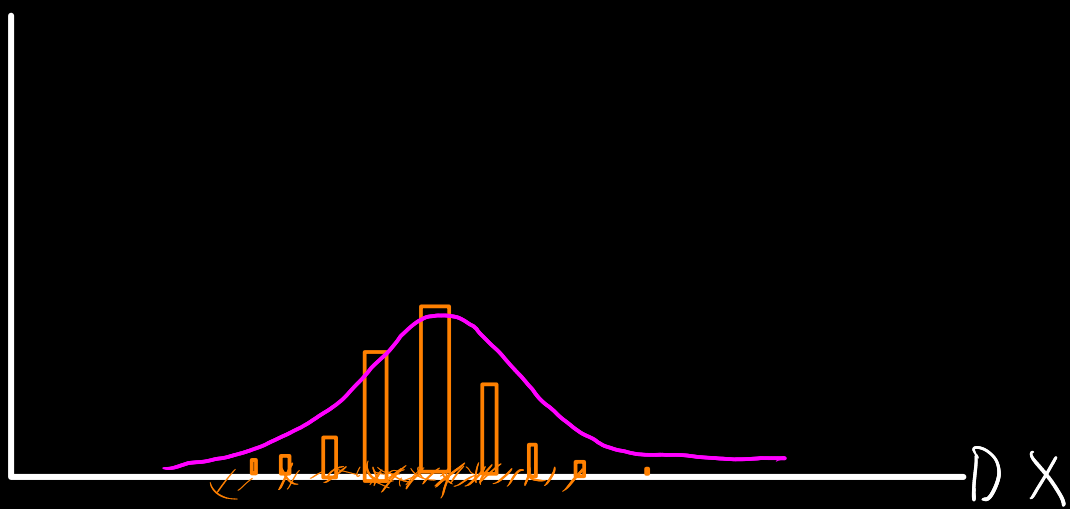


# Sampling the univariate Normal



## ① Sampling the standard Normal $\mathcal{N}(0,1)$

↳ Box-Müller Transform

$$U_1, U_2 \sim \mathcal{U}(0,1) \quad \text{"source of randomness"}$$

$$X_1 = \sqrt{-2 \log(U_1)} \cdot \cos(2\pi U_2)$$

$$X_2 = \sqrt{-2 \log(U_1)} \cdot \sin(2\pi U_2)$$

$$X_1, X_2 \sim \mathcal{N}(0,1)$$

2 uniform samples  $\rightarrow$  Box-Müller  $\rightarrow$  2 normal samples

## ② Sample the general Normal $\mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$

$$X \sim \mathcal{N}(0,1)$$

$$Y = \mu + \sigma X$$

↑ standard deviation, NOT variance

$$Y \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$$