailinglist
  - ▶ SRS

# DeMotivation

fine

A screenshot of a web browser window displaying a login page for "Tine 2.0". The title bar shows "Tine 2.0 - Please enter". The address bar shows the URL "https://testserver.smartrns.net/tine20". A green lock icon and the text "testserver.smartrns.net" and "Secure Connection" are displayed above the main content area. The main content area has a light gray background and displays the following text:

**Permissions**  
You have not granted this site any special permissions.

Below this, there is a "Login" section with fields for "Language" (set to "English"), "Username", and "Password".

The browser interface includes standard navigation buttons (back, forward, search) at the bottom.

# DeMotivation

not so fine

The screenshot shows a Firefox browser window with the following details:

- Title Bar:** Insecure Connection
- Address Bar:** https://testserver.smartrns.net/tine20/
- Main Content:** Your connection is not secure  
The owner of testserver.smartrns.net has configured their web site improperly. To protect your information from being stolen, Firefox has not connected to this web site.
- Buttons:** Learn more...,  Report errors like this to help Mozilla identify and block malicious sites, Go Back, Advanced
- Bottom Panel:** testserver.smartrns.net uses an invalid security certificate.  
The certificate expired on 15 June 2018, 18:53. The current time is 29 May 2019, 14:14.  
Error code: SEC\_ERROR\_EXPIRED\_CERTIFICATE  
Add Exception...

# Basics

## SSL Certificate

- ▶ authentication (phishing)
- ▶ integrity (man in the middle)
- ▶ privacy (spy)

→ certbot renew

# Basics

## TLSA

### **DANE – DNS-based Authentication of Named Entities Transport Layer Security Authentication**

- ▶ locks certificate to domain/DNS (fraudulent CA, stolen cert)  
→ to do

### Domain Name System Security Extensions

- ▶ authenticate domain owner
  - ▶ integrity (DNS cache poisoning)
- done by domain provider

# Basics

## DKIM

### DomainKeys Identified Mail

- ▶ authenticate MTA (fake/spam server)
  - ▶ integrity (man in the middle)
- to do

# Cryptdomainmgr

## autorenew process

### **autorenew**

- ▶ prepare
  - ▶ generate certificate
  - ▶ calculate TLSA from certificate
  - ▶ add TLSA RR
  - ▶ generate key pair for DKIM
  - ▶ calculate DKIM
  - ▶ add DKIM RR
- ▶ rollover
  - ▶ use new certificate
  - ▶ use new DKIM key
- ▶ cleanup
  - ▶ remove old TLSA RR
  - ▶ remove old DKIM RR
  - ▶ delete old certificates
  - ▶ delete old DKIM keys

# Cryptdomainmgr

## structure

- ▶ cryptdomainmgr
  - ▶ dnsuptools
    - ▶ domrobot
  - ▶ certbot

# Cryptdomainmgr

update cycle

**update – set a, aaaa, srv, dmarc, spf, adsp**

```
~/cryptdomainmgr$ ./update.py inwxcred.conf example.conf
```

**prepare cycle – generate Cert, TLSA, DKIM**

```
~/cryptdomainmgr$ ./prepare.py inwxcred.conf example.conf
```

**rollover cycle – use Cert, TLSA, DKIM**

```
~/cryptdomainmgr$ ./rollover.py inwxcred.conf example.conf
```

**cleanup cycle – remove outdated**

```
~/cryptdomainmgr$ ./cleanup.py inwxcred.conf example.conf
```

# Configuration

## DNS credential

### DNS credential

```
~/cryptdomainmgr$ cat inwxcred.conf
```

```
[domain]
user = myusername
passwd = mypassword
```

# Configuration

## Certificates

```
~/cryptdomainmgr$ cat example.conf
```

```
[certificate]
generator = certbot
email = stefan.helmert@t-online.de
keysize = 4096
```

```
[certificate:maincert]
destination = /etc/ssl
extraflags = --staging, --renew-with-new-domains, --hsts
certname = fullchain.pem
```

- ▶ multiple domains using maincert → SAN certificate

# Configuration

## DKIM

```
~/cryptdomainmgr$ cat example.conf
```

```
[dkim]
```

```
generator = rspamd
```

```
[dkim:maindkim]
```

```
signingConfTemplateFile = ~/cryptdomainmgr/dkim_signing_terminator.conf
```

```
signingConfTemporaryFile = /etc/rspamd/dkim_signing_new.conf
```

```
signingConfDestinationFile = /etc/rspamd/local.d/dkim_signing_terminator.conf
```

# Configuration

## Domain

```
~/cryptdomainmgr$ cat example.conf

[domain]
user = myusername
handler = dnsuptools

[domain:domain.example]
soa.hostmaster = stefan.helmert@t-online.de
soa.refresh = 7200

[domain:sub.domain.example]
ip4 = auto, 192.168.0.1
ip6+ = auto, 0ffc::0030
mx = mail20.domain.example:20, mail30.domain.example:30
mx.40 = mail40.domain.example, mail50.domain.example:50
mx.10+= mail10.domain.example
```

# Configuration

## Domain

### **set A record**

```
~/cryptdomainmgr$ cat example.conf
```

```
[domain:sub.domain.example]
```

```
ip4 = auto, 192.168.0.1
```

means:

- ▶ add external ip and 192.168.0.1 to sub.domain.example
- ▶ delete all other A records of sub.domain.example

# Configuration

## Domain

### **add A record**

```
~/cryptdomainmgr$ cat example.conf
```

```
[domain:sub.domain.example]
```

```
ip4+ = auto, 192.168.0.1
```

means:

- ▶ add external ip and 192.168.0.1 to sub.domain.example
- ▶ ~~delete all other A records of sub.domain.example~~

# Configuration

## Domain

### set MX record

```
~/cryptdomainmgr$ cat example.conf
```

```
[domain:sub.domain.example]
```

```
mx = mail20.domain.example:20, mail30.domain.example:30
```

means:

- ▶ add MX records
  - ▶ mail20.domain.example with prio 20
  - ▶ mail30.domain.example with prio 30
- ▶ delete all other MX records from sub.domain.example

# Configuration

## Domain

### set MX record

```
~/cryptdomainmgr$ cat example.conf
```

```
[domain:sub.domain.example]
```

```
mx.40 = mail40.domain.example, mail50.domain.example:50
```

means:

- ▶ add MX records
  - ▶ mail40.domain.example with prio 40
  - ▶ mail50.domain.example with prio 50
- ▶ delete all other MX records with prio 40 from sub.domain.example

# Configuration

## Domain

### set SRV record

```
~/cryptdomainmgr$ cat example.conf
```

```
[domain:sub.domain.example]
srv.service.proto.port.weight.prio
= sub.domain.example:PRIO:WEIGHT:PORT:PROTO:SERVICE
```

# Configuration

## Domain

### set DMARC entries

```
~/cryptdomainmgr$ cat example.conf
```

```
[domain:sub.domain.example]
dmarc.p = quarantine
dmarc.rua = mailto:stefan.helmert@t-online.de
dmarc.ruf = mailto:stefan.helmert@gmx.net
```

- ▶ changes the entries p, rua, ruf of the DMARC record
- ▶ entries adkim, aspf, pct do not change
- ▶ „atomic“ operation
- ▶ only one DMARC record allowed!

# Configuration

## Domain

### set DMARC record

```
~/cryptdomainmgr$ cat example.conf
```

```
[domain:sub.domain.example]
dmarc =
dmarc.p = quarantine
dmarc.rua = mailto:stefan.helmert@t-online.de
dmarc.ruf = mailto:stefan.helmert@gmx.net
```

- ▶ changes the entries p, rua, ruf of the DMARC record
- ▶ remove all other entries of this record
- ▶ „atomic“ operation
- ▶ at most one DMARC record allowed!

# Configuration

## Domain

### set SOA entries

```
~/cryptdomainmgr$ cat example.conf
```

```
[domain:domain.example]
```

```
soa.hostmaster = stefan.helmert@t-online.de  
soa.refresh = 7200
```

- ▶ changes the entries hostmaster, refresh of the SOA record
- ▶ primns, serial, retry, expire, ncttl not changed
- ▶ „atomic“ operation
- ▶ exact one SOA record in top level allowed!

# Configuration

## Domain

### set SPF flags

```
~/cryptdomainmgr$ cat example.conf
```

```
[domain:domain.example]
spf = -mx, a, ?all, +aaaa
```

- ▶ add given flags to SPF record
- ▶ remove all other flags from SPF record
- ▶ „atomic“ operation
- ▶ at most one SPF record is allowed!

# Configuration

## Domain

### set ADSP and CAA records

```
~/cryptdomainmgr$ cat example.conf
```

```
[domain:domain.example]
adsp = all
caa = 0 issue letsdecrypt.org,
      128 issuewild examplecert.example
```

- ▶ atomic update ADSP record
- ▶ add the CAA records
- ▶ remove all other CAA records

# Configuration

## Domain

### combine stuff – TLSA and DKIM

```
~/cryptdomainmgr$ cat example.conf
```

```
[domain:sub.domain.example]
tlsa = 3 0 1, 3 1 1
certificate = maincert
dkim = maindkim
```

### prepare cycle

- ▶ add TLSA and DKIM records

### rollover cycle

- ▶ no DNS changes
- ▶ apply certificates and keys on server

### cleanup cycle

- ▶ add TLSA and DKIM records (again)
- ▶ remove all other TLSA and DKIM records

# Implementation

cryptdomainmgr

cryptdomainmgr.py core, brings everything together

cdmconfighandler.py reads/interpretes config (ini) files

update.py command line interface for generic DNS update

prepare.py command line interface for prepare cycle

rollover.py command line interface for rollover cycle

cleanup.py command line interface for cleanup cycle

simplelogger/ logging abstraction, password → \*\*\*\*

dnsuptools/ domrobot interface abstraction, TLSA, DKIM  
calculation

# Implementation

simplelogger

simplelogger.py core, produces output

deepops.py deep dict/list operations, password → \*\*\*\*\*

# Implementation

## dnsuptools

`dnsuptools.py` core, high level, record change & query methods

`dnsupdate.py` interface to domrobot, low level

`dkimrecgen.py` reads/interpretes dkim key file

`tlsarecgen.py` reads/interpretes certificate file

`simplelogger/` see simplelogger 2

`inxclient/` domrobot client

# Discussion

???