BEGINNER EV3 PROGRAMMING LESSON



Topics Covered: Touch Sensor



By: Droids Robotics

LESSON OBJECTIVES

- 1. Learn how to use the Touch Sensor
- 2. Learn how to use the Wait For Block
- Learn the difference between the Wait For Block and the Sensor Blocks
- 4. Learn when to use Move Block's "On" mode

WHAT IS A SENSOR?

- A sensor lets an EV3 program measure and collect data about is surroundings
- The EV3 sensors include:
 - Color measures color and darkness
 - Gyro measures rotation of robot
 - Ultrasonic measures distance to nearby surfaces
 - Touch measures contact with surface
 - Infrared measures IR remote's signals

Our lessons will cover the 4 sensors in green.



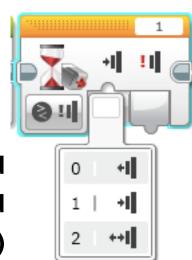
Image from: http://www.ucalgary.ca/IOSTEM/files/IOSTEM/media_crop/44/public/sensors.jpg

WHAT IS A TOUCH SENSOR?

- Touch Sensor can detect when the sensor's red button has been pressed or released
- With this information, you can program an action when the sensor is:

Currently Pressed Currently Released

Pressed and Released Just Before (Bumped)



- When might you use this sensor?
 - Useful for programming "moving until touch sensor is pressed/released/bumped"
 - For example, if you put a touch sensor on the front the robot, you can have it stop moving if it runs into something.
 - You can also have your program start or stop when a touch sensor is pressed.

WHAT DOES "BUMPED" MEAN?*

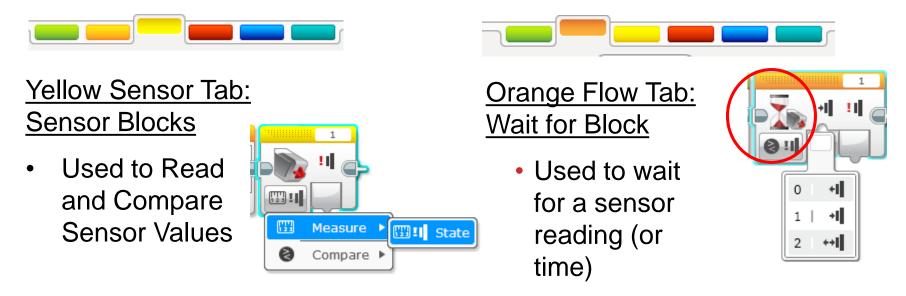
The sensor basically is like a True/False switch "Bumped" can be tricky. What conditions must be there for the sensor to read True for Bumped?

Time	Action	Pressed	Released	Bumped
1	Button starts released	False	True	False
2	Button is pressed in	True	False	False
3	Button is released, and program reads sensor	False	True	<u>True</u>
4	Button is still released, and the program tests the Touch Sensor again	False	True	False
5	Button is pressed a second time	True	False	False
6	Button is released, but the program does not read the sensor			
200 secs later	Program reads sensor	False	True	<u>True</u>
201	Button is still released, and the program tests the Touch Sensor again	False	True	False

^{*} Based on the Lego EV3 help screen

HOW DO YOU PROGRAM WITH THE TOUCH SENSOR?

There is a Touch Sensor Block in the Yellow Tab, but there is a Wait for Touch in the Orange Tab. What is the difference!!????!

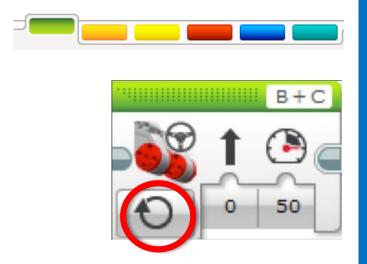


In this lesson, we will use the Wait For Block

A TIP FOR MOVE STEERING BLOCKS WITH SENSORS

Leaving the motor "on" and "off"
Why use the "on" instead of "degrees"?

 May want the program to do other tasks such as reading a sensor while moving

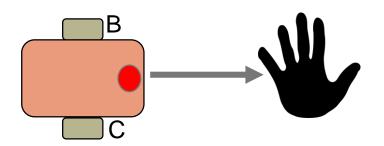


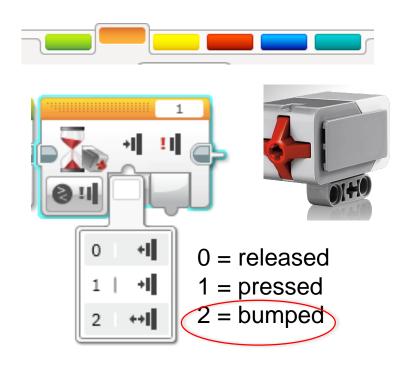
TEACHER INSTRUCTIONS

Challenges are on slides 9 and 11
Solutions to these challenges are on slides 10 and 12
Discussion is on slide 13

CHALLENGE 1

Program your robot to move straight until you tap the sensor with your hand.

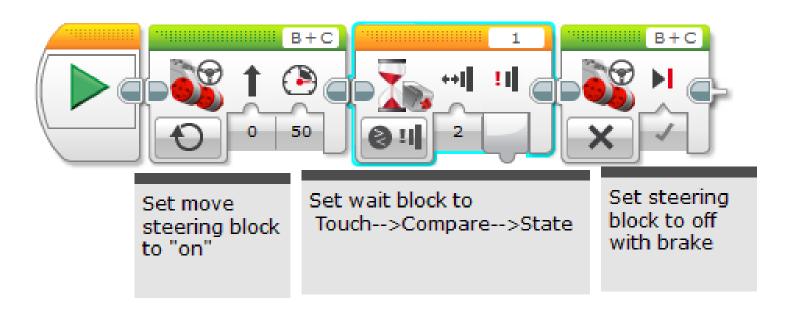




Hint: You will combine: Move Steering + Wait Block

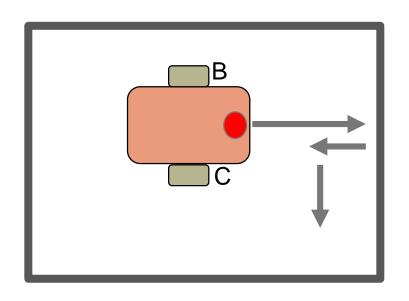
CHALLENGE 1 SOLUTION

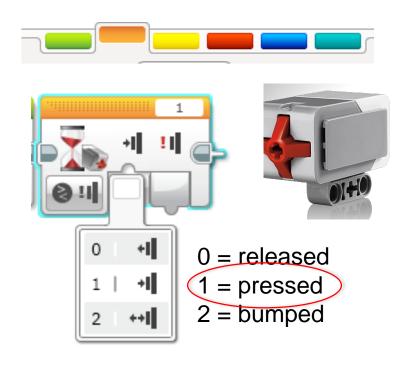
The goal of this program is to make your robot move straight until you touch the sensor with your hand.



CHALLENGE 2

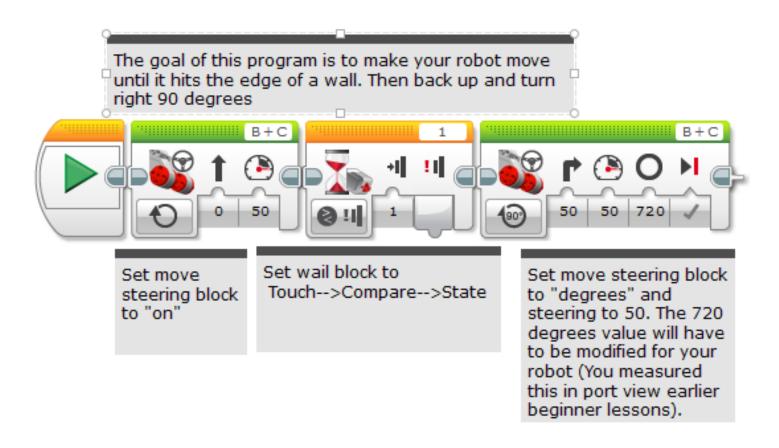
Program your robot to move until it hits the edge of a wall. Then back up and turn right 90 degrees.





Hint: You will combine Move Steering + Turning + Wait Block

CHALLENGE 2 SOLUTION



DISCUSSION

Why did you use MOTOR ON for these challenges?

You want to read the sensor while the motor is on.

Why do we use the WAIT FOR BLOCK in these challenges?

We need to program to wait for the correct reading

What is the difference between PRESSED, RELEASED and BUMPED?

PRESSED = pushed in, RELEASED = not pushed, BUMPED = pressed and released recently

What are some situations you might want to use each of these for?

PRESSED = running into a wall, BUMPED = tapped by hand RELEASED = no longer touching a wall

CREDITS

- This tutorial was created by Sanjay Seshan and Arvind Seshan from Droids Robotics.
- More lessons are available at www.ev3lessons.com
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