MLE for the Categorical $P(u) = \prod_{d=0}^{D-1} Q_d^{T(u=d)}$ Weather School Sunny given observations D=000,1,1,2,0,2,2,2,4,0,...5 Wed C, R, 25 ? What it Q? Likelihood $\mathcal{I}(D; \mathcal{Q}) = \mathcal{I}_{1} \mathcal{I}_{2} \mathcal{I}_{3} \mathcal{I}_{4} \mathcal{I}_{4}$ $= \frac{N-1}{11} \frac{D-1}{11} O_d^{T(\omega^{G_1}=d)}$ = 0 d=0Log-Likelihood $l(D)^{\circ} g) = lo_{j} (d(D) g)$ $=\sum_{i=0}^{N-1}\sum_{d=0}^{N-1}\sum_{i=0}^{N-1}\sum_{d=0}^{N-1}\sum_{i=0}^{N-1}\sum_{d=0}^{N-1}\sum_{i=0}^{N-1}\sum_{d=0}^{N-1}\sum_{i=0}^{N-1}\sum_{d=0}^{N-1}\sum_$ Maximum Likelihard Estude (MLE) $\mathcal{D}^* = \underset{\mathcal{D} \in [0,1]}{\operatorname{argmax}} \left(\mathcal{C}(\mathcal{D}; \mathcal{Q}) \right)$ Constrained Optimization -> Theorporale constraints is to target function > Lagrand Miltipher constraint function $\sum_{d=0}^{-1} O_d - 1 = 0$ 9(B) = 1- 5, Od Augmented taget $\hat{\mathcal{L}}(D;Q,\lambda) = \mathcal{L}(D;Q) + \lambda g(Q)$ $= \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} \sum_{d=0}^{N-1} \left(\frac{1}{2} - \sum_{d=0}^{N-1} \frac{1}{2} \right) + \lambda \left(\frac{1}{2} - \sum_{d=0}^{N-1} \frac{1}{2} \right)$ -> Taly derivative and set to 0 $\frac{\partial \hat{e}}{\partial \theta_e} = \sum_{i=0}^{N-A} (T(u^{i}) = e) \frac{1}{\theta_e} - \lambda = 0$ Component of D $\begin{array}{c}
\Lambda = \Omega \\
\Sigma = \Omega \\
\Sigma = \Omega \\
\Sigma = \Omega
\end{array}$ No. The # of thes

the weather is "e" $\frac{\partial e}{\partial \lambda} = 1 - \sum_{d=0}^{D-1} \theta_d$ How toget rid of the x? $N = \chi - \chi \cdot 1 = \chi \cdot \sum_{d=0}^{\infty} \frac{\partial -1}{\partial e} = \sum_{d=0}^{\infty} \frac{\partial -1}{\partial e} \frac{\partial -1}{\partial$ $\lambda = \theta_e = const_o = \frac{N_{e-1}}{\theta_{e-1}} = \frac{N_{e+1}}{\theta_{e+1}} = \frac{N_d}{\theta_d}$ $\lambda = \sum_{l=0}^{N-1} \frac{N_d}{2\pi} \cdot 2t = \sum_{l=0}^{N-1} N_l = N_l$ $N = \frac{Ne}{Q_e}$ $N = \frac{Ne}{N}$ $Q_e = \frac{Ne}{N}$