

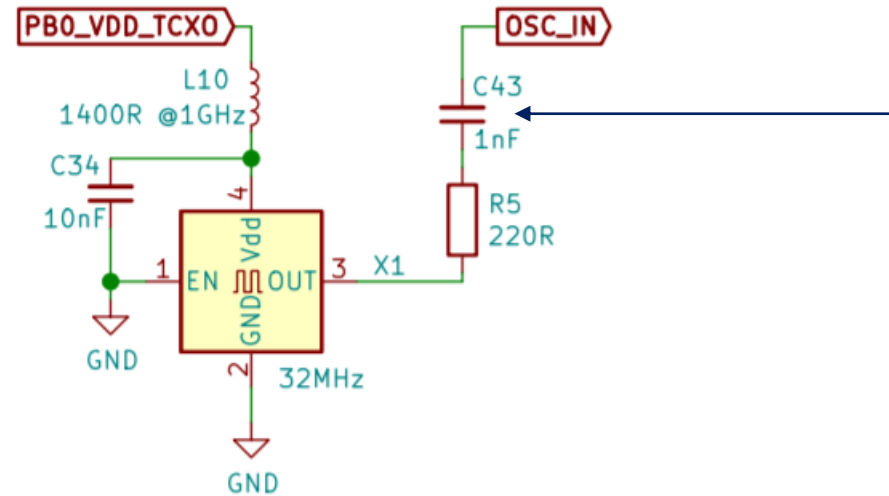
# Schematic and PCB review

## The Things Industries - Generic Node Rev 2.0.2

Application based on STM32WL (QFN)

# Schematic Review

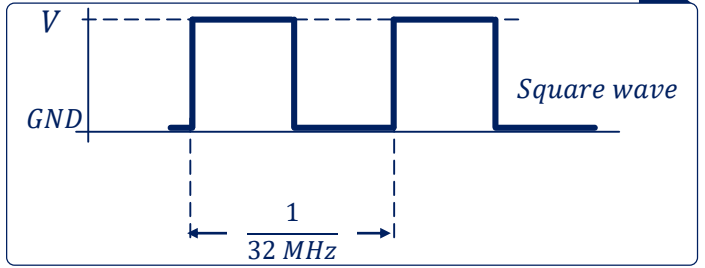
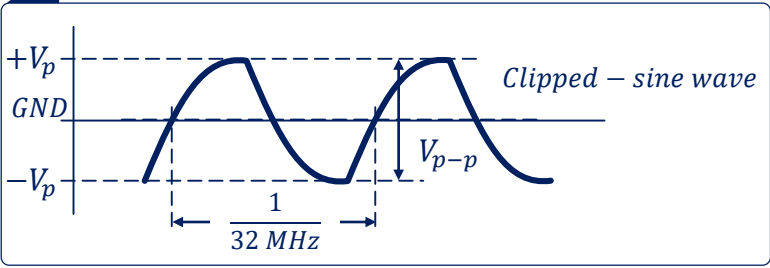
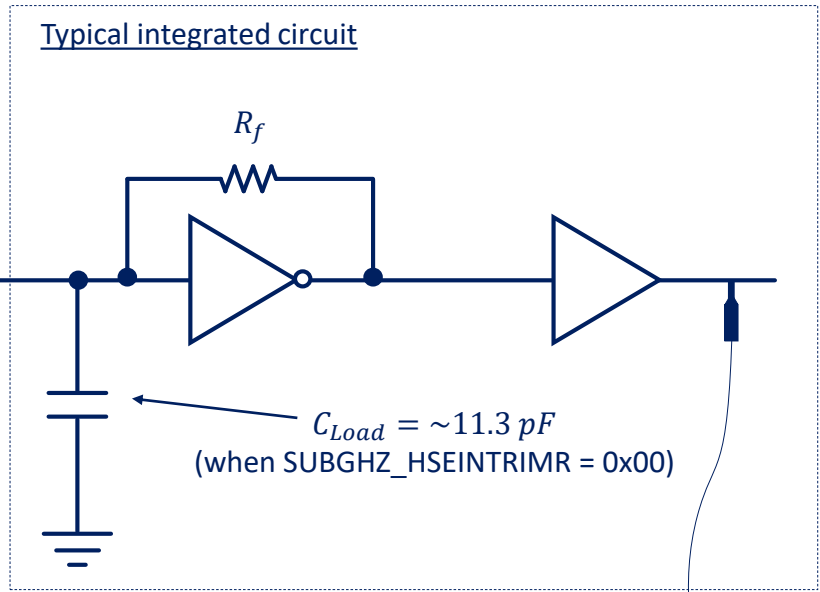
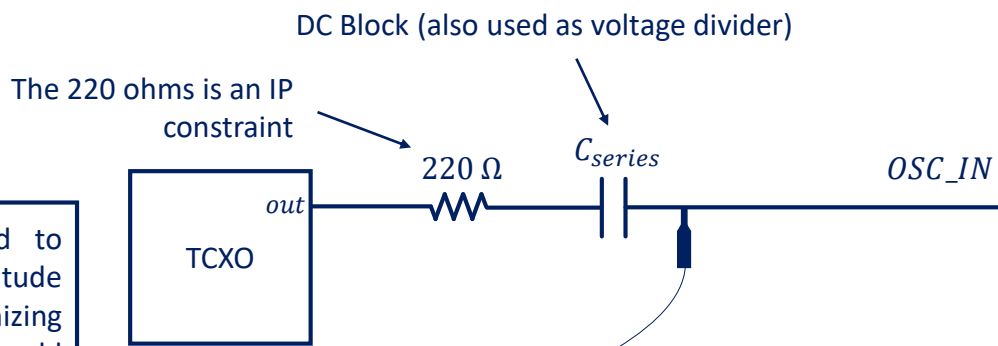
## 32MHz HSE TCXO



**C43:** When using NDK NT2016SA-32M-END4263A with an output of 0.8 V-pk-pk this capacitor must have **10 pF** of capacitance. See next page for more detail.

Amplitude voltage for external TCXO applied to OSC\_IN pin must not exceed 1.2 Vpk-pk. An amplitude of 0.4 to 0.5 V pk-pk is recommended for minimizing spurious injection. The series capacitor ( $C_{series}$ ) should be used as voltage divider in order to get the recommended voltage level on OSC\_IN:

$$V_{OSC\_IN} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\left(220 + \frac{1}{\omega C_{series}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{\omega C_{HSE\_IN\_TRIMR}}\right)^2}} V_{TCXO\_out}$$



How to determine the value of Cseries?

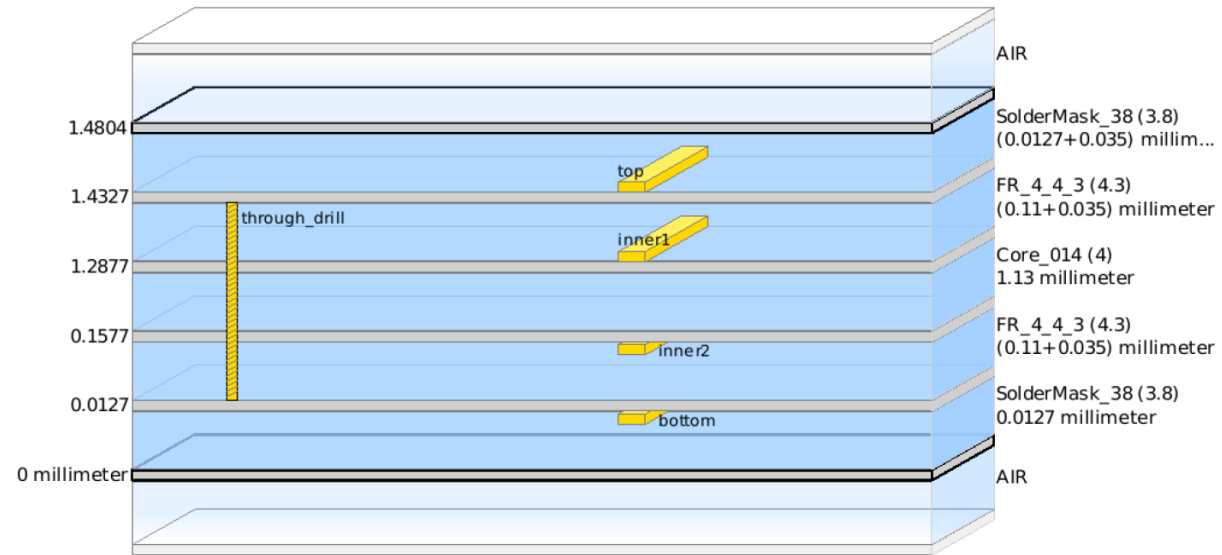
A:  $C_{series} = \frac{1}{\omega \left( \sqrt{\left( \frac{1}{\omega C_{HSE\_IN\_TRIMR}} \times \frac{V_{TCXO\_Out}}{V_{OSC\_IN}} \right)^2 - \left( \frac{1}{\omega C_{HSE\_IN\_TRIMR}} \right)^2} - 220 \right)}$

# PCB Review

# RF lines

Impedances have been checked:

Stack-up reported and recreated in the EM simulation tool



50-ohms

REF

Single-ended TML Properties simulated (2D solver)			
	50-ohms		
	Real	Imag	
Zc (ohm)	49.59	-0.0017	
Effective Dielectric Constant	2.91	0	

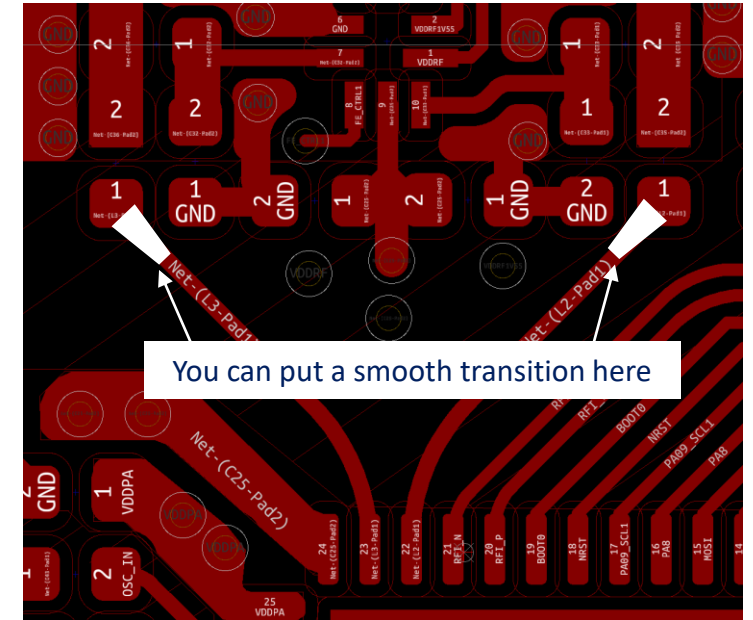
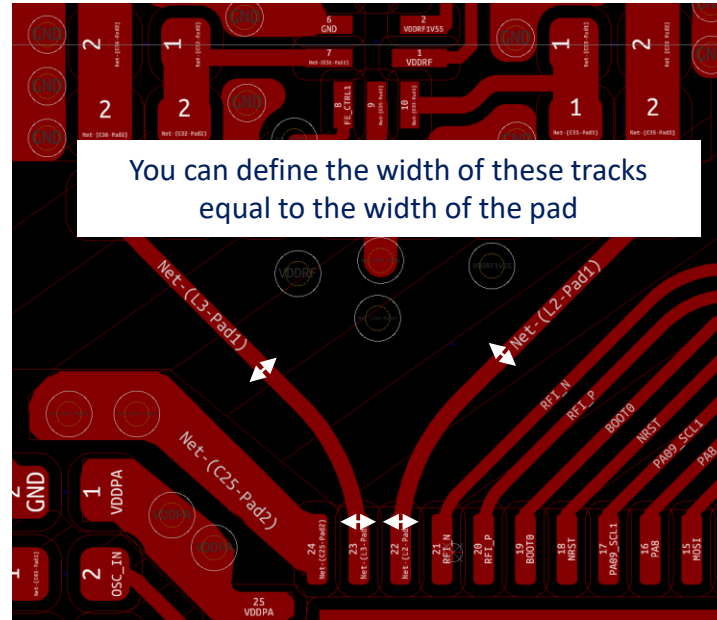
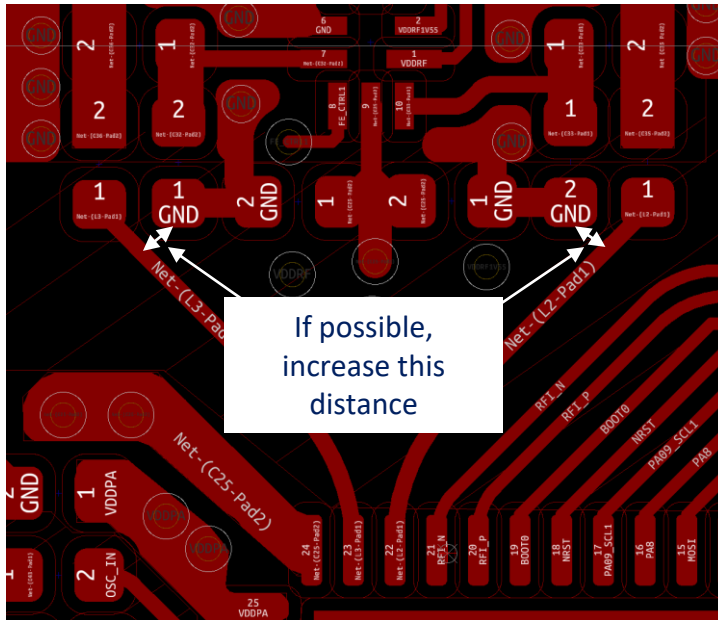
100-ohms diff

REF

Differential TML Properties simulated (2D solver)				
	Real	Imag		
Zc Common (ohm)	28.99	-0.14		
Zc Differential (ohm)	91.45	-0.55		
	Real (Even)	Imag (Even)	Real (Odd)	Imag (Odd)
Zc (ohm)	57.98	-0.28	45.72	-0.27
Effective Dielectric Constant	3.71	0		

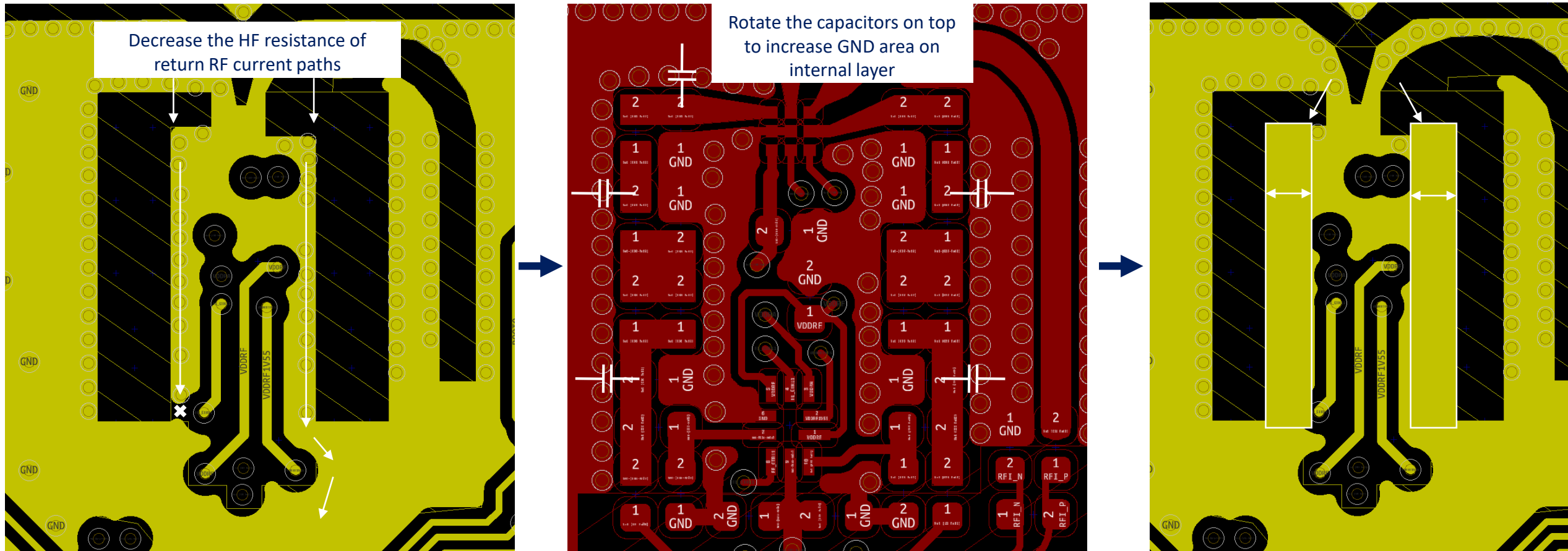
Comment: RF lines are OK

Some recommendations



# RF return path

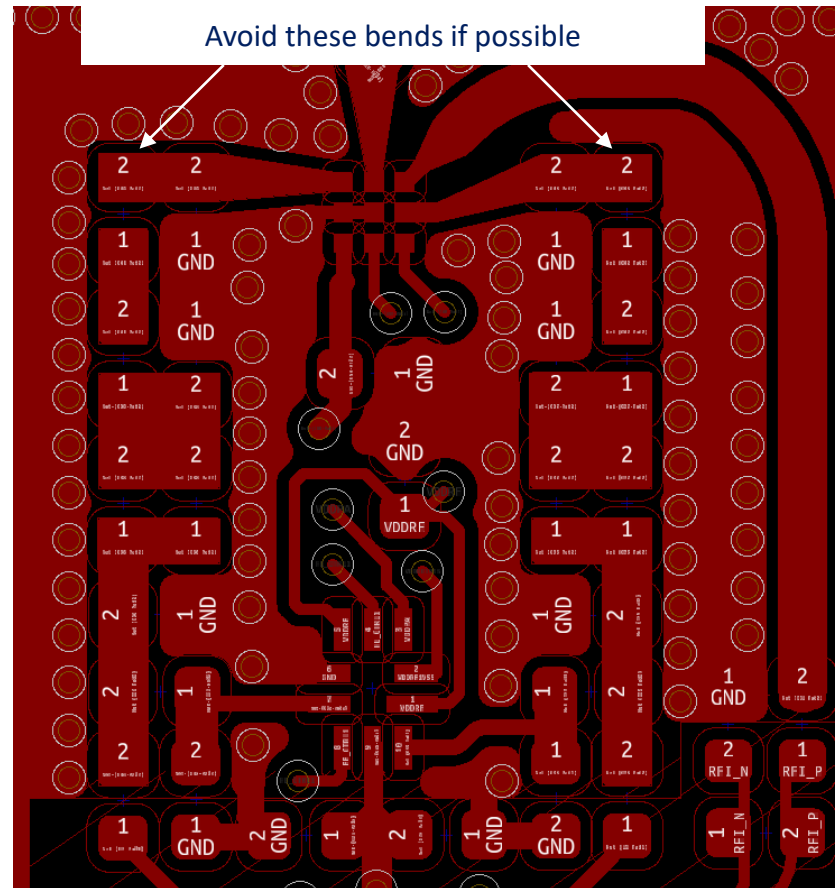
Some recommendations





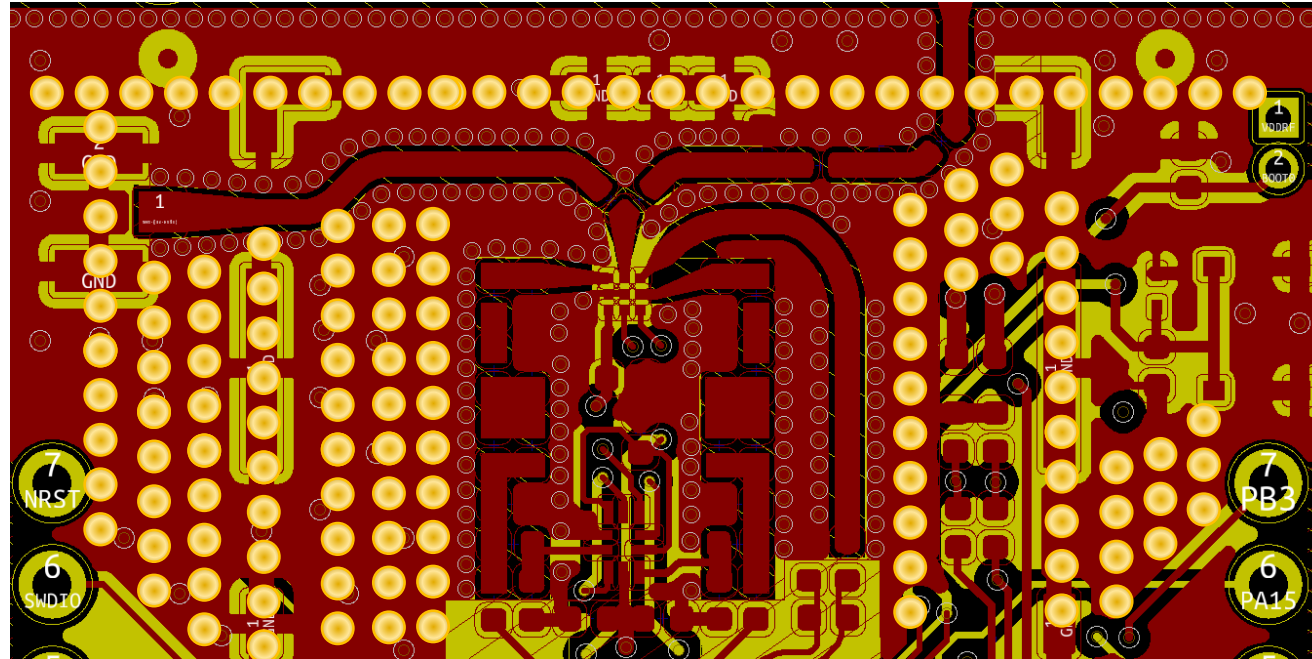
# Bend on RF lines

Some recommendations



## GND Vias

Increase as much as possible the GND Vias throughout the board and in specially around the RF lines.



# GND Vias

In order to avoid high-frequency issues increase the ground planes around the board and put a via guard ring. It was found by EM simulation that an important amount of unintentional radiation occurs from board profile due to high frequency currents induced on metal planes and in order to avoid it proceed as recommended below.

