1. Assign the value 7 to the variable guess\_me. Then, write the conditional tests (if, else, and elif) to print the string 'too low' if guess\_me is less than 7, 'too high' if greater than 7, and 'just right' if equal to 7.

# Ans:

```
In [87]: 1    guess_me = 7
2    if guess_me<7:
        print('too low')
4    ellf guess_me>7:
5        print('too high')
6    else:
7        print('just right')
```

2. Assign the value 7 to the variable guess\_me and the value 1 to the variable start. Write a while loop that compares start with guess\_me. Print too low if start is less than guess me. If start equals guess\_me, print 'found it!' and exit the loop. If start is greater than guess\_me, print 'oops' and exit the loop. Increment start at the end of the loop

# Ans:

```
In [1]: 1     guess_me = 7
2     start = 1
3     while True:
4     if start<guess_me:
        print('too low')
6     elif start=guess_me:
7        print('found it!')
8        break
9     else:
10        print('oops')
11     too low
found it!</pre>
```

3. Print the following values of the list [3, 2, 1, 0] using a for loop.

### Ans:

4. Use a list comprehension to make a list of the even numbers in range(10)

# Ans:

```
In [3]: 1 print([x for x in range(0,11) if x%2==0])
[0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10]
```

5. Use a dictionary comprehension to create the dictionary squares. Use range(10) to return the keys, and use the square of each key as its value.

### Ans:

```
In [9]: 1 print(dict([(x,pow(x,2)) for x in range(10)]))
{@: 0, 1: 1, 2: 4, 3: 9, 4: 16, 5: 25, 6: 36, 7: 49, 8: 64, 9: 81}
```

6. Construct the set odd from the odd numbers in the range using a set comprehension (10). **Ans**:

```
In [11]: 1 print({x for x in range(10) if x%2!=0})
{1, 3, 5, 7, 9}
```

7. Use a generator comprehension to return the string 'Got' and a number for the numbers in range(10). Iterate through this by using a for loop

```
In [20]:    1    gen = ('Got '+str(x) for x in range(10))
2    for i in gen:
        print(i)

Got 0
Got 1
Got 2
Got 3
Got 4
Got 5
Got 6
Got 7
Got 8
```

8. Define a function called good that returns the list ['Harry', 'Ron', 'Hermione'].

#### Ans:

Ans:

9. Define a generator function called get\_odds that returns the odd numbers from range(10). Use a for loop to find and print the third value returned.

# Ans:

10. Define an exception called OopsException. Raise this exception to see what happens. Then write the code to catch this exception and print 'Caught an oops'.

#### Ans:

11. Use zip() to make a dictionary called movies that pairs these lists: titles = ['Creature of Habit', 'Crewel Fate'] and plots = ['A nun turns into a monster', 'A haunted yarn shop'].

# Ans:

```
In [35]: 1 titles = ['Creature of Habit', 'Crewel Fate']
2 plots = ['A nun turns into a monster', 'A haunted yarn shop']
3 output = dict(zip(titles,plots))
4 print(output)

{'Creature of Habit': 'A nun turns into a monster', 'Crewel Fate': 'A haunted y arn shop'}
```