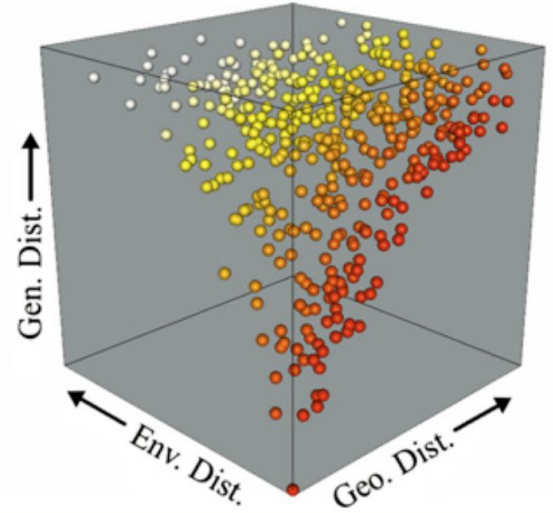
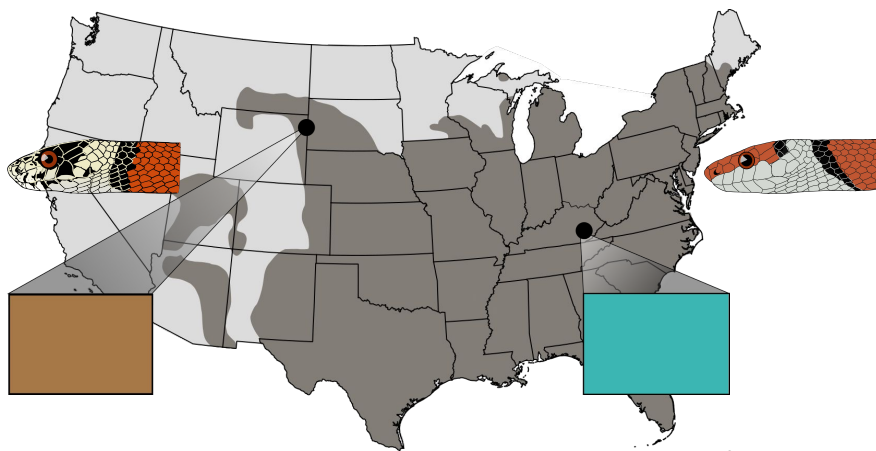


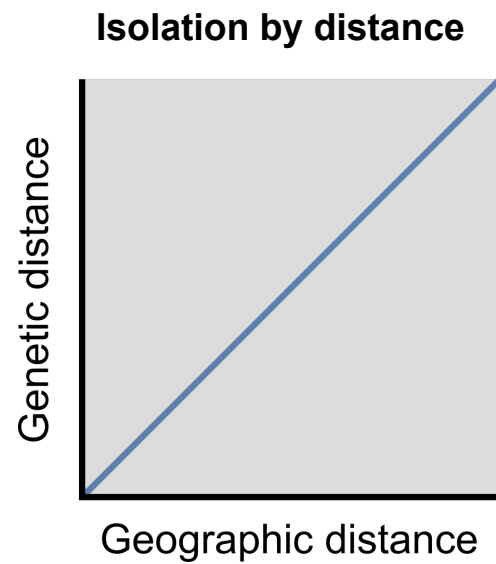
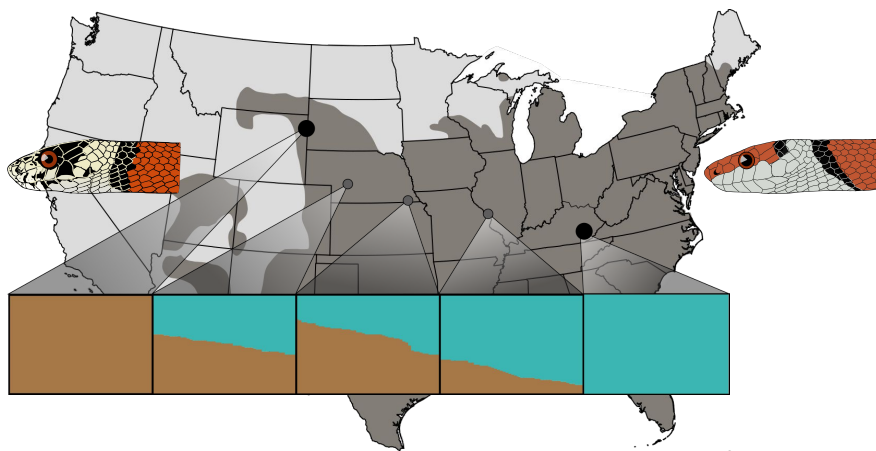
MMRR:

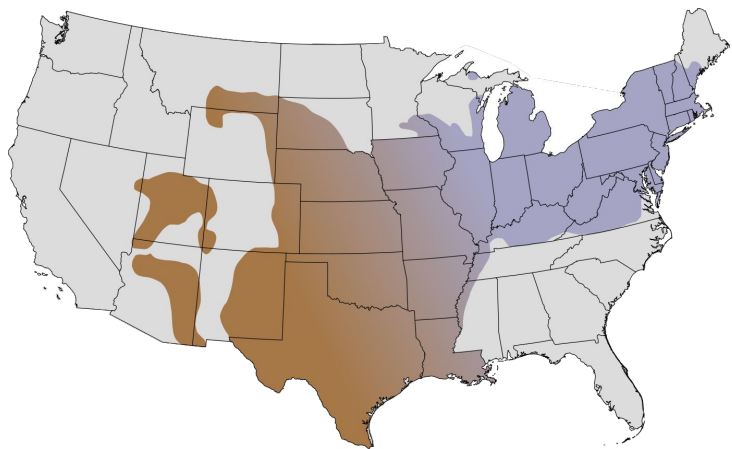
Multiple Matrix Regression with Randomization

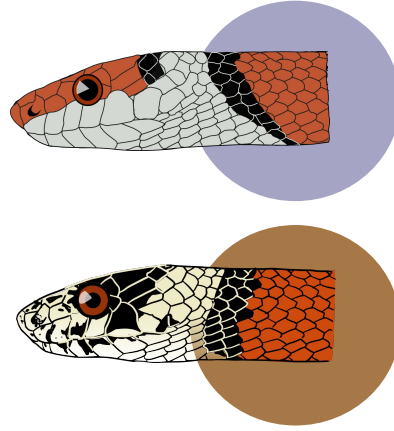
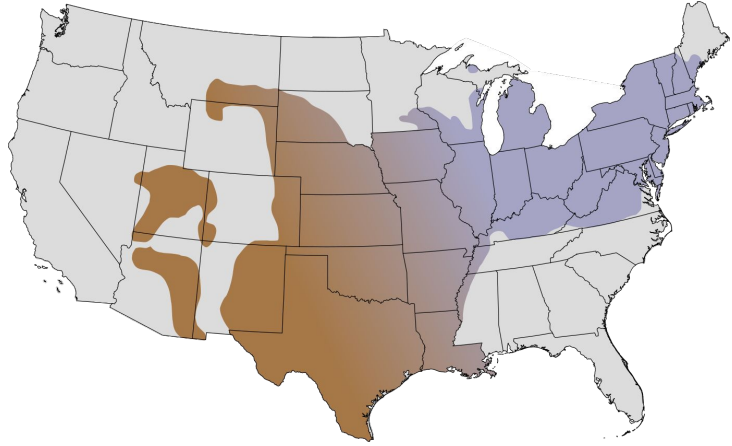
Anne Chambers & Anusha Bishop (2024)



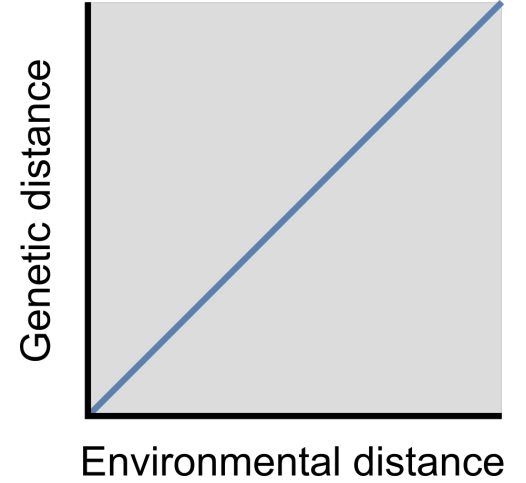




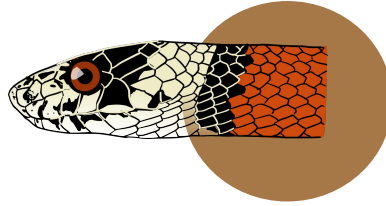
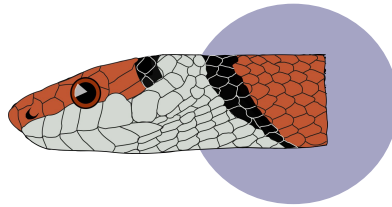
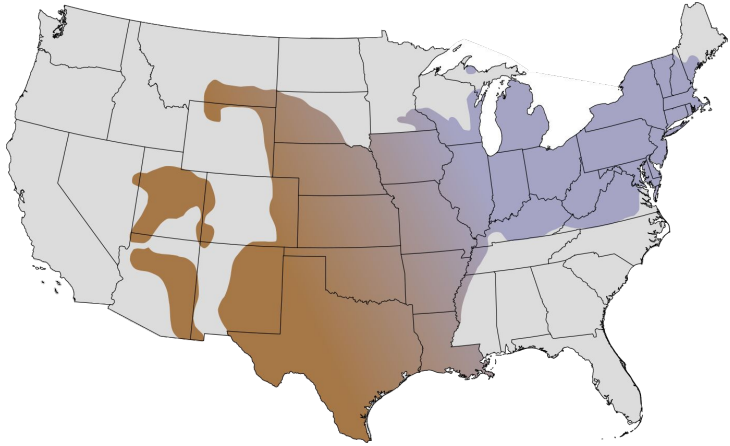




Isolation by environment



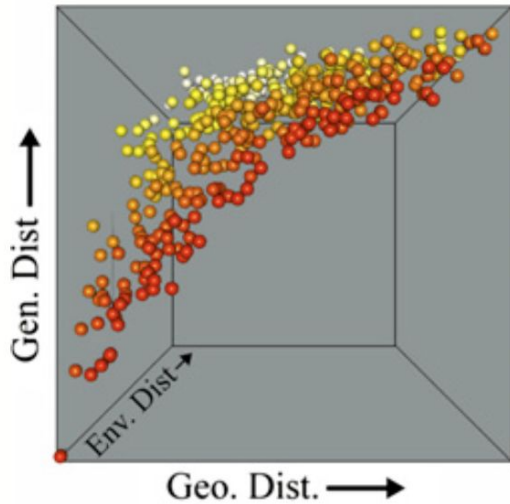
Isolation by environment



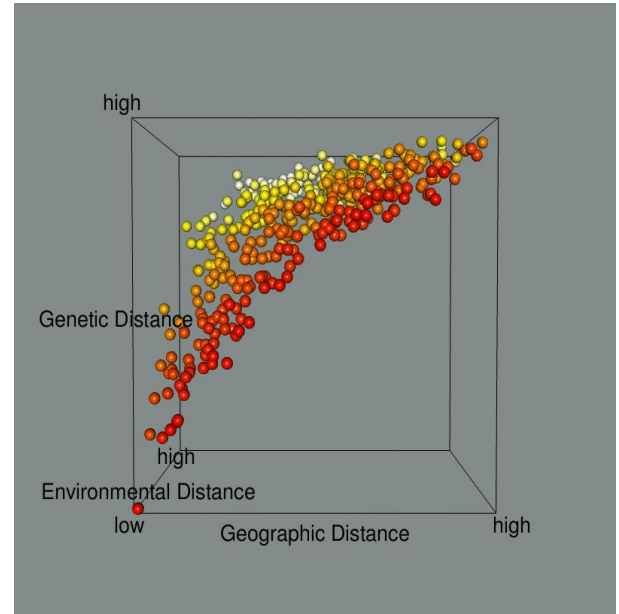
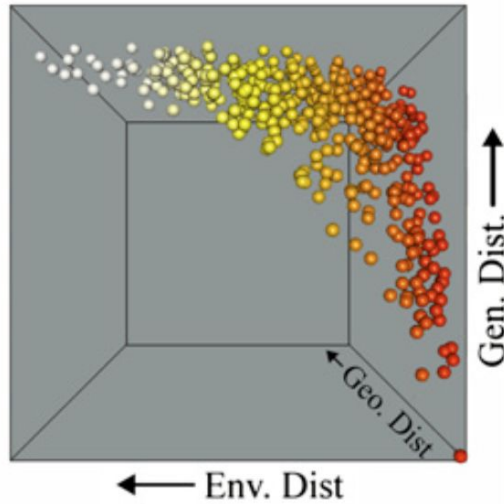
- Natural selection
- Sexual selection
- Hybrids have reduced fitness
- Biased dispersal

IBD and IBE can covary with one another

Isolation by distance

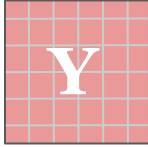


Isolation by environment

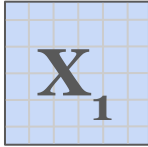


Multiple matrix regression with randomization (MMRR)

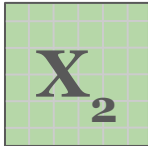
Genetic
distance
matrix



Geographic
distance
matrix

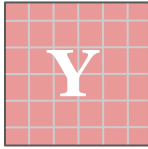


Environmental
distance
matrix

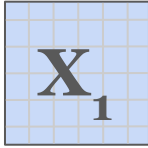


Multiple matrix regression with randomization (MMRR)

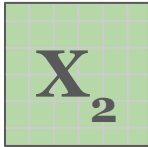
Genetic
distance
matrix



Geographic
distance
matrix

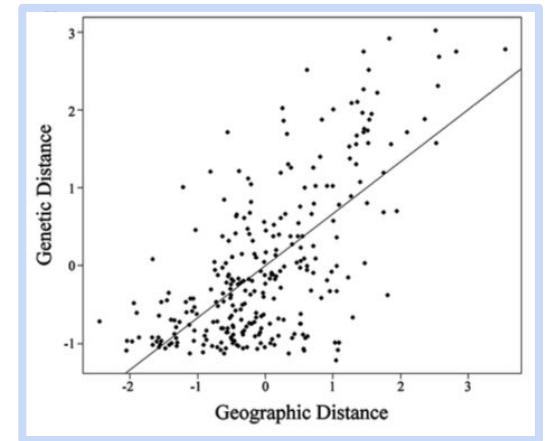
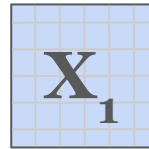
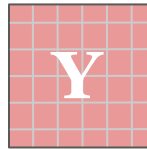


Environmental
distance
matrix



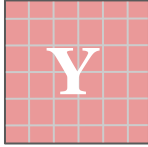
$$y_{ij} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{1ij} + \beta_2 x_{2ij} + \varepsilon_{ij}$$

Relationship between y_{ij}
and x_{1ij} when x_{2ij} constant

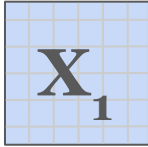


Multiple matrix regression with randomization (MMRR)

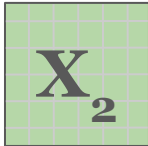
Genetic
distance
matrix



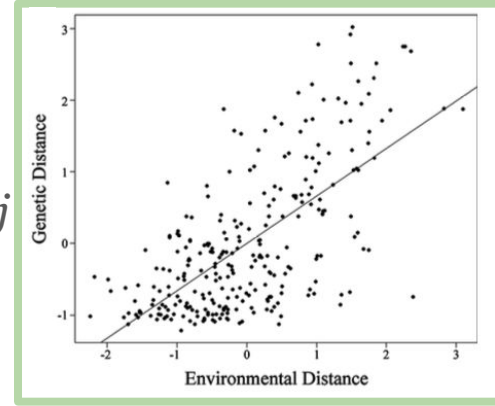
Geographic
distance
matrix



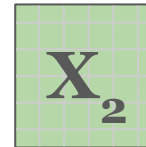
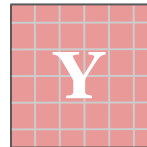
Environmental
distance
matrix



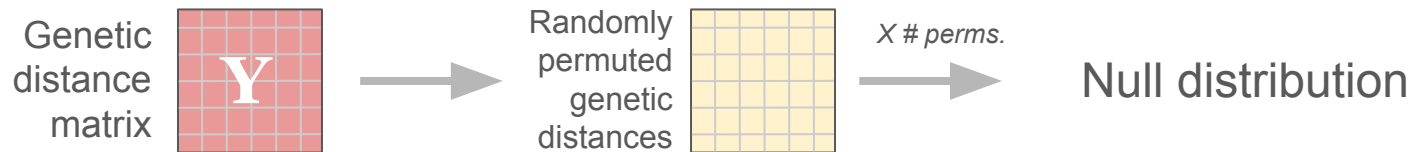
$$y_{ij} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{1ij} + \beta_2 x_{2ij} + \varepsilon_{ij}$$



Relationship between y_{ij}
and x_{2ij} when x_{1ij} constant

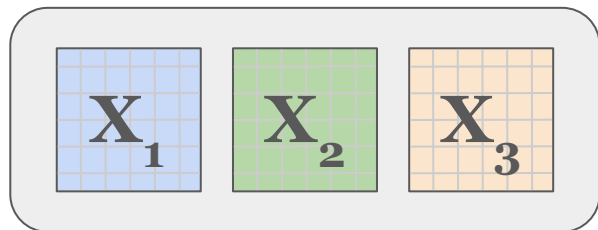


Significance testing & variable selection in MMRR

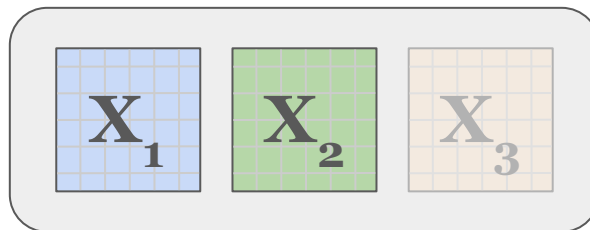


Backward elimination

Full model



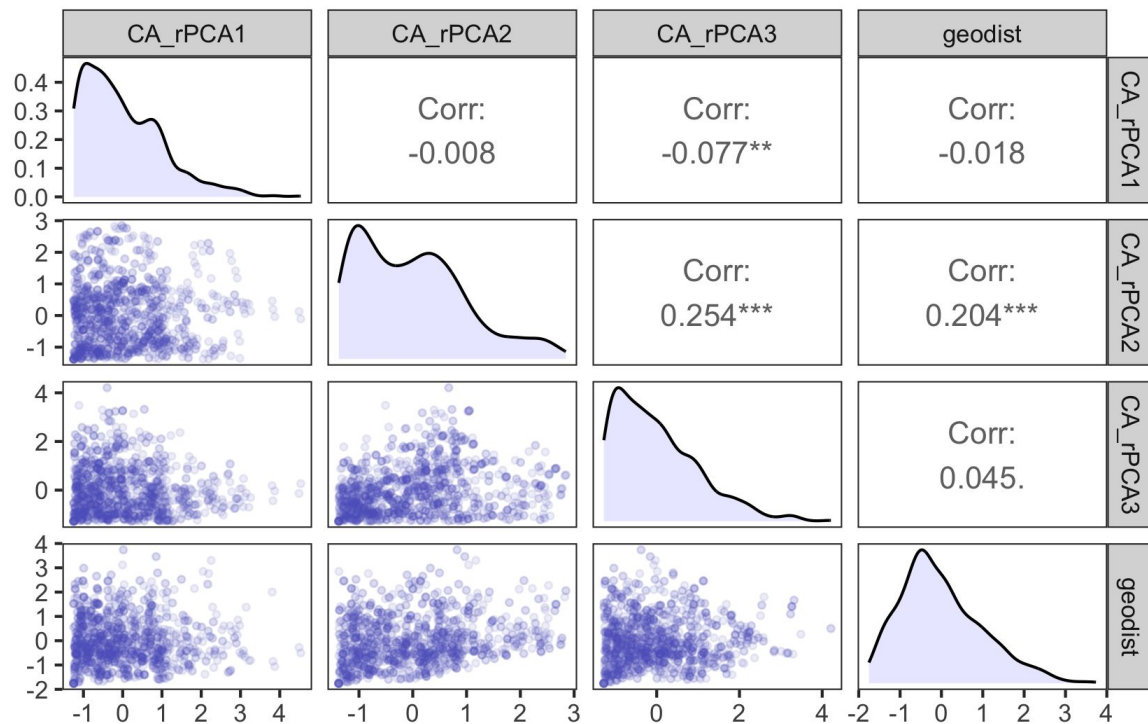
Remove least significant variable



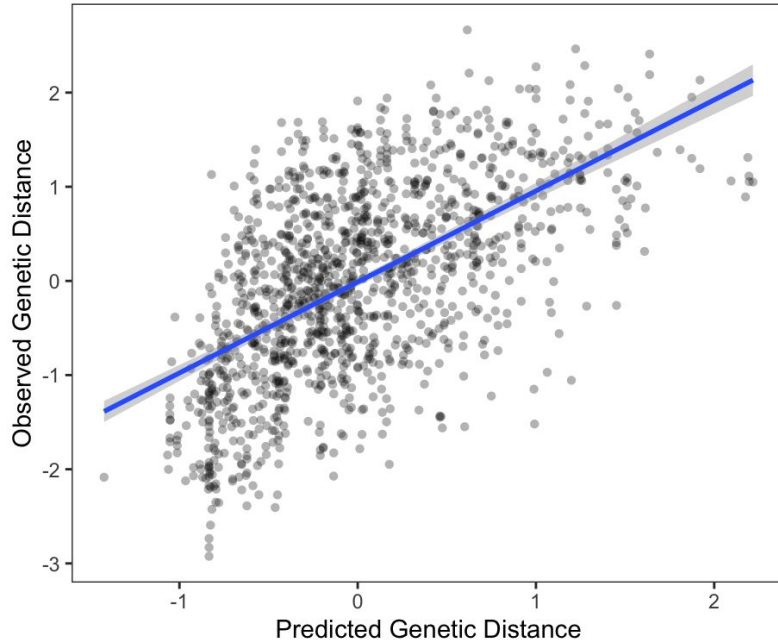
Stopping point reached

“Best” model

Interpreting MMRR results



Interpreting MMRR results



Take ratio of IBD:IBE coefficients
(β_1/β_2)

$\text{Intercept} + \beta_1(\text{geo dist}) + \beta_2(\text{enviro dist}) + \text{Error}$

EXERCISE

Process input data files

```
# Convert genetic data to matrix  
Y <- as.matrix(liz_gendist)
```

```
# Extract values from our environmental raster
```

```
env <- raster::extract(CA_env,  
                        liz_coords)
```

```
# Calculate environmental distances
```

```
X <- env_dist(env)
```

```
# Add geographic distance to X
```

```
X[["geodist"]] <- geo_dist(liz_coords)
```

Raster from which to extract values

Data frame with points for which
values will be extracted from raster

Data frame of environmental variables
for locations

coords = sampling coordinates for
which to calculate geographic
distances

Run MMRR

```
results_full <- mmrr_run(Y,  
  X,  
  stdz = TRUE,  
  nperm = 999,  
  model = "full")
```

Y = dependent matrix
(genetic distances)

X = independent matrix
(environmental and geographic
distances)

stdz = whether to
standardize input
data matrices

nperm = number of
permutations for
significance testing

model = run MMRR on all predictor
variables with no variable selection
("**full**") or perform variable selection
("**best**")

*This syntax is standardized across all
relevant algaR functions*

Interpret and plot MMRR results

▼ results_full

▶ coeff_df

▼ mod

▶ r.squared

▶ coefficients

▶ tstatistic

▶ tpvalue

▶ Fstatistic

▶ Fpvalue

conf_df

Y

▶ X

X_best

Interpret and plot MMRR results

```
# Single variable plot
```

```
mmrr_plot(Y,  
          X,  
          mod = results_full$mod,  
          plot_type = "vars",  
          stdz = TRUE)
```

mod = MMRR model

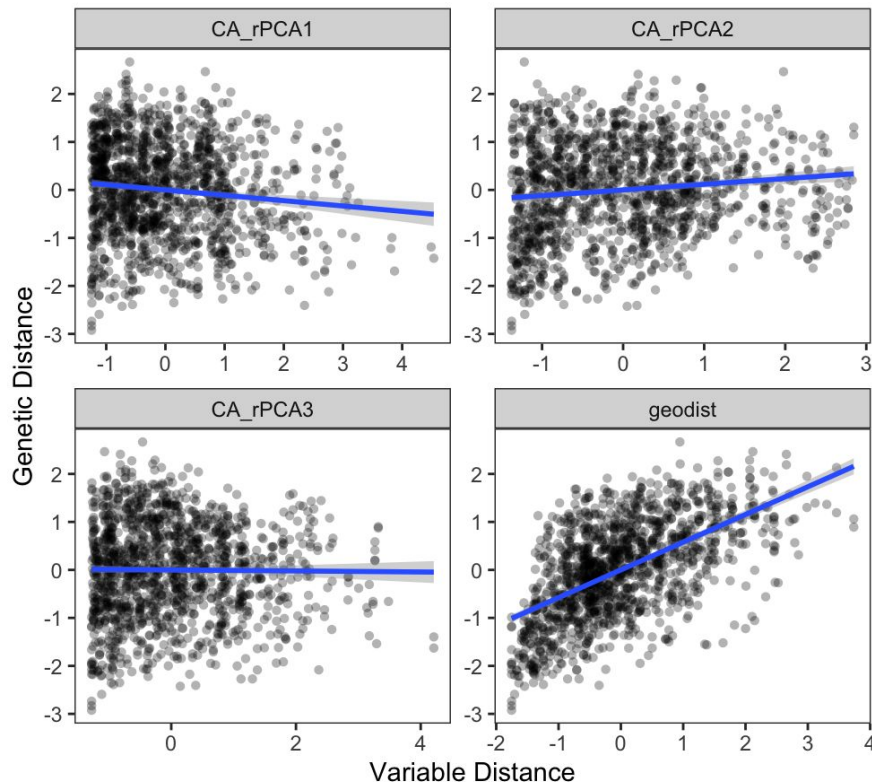
plot_type = relationship to plot

stdz = standardize data matrices

Interpret and plot MMRR results

```
# Single variable plot  
mmrr_plot(Y,  
          X,  
          mod = results_full$mod,  
          plot_type = "vars",  
          stdz = TRUE)
```

Try out the other two options for the **plot_type** argument. What is plotted?



Interpret and plot MMRR results

```
mmrr_table(mmrr_results = results_full,  
           digits = 2,  
           summary_stats = TRUE)
```

var	estimate	p	95% Lower	95% Upper
CA_rPCA1	-0.10	0.06	-0.14	-0.07
CA_rPCA2	0.01	0.78	-0.03	0.05
CA_rPCA3	-0.05	0.36	-0.08	-0.01
geodist	0.58	0.00	0.54	0.61
Intercept	0.00	0.30	-0.04	0.04

R-Squared: 0.35

F-Statistic: 181.28

F p-value: 0.00

See what other arguments there are within the **mmrr_table** function and try them out!

Exercise

1. Load the example dataset
2. Calculate environmental distances using `env_dist()`
3. Run MMRR using `mmrr_run()` with and without variable selection
4. Visualize MMRR results using `mmrr_plot()` and `mmrr_table()`