C++ String append()

This function is used to extend the string by appending at the end of the current value.

Syntax

Consider string str1 and str2. Syntax would be:

Str1.append(str2); Str1.append(str2,pos,len); Str1.append(str2,n);

Parameters

str: String object which is to be appended in another string object.

pos: It determines the position of the first character that is to be appended to another object.



len: Number of characters to be copied in another string object as substring.

n: Number of characters to copy.

Return value

This function does not return any value.

Example 1

Let's see the example of appending the string in another string object.

#include ziectroom>

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```
int main()
{
    string str1="Welcome to C++ programming";
    string str2="language";
    cout << "Before appending, string value is" < < str1 << '\n';
    str1.append(str2);
    cout << "After appending, string value is" < < str1 << '\n';
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
Before appending, string value is Welcome to C++ programming

After appending, string value is Welcome to C++ programming language
```

Example 2

Let's see the example of appending the string by using position and length as parameters.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    string str1 = "Mango is my favourite";
    string str2 = "fruit";
    cout < "Before appending, string value is :" < < str1 < '\n';
    str1.append(str2,0,5);
    cout < "After appending, string value is :" < < str1 < '\n';
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
Before appending, string value is Mango is my favourite

After appending, string value is Mango is my favourite fruit
```

Example 3

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
   string str1 = "Kashmir is nature";
   str1.append("of beauty",9);
   cout<<"String value is:"<<str1;
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
String value is Kashmir is nature of beauty
```

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