Math.Sin(Rational) Method

名前空間: WS.Theia.ExtremelyPrecise アセンブリ: ExtremelyPrecise.dll 指定された角度のサインを返します。

public static WS. Theia. Extremely Precise. Rational Sin (WS. Theia. Extremely Precise. Rational radian);

パラメーター

radian Rational ラジアンで表した角度。

戻り値

Rational

radian のサイン。 radian が NaN、NegativeInfinity、PositiveInfinity のいずれかに等しい 場合、このメソッドは NaN を返します。

例

次の例では、三角関数を算出しています。

```
// Example for the trigonometric Math.Sin( Rational )
// and Math.Cos( Rational ) methods.
using System;
using WS.Theia.ExtremelyPrecise;
class SinCos
{
    public static void Main()
    {
        Console.WriteLine(
```

```
"Math.Sin( Rational ) and Math.Cos( Rational )\formath{\psi}n" +
             "generates the following output.\n");
         Console.WriteLine(
             "Convert selected values for X to radians \u21am n" +
             "and evaluate these trigonometric identities:");
         Console.WriteLine("
                                 \sin^2(X) + \cos^2(X) == 1 \pm n'' +
                                  \sin(2 * X) == 2 * \sin(X) * \cos(X)");
         Console.WriteLine("
                                 cos(2 * X) == cos^2(X) - sin^2(X)");
         UseSineCosine(15.0);
         UseSineCosine(30.0);
         UseSineCosine(45.0);
         Console.WriteLine(
             "\forall n Convert selected values for X and Y to radians \for \forall n " +
             "and evaluate these trigonometric identities:");
         Console.WriteLine("
                                 \sin(X + Y) == \sin(X) * \cos(Y) + \cos(X) *
sin(Y)");
         Console.WriteLine( "
                                 cos(X + Y) == cos(X) * cos(Y) - sin(X) *
sin(Y)");
         UseTwoAngles(15.0, 30.0);
         UseTwoAngles(30.0, 45.0);
    // Evaluate trigonometric identities with a given angle.
    static void UseSineCosine(Rational degrees)
                           = Math.PI * degrees / 180.0;
         Rational angle
         Rational sinAngle = Math.Sin(angle);
         Rational cosAngle = Math.Cos(angle);
         // Evaluate \sin^2(X) + \cos^2(X) == 1.
         Console.WriteLine(
             "¥n
                                                Math.Sin(\{0\} deg) ==
{1:E16}{n" + }
                                             Math.Cos({0} deg) == {2:E16}",
```

"This example of trigonometric " +

```
degrees, Math.Sin(angle), Math.Cos(angle));
    Console.WriteLine(
         "(Math.Sin(\{0\}\ deg))^2 + (Math.Cos(\{0\}\ deg))^2 == \{1:E16\}",
         degrees, sinAngle * sinAngle + cosAngle * cosAngle );
    // Evaluate \sin(2 * X) == 2 * \sin(X) * \cos(X).
    Console.WriteLine(
                                        Math.Sin({0} deg) == {1:E16}",
        2.0 * degrees, Math.Sin(2.0 * angle));
    Console.WriteLine(
              2 * Math.Sin({0} deg) * Math.Cos({0} deg) == {1:E16}",
         degrees, 2.0 * sinAngle * cosAngle );
    // Evaluate cos(2 * X) == cos^2(X) - sin^2(X).
    Console.WriteLine(
                                        Math.Cos(\{0\} deg) == \{1:E16\}",
         2.0 * degrees, Math.Cos(2.0 * angle));
    Console.WriteLine(
         "(Math.Cos(\{0\}\ deg))^2 - (Math.Sin(\{0\}\ deg))^2 == \{1:E16\}",
         degrees, cosAngle * cosAngle - sinAngle * sinAngle );
// Evaluate trigonometric identities that are functions of two angles.
static void UseTwoAngles(Rational degreesX, Rational degreesY)
    Rational angleX = Math.PI * degreesX / 180.0;
    Rational angleY = Math.PI * degreesY / 180.0;
    // Evaluate \sin(X + Y) == \sin(X) * \cos(Y) + \cos(X) * \sin(Y).
    Console.WriteLine(
         "¥n
                     Math.Sin({0} deg) * Math.Cos({1} deg) + Yn" +
                  Math.Cos(\{0\} deg) * Math.Sin(\{1\} deg) == \{2:E16\}",
         degreesY, degreesY, Math.Sin(angleX) * Math.Cos(angleY) +
         Math.Cos(angleX) * Math.Sin(angleY));
    Console.WriteLine(
                                        Math.Sin({0} deg) == {1:E16}",
```

{

```
degreesX + degreesY, Math.Sin(angleX + angleY));
        // Evaluate cos(X + Y) == cos(X) * cos(Y) - sin(X) * sin(Y).
        Console.WriteLine(
                      Math.Cos({0} deg) * Math.Cos({1} deg) - Yn" +
                      Math.Sin({0} deg) * Math.Sin({1} deg) == {2:E16}",
            degreesX, degreesY, Math.Cos(angleX) * Math.Cos(angleY) -
            Math.Sin(angleX) * Math.Sin(angleY));
        Console.WriteLine(
                                          Math.Cos(\{0\} deg) == \{1:E16\}",
            degreesX + degreesY, Math.Cos(angleX + angleY));
}
/*
This example of trigonometric Math.Sin(Rational) and Math.Cos(Rational)
generates the following output.
Convert selected values for X to radians
and evaluate these trigonometric identities:
   \sin^2(X) + \cos^2(X) == 1
   \sin(2 * X) == 2 * \sin(X) * \cos(X)
   \cos(2 * X) == \cos^2(X) - \sin^2(X)
                            Math.Sin(15 deg) == 2.5881904510252074E
001
                            Math.Cos(15 deg) == 9.6592582628906831E
001
(Math.Sin(15 deg))^2 + (Math.Cos(15 deg))^2 ==
1.0000000000000000E + 000
                            Math.Sin(30 deg) == 4.999999999999994E
001
    2 * Math.Sin(15 deg) * Math.Cos(15 deg) == 4.999999999999994E-001
                            Math.Cos(30 deg) == 8.6602540378443871E
001
(Math.Cos(15 deg))^2 - (Math.Sin(15 deg))^2 == 8.6602540378443871E-001
                            Math.Sin(30 deg) == 4.999999999999994E
```

```
001
                           Math.Cos(30 deg) == 8.6602540378443871E
001
(Math.Sin(30 deg))^2 + (Math.Cos(30 deg))^2 ==
1.000000000000000E+000
                           Math.Sin(60 deg) == 8.6602540378443860E
001
   2 * Math.Sin(30 deg) * Math.Cos(30 deg) == 8.6602540378443860E-001
                           Math.Cos(60 \text{ deg}) == 5.000000000000011E-
001
(Math.Cos(30 deg))^2 - (Math.Sin(30 deg))^2 == 5.0000000000000022E-001
                           Math.Sin(45 deg) == 7.0710678118654746E
001
                           Math.Cos(45 deg) == 7.0710678118654757E
001
(Math.Sin(45 deg))^2 + (Math.Cos(45 deg))^2 ==
1.000000000000000E+000
                           Math.Sin(90 deg) ==
1.000000000000000E+000
    2 * Math.Sin(45 deg) * Math.Cos(45 deg) == 1.000000000000000000E+000
                           Math.Cos(90 deg) == 6.1230317691118863E
017
(Math.Cos(45 deg))^2 - (Math.Sin(45 deg))^2 == 2.2204460492503131E-016
Convert selected values for X and Y to radians
and evaluate these trigonometric identities:
   \sin(X + Y) == \sin(X) * \cos(Y) + \cos(X) * \sin(Y)
   cos(X + Y) == cos(X) * cos(Y) - sin(X) * sin(Y)
        Math.Sin(15 deg) * Math.Cos(30 deg) +
        Math.Cos(15 deg) * Math.Sin(30 deg) == 7.0710678118654746E-001
```

Math.Cos(15 deg) * Math.Cos(30 deg) Math.Sin(15 deg) * Math.Sin(30 deg) == 7.0710678118654757E-001

001

Math.Sin(45 deg) == 7.0710678118654746E

```
Math.Cos(45 deg) == 7.0710678118654757E
```

001

```
Math.Sin(30 deg) * Math.Cos(45 deg) +

Math.Cos(30 deg) * Math.Sin(45 deg) == 9.6592582628906831E-001

Math.Sin(75 deg) == 9.6592582628906820E-
```

001

```
\label{eq:math.cos} \begin{split} \text{Math.Cos}(30\text{ deg}) * \text{Math.Cos}(45\text{ deg}) - \\ \text{Math.Sin}(30\text{ deg}) * \text{Math.Sin}(45\text{ deg}) == 2.5881904510252085\text{E}-001 \\ \text{Math.Cos}(75\text{ deg}) == 2.5881904510252096\text{E}- \end{split}
```

001

*/

注釈

引数に入力する角度はラジアン単位である必要があります。角度に Math.PI/180 を乗算する事でラジアン単位に変換できます。

適用対象

.NET Core

2.0

.NET Framework

4.6.1

.NET Standard

2.0

UWP

10.0.16299

Xamarin.Android

8.0

Xamarin.iOS

10.14

Xamarin.Mac

3.8