

Interfaces to the Outside World

Data are read in using *connection* interfaces. Connections can be made to files (most common) or to other more exotic things.

- `file`, opens a connection to a file
- `gzipfile`, opens a connection to a file compressed with gzip
- `bzfile`, opens a connection to a file compressed with bzip2
- `url`, opens a connection to a webpage

File Connections

```
> str(file)
function (description = "", open = "", blocking = TRUE,
          encoding = getOption("encoding"))
```

- `description` is the name of the file
- `open` is a code indicating
 - “r” read only
 - “w” writing (and initializing a new file)
 - “a” appending
 - “rb”, “wb”, “ab” reading, writing, or appending in binary mode (Windows)

Connections

In general, connections are powerful tools that let you navigate files or other external objects. In practice, we often don't need to deal with the connection interface directly.

```
con <- file("foo.txt", "r")  
data <- read.csv(con)  
close(con)
```

is the same as

```
data <- read.csv("foo.txt")
```

Reading Lines of a Text File

```
> con <- gzfile("words.gz")
> x <- readLines(con, 10)
> x
[1] "1080"      "10-point" "10th"      "11-point"
[5] "12-point"  "16-point" "18-point"  "1st"
[9] "2"         "20-point"
```

`writeLines` takes a character vector and writes each element one line at a time to a text file.

Reading Lines of a Text File

`readLines` can be useful for reading in lines of webpages

```
## This might take time
con <- url("http://www.jhsph.edu", "r")
x <- readLines(con)
> head(x)
[1] "<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.0 Transitional//EN">"
[2] ""
[3] "<html>"
[4] "<head>"
[5] "\t<meta http-equiv=\"Content-Type\" content=\"text/html; charset=utf-8"
```