MOTOROLA

MCM68764
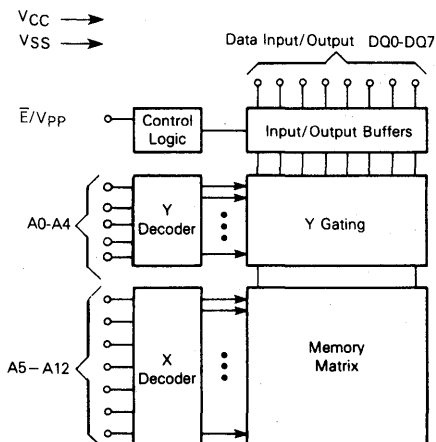
64K-BIT UV ERASABLE PROM

The MCM68764 is a 65,536-bit Erasable and Electrically Reprogrammable PROM designed for system debug usage and similar applications requiring nonvolatile memory that could be reprogrammed periodically, or for replacing 64K ROMs for fast turnaround time. The transparent window on the package allows the memory content to be erased with ultraviolet light.

For ease of use, the device operates from a single power supply and has a static power-down mode. Pin-for-pin mask programmable ROMs are available for large volume production runs of systems initially using the MCM68764.

● Single +5 V Power Supply
● Automatic Power-down Mode (Standby) with Chip Enable
● Organized as 8192 Bytes of 8 Bits
● Low Power Dissipation
    85 mA Active Maximum
    20 mA Standby Maximum
● Fully TTL Compatible
● Maximum Access Time = 450 ns MCM68764
                          350 ns MCM68764-35
● Standard 24-Pin DIP for EPROM Upgradability
● Pin Compatible to MCM68365 Mask Programmable ROM
● Fast Programming Algorithm Possible

MOS

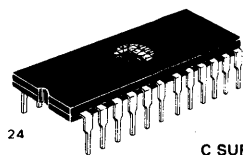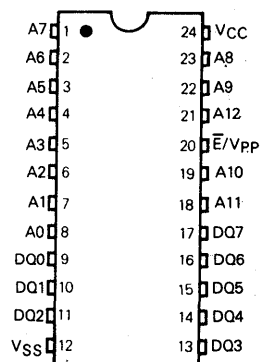(N-CHANNEL, SILICON-GATE)

8192 × 8-BIT
UV ERASABLE
PROGRAMMABLE READ
ONLY MEMORY

24

C SUFFIX
FRIT-SEAL CERAMIC PACKAGE
CASE 623A

EPROM

BLOCK DIAGRAM

V_{CC} →
V_{SS} →

Data Input/Output DQ0-DQ7

$\overline{E}/V_{PP}$ — Control Logic

Input/Output Buffers

A0-A4 — Y Decoder — Y Gating

A5 - A12 — X Decoder — Memory Matrix

PIN ASSIGNMENT

A7	1 ●	24	V_{CC}
A6	2	23	A8
A5	3	22	A9
A4	4	21	A12
A3	5	20	$\overline{E}/V_{PP}$
A2	6	19	A10
A1	7	18	A11
A0	8	17	DQ7
DQ0	9	16	DQ6
DQ1	10	15	DQ5
DQ2	11	14	DQ4
V_{SS}	12	13	DQ3

Pin Names	
A . . . . Address
DQ . . . . Data Input/Output
$\overline{E}/V_{PP}$ . . . . Chip Enable/Program
V_{CC} . . . . +5 V
V_{SS} . . . . Ground

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (See Note)

| Rating	Value	Unit
Temperature Under Bias	-10 to $+80$	°C
Operating Temperature Range	0 to $+70$	°C
Storage Temperature	-65 to $+125$	°C
All Input or Output Voltages with Respect to V_{SS}	$+6$ to -0.3	V
V_{PP} Supply Voltage with Respect to V_{SS}	$+28$ to -0.3	V

NOTE: Permanent device damage may occur if ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS. Exposure to higher than recommended voltages for extended periods of time could affect device reliability.

This device contains circuitry to protect the inputs against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields; however, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high-impedance circuit.

MODE SELECTION

Mode	Pin Number			
	9-11, 13-17, DQ	12 V_{SS}	20 $\overline{E}/V_{PP}$	24 V_{CC}
Read	Data out	V_{SS}	V_{IL}	V_{CC}
Output Disable	High-Z	V_{SS}	V_{IH}	V_{CC}
Standby	High-Z	V_{SS}	V_{IH}	V_{CC}
Program	Data in	V_{SS}	Pulsed V_{ILP} to V_{IHP}	V_{CC}

FIGURE 1 — AC TEST LOAD
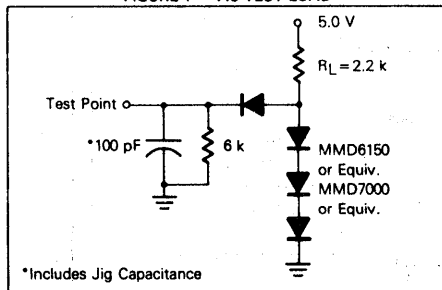
5.0 V

$R_L = 2.2$ k

Test Point

*100 pF   6 k

MMD6150 or Equiv.

MMD7000 or Equiv.

*Includes Jig Capacitance

DC OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS
(Full operating voltage and temperature range unless otherwise noted)

CAPACITANCE ($f = 1.0$ MHz, $T_A = 25°C$, $V_{CC} = 5$ V periodically sampled rather than 100% tested)

Characteristic	Symbol	Typ	Max	Unit
Input Capacitance ($V_{in} = 0$ V) Except $\overline{E}/V_{PP}$	C_{in}	4.0	6.0	pF
Input Capacitance $\overline{E}/V_{PP}$	C_{in}	60	100	pF
Output Capacitance ($V_{out} = 0$ V)	C_{out}	8.0	12	pF

Capacitance measured with a Boonton Meter or effective capacitance calculated from the equation: $C = I\Delta_t/\Delta V$.

RECOMMENDED DC OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	MCM68764C, MCM68764C35	V_{CC}	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
Input High Voltage		V_{IH}	2.0	—	$V_{CC} + 1.0$	V
Input Low Voltage		V_{IL}	− 0.1	—	0.8	V

DC OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Condition	Symbol	MCM68764 Min	MCM68764 Typ	MCM68764 Max	Units
Address Input Sink Current	$V_{in} = 5.25$ V	I_{in}	—	—	10	μA
Output Leakage Current	$V_{out} = 5.25$ V	I_{LO}	—	—	10	μA
$\overline{E}/V_{PP}$ Input Sink Current	$\overline{E}/V_{PP} = 0.4$	I_{EL}	—	—	100	μA
	$\overline{E}/V_{PP} = 2.4$	$I_{EH} = I_{PL}$	—	—	100	μA
V_{CC} Supply Current (Standby, Outputs Open)	$\overline{E}/V_{PP} = V_{IH}$	I_{CC1}	—	—	20	mA
V_{CC} Supply Current (Active, Outputs Open).	$\overline{E}/V_{PP} = V_{IL}$	I_{CC2}	—	—	85	mA
Output Low Voltage	$I_{OL} = 2.1$ mA	V_{OL}	—	—	0.45	V
Output High Voltage	$I_{OH} = - 400$ μA	V_{OH}	2.4	—	—	V

AC OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS
(Full operating voltage and temperature range unless otherwise noted)

Input Pulse Levels ....0.8 Volt and 2.2 Volts
Input Rise and Fall Times ....20 ns
Input Timing Levels ....1.0 Volt and 2.0 Volts
Output Timing Levels.............................. 0.8 Volt and 2.0 Volts
Output Load ....See Figure 1

Characteristic	Symbol Standard	Symbol Alternate	MCM68764C35 Min	MCM68764C35 Max	MCM68764C Min	MCM68764C Max	Units
Addres Valid to Output Valid ($\overline{E} = V_{IL}$)	t_{AVQV}	t_{ACC}	—	350	—	450	ns
Chip Enable to Output Valid	t_{ELQV}	t_{CE}	—	350	—	450	ns
Chip Disable to Output High Z	t_{EHQZ}	t_{DF}	0	100	0	100	ns
Data Hold from Address ($\overline{E} = V_{IL}$)	t_{AXDX}	t_{OH}	0	—	0	—	ns

READ MODE TIMING DIAGRAM
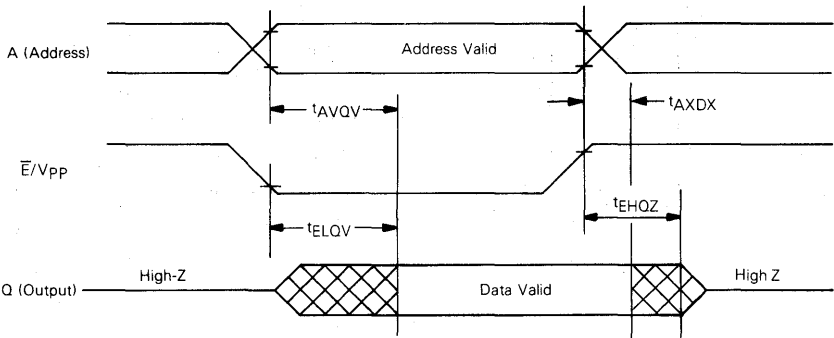
EPROM

DC PROGRAMMING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS
$(T_A = 25 \pm 5°C)$

RECOMMENDED PROGRAMMING OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
Input High Voltage for All Addresses and Data	V_{IH}	2.2	—	$V_{CC} + 1$	V
Input Low Voltage for All Addresses and Data	V_{IL}	−0.1	—	0.8	V
Program Pulse Input High Voltage	V_{IHP}	24	25	26	V
Program Pulse Input Low Voltage	V_{ILP}	2.0	V_{CC}	6.0	V

PROGRAMMING OPERATION DC CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Condition	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Address Input Sink Current	$V_{in} = 5.25$ V	I_{LI}	—	—	10	μA
V_{PP} Program Pulse Supply Current ($V_{PP} = 25$ V ± 1 V)	—	I_{PH}	—	—	30	mA
V_{PP} Supply Current ($V_{PP} = 2.4$ V)	—	$I_{PL} = I_{EH}$	—	—	100	μA
V_{CC} Supply Current ($V_{PP} = 5.0$ V)	—	I_{CC}	—	—	85	mA

AC PROGRAMMING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol		Min	Max	Unit
	Standard	Alternate			
Address Setup Time	t_{AVPH}	t_{AS}	2.0	—	μs
Data Setup Time	t_{DVPH}	t_{DS}	2.0	—	μs
Chip Enable to Valid Data	t_{ELQV}	t_{CE}	450	—	ns
Chip Disable to Data In	t_{EHDV}	t_{CDD}	2.0	—	μs
Program Pulse Width	t_{PHPL}	t_{PW}	1.9	2.1	ms
Program Pulse Rise Time	t_{PR}	t_{PR}	0.5	2.0	μs
Program Pulse Fall Time	t_{PF}	t_{PF}	0.5	2.0	μs
Cumulative Programming Time Per Word*	t_{CP}	t_{CP}	12	50	ms

*If less than 25 two millisecond pulses are required to verify programming, then 5 additional two millisecond pulses are required to ensure proper operating margins (i.e., 2 ms + 5 × 2 ms = 12 ms minimum t_{CP}).

PROGRAMMING OPERATION TIMING DIAGRAM

MCM68764
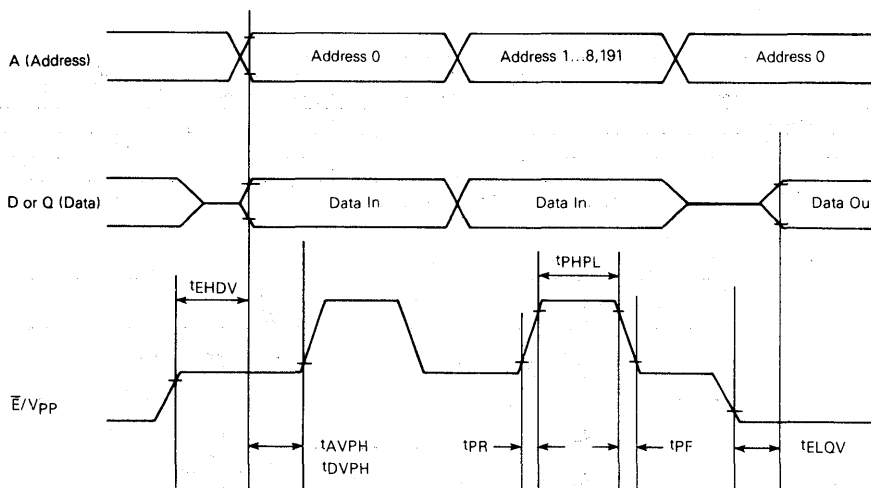
PROGRAMMING INSTRUCTIONS

Before programming, the memory should be submitted to a full erase operation to ensure that every bit is in the "1" state (represented by Output High). Data is entered by programming zeros (Output Low) into the required bits. The words are addressed the same way as in the READ operation. A programmed "0" can only be changed to a "1" by ultraviolet erasure.

To set the memory up for Program Mode, the $\overline{E}/V_{PP}$ input (Pin 20) should be between +2.0 and +6.0 V, which will three-state the outputs and allow data to be setup on the DQ terminals. The V_{CC} voltage is the same as for the Read operation. Only "0's" will be programmed when "0's" and "1's" are entered in the 8-bit data word.

After address and data setup, 25-volt programming pulse (V_{IH} to V_{IHP}) is applied to the $\overline{E}/V_{PP}$ input. The program pulse width is 2 ms and the maximum program pulse amplitude is 26 V.

Multiple MCM68764s may be programmed in parallel by connecting like inputs and applying the program pulse to the $\overline{E}/V_{PP}$ inputs. Different data may be programmed into multiple MCM68764s connected in parallel by selectively applying the programming pulse only to the MCM68764s to be programmed.

READ OPERATION

After access time, data is valid at the outputs in the Read mode. A single input ($\overline{E}/V_{PP}$) enables the outputs and puts the chip in active or standby mode. With $\overline{E}/V_{PP}$ = "0" the outputs are enabled and the chip is in active mode; with $\overline{E}/V_{PP}$ = "1" the outputs are three-stated and the chip is in standby mode. During standby mode, the power dissipation is reduced.

Multiple MCM68764s may share a common data bus with like outputs OR-tied together. In this configuration, only one $\overline{E}/V_{PP}$ input should be low and no other device outputs should be active on the same bus. This will prevent data contention on the bus.

ERASING INSRUCTIONS

The MCM68764 can be erased by exposure to high intensity shortwave ultraviolet light, with a wavelength of 2537 angstroms. The recommended integrated dose (i.e., UV-intensity X exposure time) is 15 Ws/cm^2. As an example, using the "Model 30-000" UV-Eraser (Turner Designs, Mountain View, CA 94043) the ERASE-time is 36 minutes. The lamps should be used without shortwave filters and the MCM68764 should be positioned about one inch away from the UV-tubes.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING PROCEDURES

After erasure and reprogramming of the EPROM, it is recommended that the quartz window be covered with an opaque self-adhesive cover. It is important that the self-adhesive cover not leave any residue on the quartz if it is removed to allow another erasure.

EPROM

MCM68764

FAST PROGRAMMING ALGORITHM

This device is capable of the fast programming algorithm as shown by the following flow chart. This algorithm allows for faster programming time with increased operating margins and improved reliability of data storage.

FAST PROGRAMMING ALGORITHM FLOW CHART

Start

Set Program/Verify Mode
$V_{PP} = 25\,V$ $V_{CC} = 6\,V$

Address = 0

Loop = 0

Loop + 1 → Loop

No

Fail ← Yes ← Loop = Max

Typical Loop = 1 − 5

Program $t_{PHPL} = 1\,ms$

Verify — No

Yes

Last Address — No

Address + 1 → Address

Yes

Set Read Mode
$V_{CC} = 4.75\,and\,5.25\,V$

Read All Addresses — No → Fail

Yes

End