

Deriving the unbiased estimator for the variance

$$\mu_{MLE} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} x^{[i]} \quad \leftarrow$$

$$\sigma_{MLE}^2 = \left(\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} (x^{[i]} - \mu_{MLE})^2 \right) \quad \leftarrow \quad \sigma_{ub}^2 = \left(\frac{1}{N-1} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} (x^{[i]} - \mu_{MLE})^2 \right)$$

unbiased estimator

$$\sigma_{ub}^2 = \left(\frac{N}{N-1} \right) \sigma_{MLE}^2 \quad \text{Bessel's correction}$$

What is unbiasedness?

estimator is unbiased if the Expectation of the Estimator equals what was supposed to be estimated

$$\mathbb{E}[\mu_{MLE}] \text{ has to equal } \mu = \mathbb{E}[X]$$

Disclaimer: $\mathbb{E}[X] = \mathbb{E}_{X \sim p(x)}[X]$ underlying distribution from which we have N samples

$V[X] = V_{X \sim p(x)}[X]$

① test the mean estimator

$$\mathbb{E}[\mu_{MLE}] \stackrel{?}{=} \mu = \mathbb{E}[X]$$

plug in

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E} \left[\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} x^{[i]} \right] &= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} \mathbb{E}[x^{[i]}] \\ &\stackrel{i.i.d.}{=} \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} \mathbb{E}[X] \\ &= \frac{1}{N} \mathbb{E}[X] \cdot \underbrace{\sum_{i=0}^{N-1} 1}_N \\ &= \frac{1}{N} \mathbb{E}[X] \cdot N \\ &\checkmark = \mathbb{E}[X] = \mu \end{aligned}$$

mean estimator is unbiased

② Test the variance estimator

$$\mathbb{E}[\sigma_{MLE}^2] \stackrel{?}{=} \sigma^2 = V[X]$$

plug in

$$\mathbb{E} \left[\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} (x^{[i]} - \bar{x})^2 \right] =$$

Squared differences from the mean

$$\sum_{i=0}^{N-1} (x^{[i]} - \mu)^2 = \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} (x^{[i]} - \mu_{MLE})^2 + N(\mu - \mu_{MLE})^2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} (x^{[i]} - \mu_{MLE})^2 = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} (x^{[i]} - \mu)^2 - (\mu - \mu_{MLE})^2$$

$$= \mathbb{E} \left[\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} (x^{[i]} - \mu)^2 \right] + \mathbb{E}[-(\mu - \mu_{MLE})^2]$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} \mathbb{E}[(x^{[i]} - \mu)^2] - \mathbb{E}[(\mu - \mu_{MLE})^2]$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} (\mathbb{E}[x^{[i]^2}] - 2\mathbb{E}[x^{[i]}]\mu + \mathbb{E}[\mu^2]) - (\mathbb{E}[\mu^2] - 2\mathbb{E}[\mu\mu_{MLE}] + \mathbb{E}[\mu_{MLE}^2])$$

$$\mathbb{E}[x^{[i]}]\mathbb{E}[\mu] = \mathbb{E}[X]\mathbb{E}[x^{[i]}]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}[X]$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} (\mathbb{E}[x^{[i]^2}] - 2\mu \mathbb{E}[x^{[i]}]) - (-2\mu \mathbb{E}[\mu_{MLE}] + \mathbb{E}[\mu_{MLE}^2])$$

$$= \mathbb{E}[X]$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} \mathbb{E}[x^{[i]^2}] - \mathbb{E}[\mu_{MLE}^2]$$

in general

$$V[X] = \mathbb{E}[(X - \mathbb{E}[X])^2]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}[X^2 - 2X\mathbb{E}[X] + \mathbb{E}[X]^2]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}[X^2] - 2\mathbb{E}[X\mathbb{E}[X]] + \mathbb{E}[\mathbb{E}[X]^2]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}[X^2] - 2\mathbb{E}[X]\mathbb{E}[X] + \mathbb{E}[X]^2$$

$$= \mathbb{E}[X^2] - \mathbb{E}[X]^2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \mathbb{E}[X^2] = V[X] + \mathbb{E}[X]^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} (\underbrace{V[x^{[i]}]}_{=V[X]} + \underbrace{\mathbb{E}[x^{[i]^2]}_{= \mathbb{E}[X]^2}}_{= \mathbb{E}[X]^2}) \\ &\quad - (V[\mu_{MLE}] + \underbrace{\mathbb{E}[\mu_{MLE}^2]}_{= \mathbb{E}[X]^2}) \end{aligned}$$

$$= V[X] - V[\mu_{MLE}]$$

$$V[\mu_{MLE}] = V \left[\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} x^{[i]} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{N^2} V \left[\sum_{i=0}^{N-1} x^{[i]} \right] \quad \text{Variance is not linear}$$

$$\stackrel{i.i.d.}{=} \frac{1}{N^2} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} V[x^{[i]}]$$

$$= V[X]$$

$$= \frac{1}{N^2} V[X] \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} 1$$

$$= N$$

$$= \frac{N}{N^2} V[X]$$

$$= \frac{V[X]}{N}$$

$$= V[X] - \frac{V[X]}{N}$$

$$= \left(\frac{N-1}{N} \right) V[X] = \mathbb{E}[\sigma_{MLE}^2]$$

$\frac{1}{N}$ Bessel's correction \rightarrow it is biased

Define a new estimator

$$\sigma_{ub}^2 = \frac{N}{N-1} \sigma_{MLE}^2$$

$$= \frac{N}{N-1} \cdot \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} (x^{[i]} - \mu_{MLE})^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{N-1} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} (x^{[i]} - \mu_{MLE})^2$$