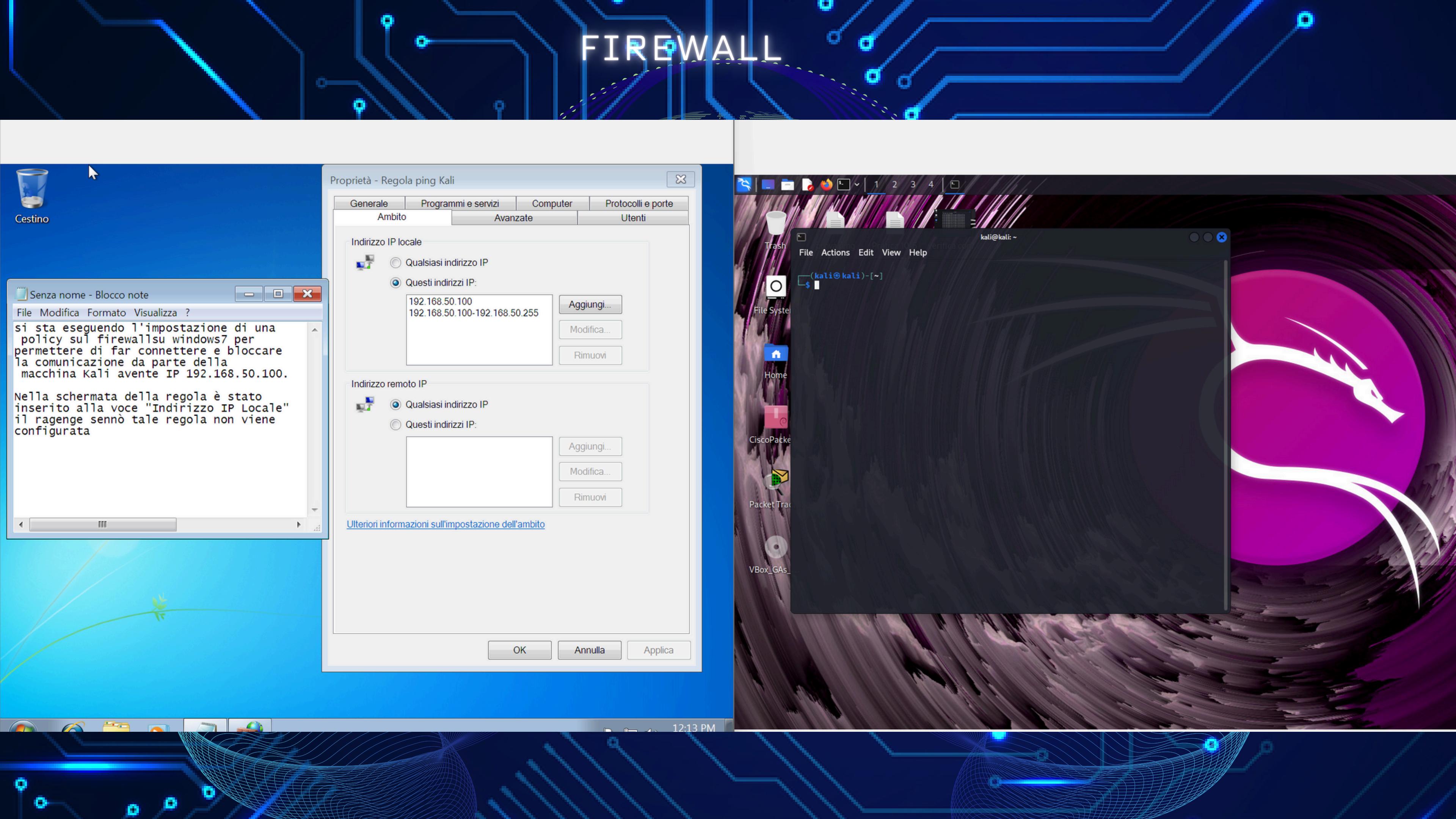


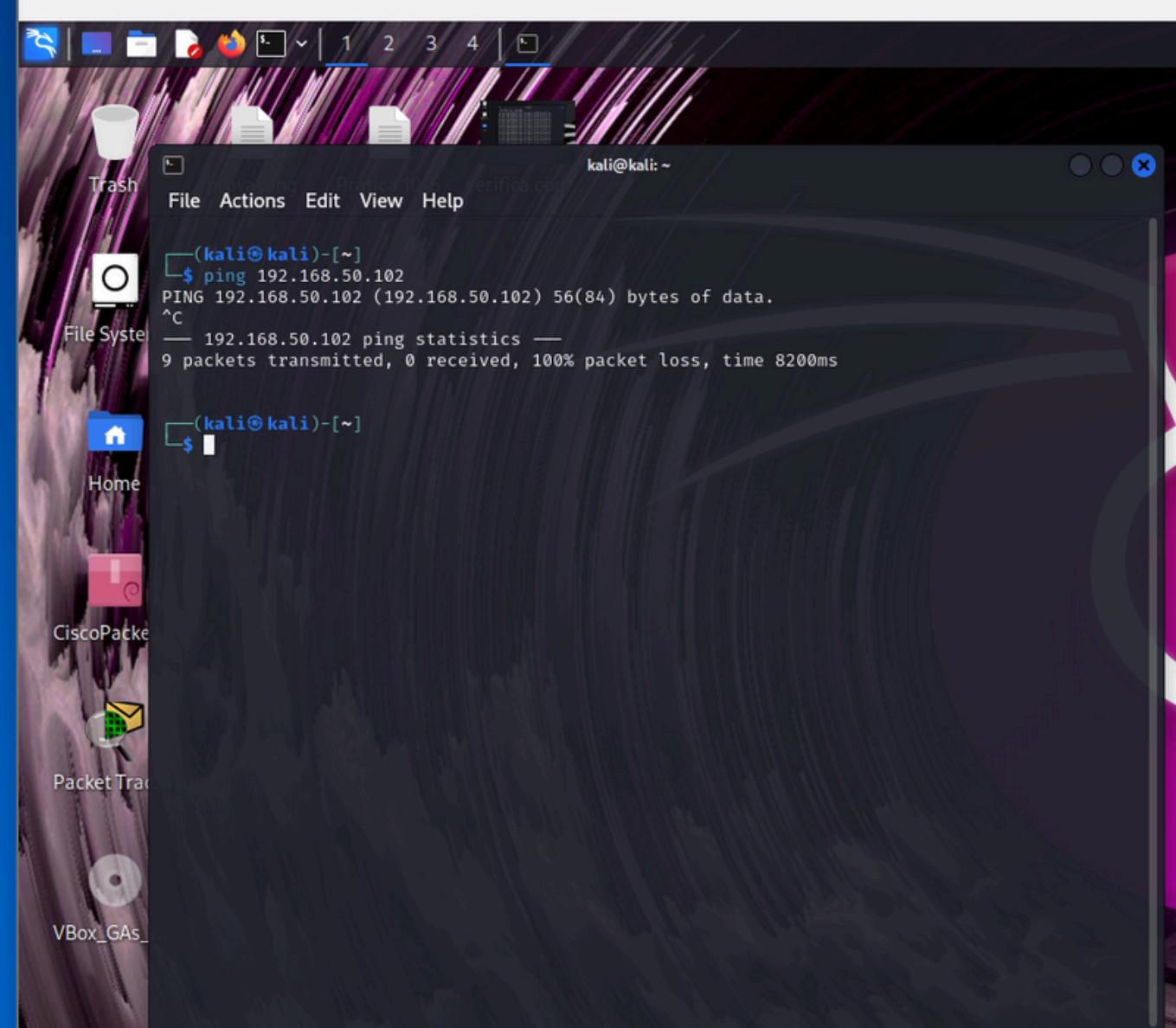
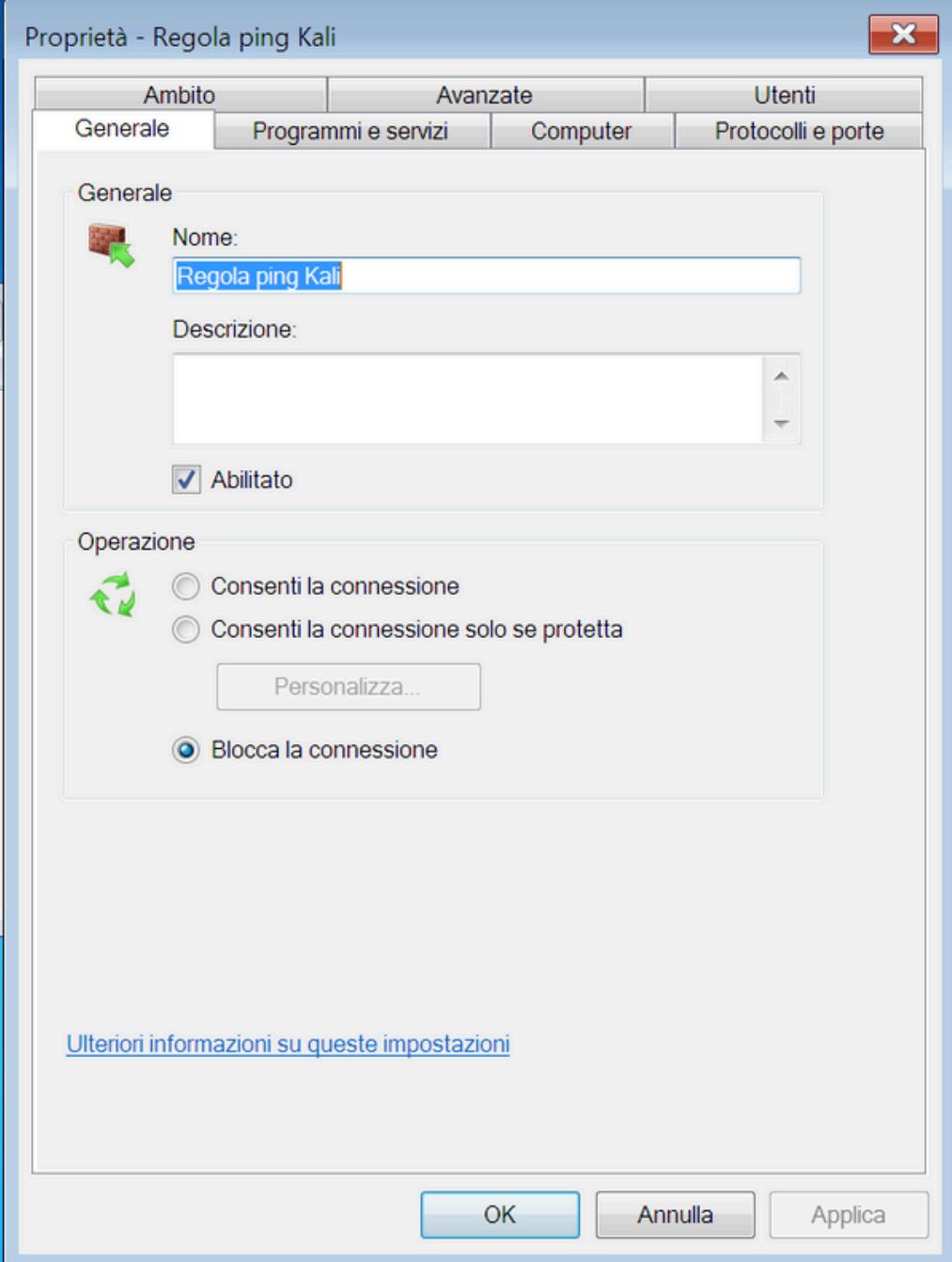
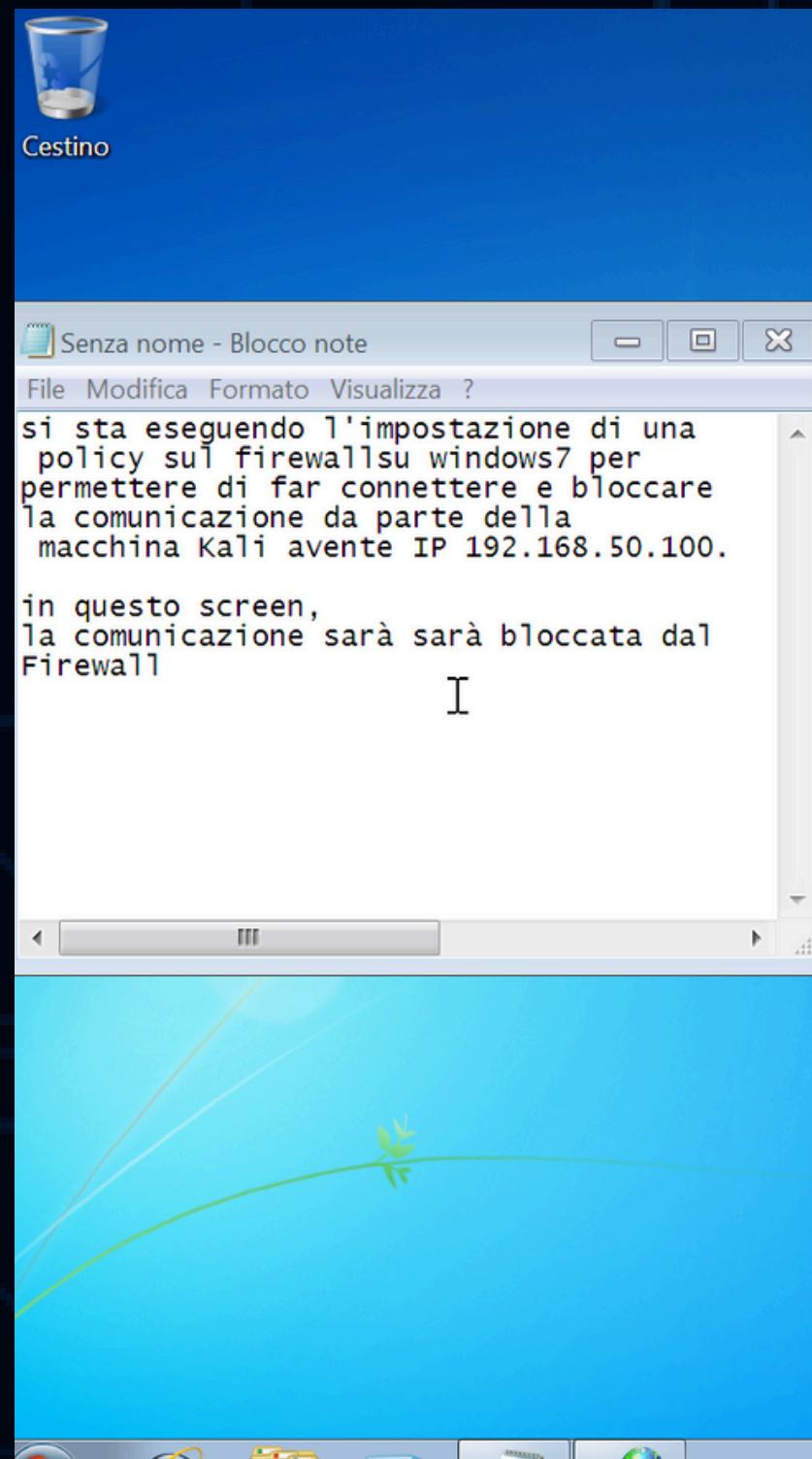
CONSEGNA DEL GIORNO W3D4

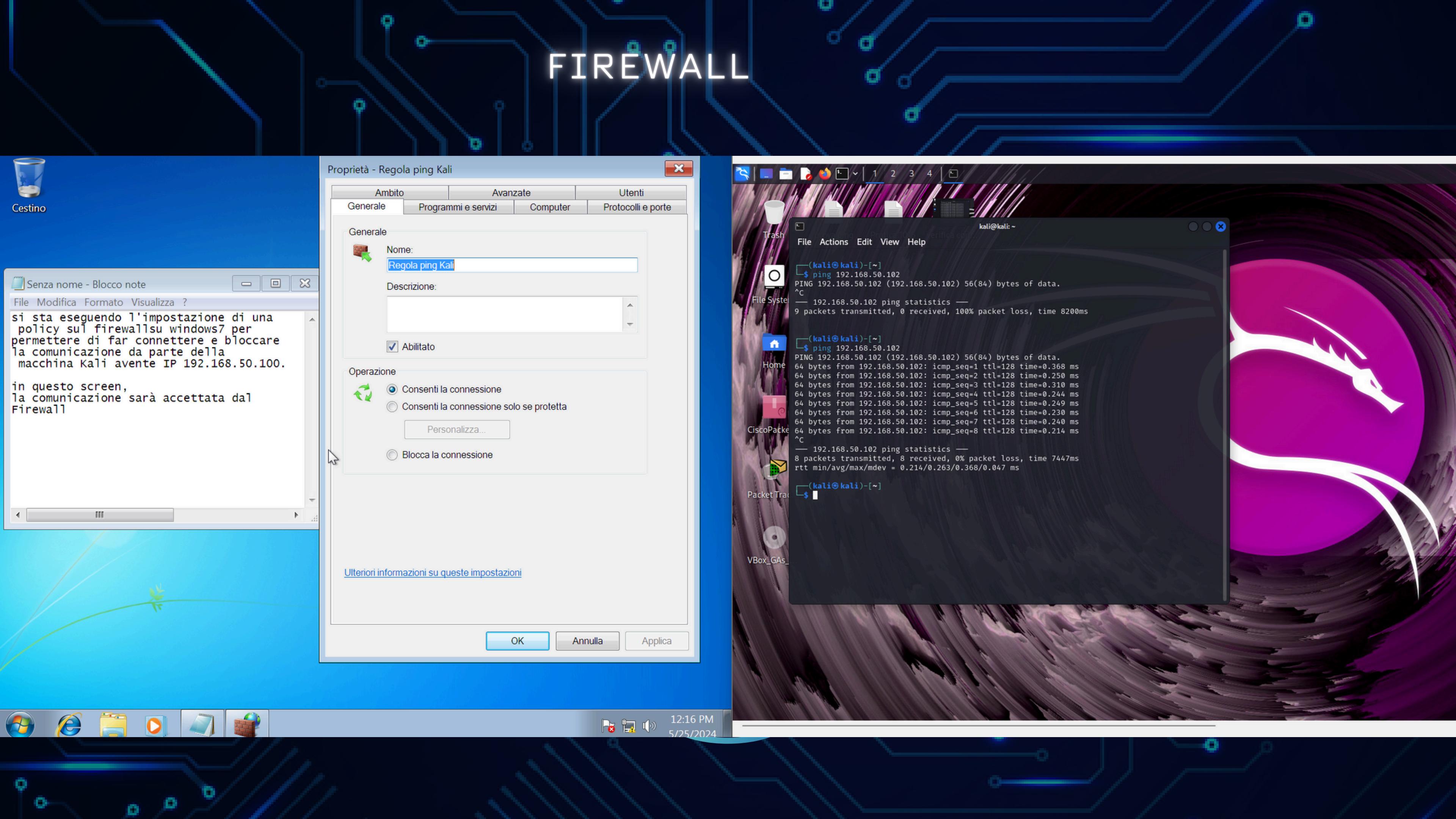
FIREWALL, INETSIM E WIREDSHARK

PROF è LA MIA PRIMA VOLTA CHE FACCIO SLIDE, PRESENTAZIONI E  
COSE DI QUESTO TIPO, MIGLIORERO'



# FIREWALL





# INETSIM

The image shows a Kali Linux desktop environment with several windows open:

- A terminal window titled "kali@kali: ~" displaying a log of started services, starting with "rl5/INetSim/DNS.pm line 69." and listing numerous services like "discard\_9\_tcp", "echo\_7\_udp", etc., each with a PID.
- A Firefox browser window titled "INetSim default HTML page" showing the URL "192.168.50.100". The page content includes the text "This is the default HTML page for INetSim HTTP server fake mode." and "This file is an HTML document."
- An Internet Explorer window titled "INetSim default HTML page - Windows Internet Explorer" also showing the URL "192.168.50.100". The content is identical to the Firefox page.
- A Notepad window titled "Senza nome - Blocco note" containing text about INetSim configuration, mentioning "Configurazione rete simulata INETSIM" and the command "sudo inetsim --bind-address 192.168.50.1".
- A taskbar at the bottom with icons for various applications including a browser, file explorer, and terminal.

# WIREDSHARK

WinSeven [In esecuzione] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

kali-linux-2024.1-virtualbox-amd64 [In esecuzione] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

Senza nome - Blocco note

File Modifica Formato Visualizza ?

terzo punto:  
lettura comunicazioni con Wireshark.

WiredShark avviato con lettura "ANY".  
avviata una connessione tramite Browser da win7 verso la inetsim di kali,  
nelle prime linee si evince la richiesta di comunicazione tra client e host,  
nella quale sta avvenendo il three-way-handshake (livello trasporto iso/osi).

NetSim default HTML page - Windows Internet Explorer

http://192.168.50.100/ Bing

Prefetti | Siti suggeriti | Raccolta Web Slice

INetSim default HTML page

This is the default HTML page for INetSim HTTP server fake mode.  
This file is an HTML document.

Internet | Modalità protetta: attivata

150%

CTRL (DEstra)

CTRL (Destra)

kali@kali: ~

File Actions Edit View Help

rl5/INetSim/DNS.pm line 69.  
\* discard\_9\_tcp - started (PID 10560)  
\* echo\_7\_udp - started (PID 10559)  
\* dummy\_1\_tcp - started (PID 10566)  
\* ntp.  
0) \* pop: File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Wireless Tools Help

545) \* idei 552) \* smtj 2) \* quo: No. Time Source Destination Protocol Length Info

62) 1 0.000000000 192.168.50.102 192.168.50.100 TCP 68 49159 → 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=4 SACK\_PERM  
0) 2 0.00029186 192.168.50.100 192.168.50.102 TCP 68 80 → 49159 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=32120 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK\_PERM WS=128  
0557) 3 0.000259350 192.168.50.102 192.168.50.100 TCP 62 49159 → 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=65700 Len=0  
0557) 4 0.000355532 192.168.50.102 192.168.50.100 HTTP 333 GET / HTTP/1.1  
0557) 5 0.000366896 192.168.50.100 192.168.50.102 TCP 56 80 → 49159 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=278 Win=31872 Len=0  
0557) 6 0.012657436 192.168.50.100 192.168.50.102 TCP 206 80 → 49159 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=278 Win=31872 Len=150 [TCP segment of a reas...  
0557) 7 0.014213405 192.168.50.100 192.168.50.102 HTTP 314 HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)  
0557) 8 0.014340747 192.168.50.102 192.168.50.100 TCP 62 49159 → 80 [ACK] Seq=278 Ack=410 Win=65292 Len=0  
0557) 9 0.014406814 192.168.50.102 192.168.50.100 TCP 62 49159 → 80 [FIN, ACK] Seq=278 Ack=410 Win=65292 Len=0  
0557) 10 0.014415999 192.168.50.100 192.168.50.102 TCP 56 80 → 49159 [ACK] Seq=410 Ack=279 Win=31872 Len=0  
0557) 11 5.307658815 PCSSystemtec\_1e:36:... ARP 44 Who has 192.168.50.102? Tell 192.168.50.100  
0557) 12 5.307860124 PCSSystemtec\_67:25:... ARP 62 192.168.50.102 is at 08:00:27:67:25:e8  
0557) 13 6.064399987 fe80::9530:16f8:eba... ff02::2 ICMPv6 64 Router Solicitation

Corsi

learn.epicode.com/course/122/curriculum/39236

Epicode Cybersecurity Analyst

W2D4 - Teoria

EPICODE W2D4 - Teoria PDF Cyber Security & Ethical Hacking Il livello di Trasporto

Il three-way-handshake è mostrato sotto in figura. Gli step vengono seguiti con quest'ordine:  
3. Il client completa la sincronizzazione inviando un pacchetto ACK, ed inviando i numeri Seq, Ack, come fatto dal server. (notate sempre che Ack = Seq ricevuto +1)

Sorgente Ricevente

Applicazione Presentazione Sessione Trasporto Rete Data Fisico

Applicazione Presentazione Sessione Trasporto Rete Data Fisico

SYN Seq=334

SYN/ACK Seq=335, Ack=336

ACK Seq=335, Ack=336

Sequenza port Sequence number Accettazione numero (ACK o RST)



**GRAZE**