JavaScript Array join() method

The JavaScript array join() method combines all the elements of an array into a string and return a new string. We can use any type of separators to separate given array elements.

Syntax

The join() method is represented by the following syntax:

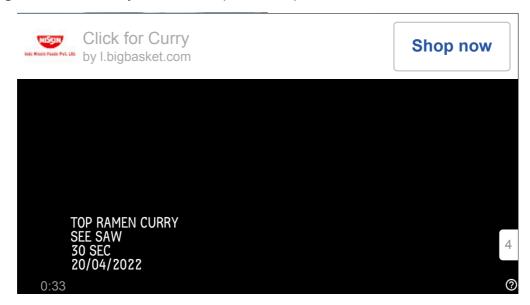
```
array.join(separator)
```

Parameter

Separator() - It is optional. It represent the separator used between array elements.

Return

A new string contains the array values with specified separator.



JavaScript Array join() method example

Let's see some examples of join() method.

Example 1

Let's see a simple example of join() method.

```
<script>
var arr=["AngularJs","Node.js","JQuery"]
var result=arr.join()
```

```
document.write(result);
</script>
```

Test it Now

Output:

```
AngularJs, Node.js, JQuery
```

Example 2

In this example, we will separate the array elements using '-' separator.

```
<script>
var arr=["AngularJs","Node.js","JQuery"]
var result=arr.join('-')
document.write(result);
</script>
```

Test it Now

Output:

AngularJs-Node.js-JQuery

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