Status	Finished
Started	Sunday, 22 September 2024, 8:49 PM
Completed	Sunday, 22 September 2024, 9:23 PM
Duration	34 mins 9 secs

Question **1**

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

Create a class Student with two private attributes, name and roll number. Create three objects by invoking different constructors available in the class Student.

Student()

Student(String name)

Student(String name, int rollno)

Input:

No input

Output:

No-arg constructor is invoked
1 arg constructor is invoked
2 arg constructor is invoked
Name =null , Roll no = 0
Name =Rajalakshmi , Roll no = 0
Name =Lakshmi , Roll no = 101

For example:

Test	Result
1	No-arg constructor is invoked 1 arg constructor is invoked 2 arg constructor is invoked Name =null , Roll no = 0 Name =Rajalakshmi , Roll no = 0 Name =Lakshmi , Roll no = 101

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
public class Student{
    private String name;
    private int rollno;

    public Student(){
        System.out.println("No-arg constructor is invoked");
        this.name = null;
        this.rollno = 0;
    }
    public Student(String name){
        System.out.println("1 arg constructor is invoked");
        this.name = name;
        this.rollno = 0;
    }

    public Student(String name,int rollno){
        System.out.println("2 arg constructor is invoked");
        this.name = name;
        this.rollno = rollno;
    }
    public void display(){
        System.out.println("Name ="+this.name+" , Roll no = "+this.rollno);
    }
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Student std1 = new Student();
        Student std2 = new Student("Rajalakshmi");
        Student std3 = new Student("Lakshmi", 101);
        std1.display();
        std2.display();
        std3.display();
    }}
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
✓	1	No-arg constructor is invoked 1 arg constructor is invoked 2 arg constructor is invoked Name =null , Roll no = 0 Name =Rajalakshmi , Roll no = 0 Name =Lakshmi , Roll no = 101	No-arg constructor is invoked 1 arg constructor is invoked 2 arg constructor is invoked Name =null , Roll no = 0 Name =Rajalakshmi , Roll no = 0 Name =Lakshmi , Roll no = 101	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **2**

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

Create a class called "Circle" with a radius attribute. You can access and modify this attribute using getter and setter methods. Calculate the area and circumference of the circle.

Area of Circle = πr^2

Circumference = $2\pi r$

Input:

2

Output:

Area = 12.57
Circumference = 12.57

For example:

Test	Input	Result
1	4	Area = 50.27 Circumference = 25.13

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class Circle
{
    private double radius;
    public Circle(double radius){
        this.radius = radius;


    }
    public void setRadius(double radius){
        // set t
        this.radius = radius;


    }
    public double getRadius()    {
        // return the radius
        return this.radius;




    }
    public double calculateArea()  { // complete the below statement
       return Math.PI*radius*radius;

    }
    public double calculateCircumference()    {
        // complete the statement
       return  2*Math.PI*radius;
    }
}
class prog{
    public static void main(String[] args)  {
        int r;
        Scanner sc= new Scanner(System.in);
        r=sc.nextInt();
        Circle c= new Circle(r);
        System.out.println("Area = "+String.format("%.2f", c.calculateArea()));
        System.out.println("Circumference = "+String.format("%.2f",c.calculateCircumference()));
        // invoke the calculatecircumference method


    }
}

```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	1	4	Area = 50.27 Circumference = 25.13	Area = 50.27 Circumference = 25.13	✓
✓	2	6	Area = 113.10 Circumference = 37.70	Area = 113.10 Circumference = 37.70	✓
✓	3	2	Area = 12.57 Circumference = 12.57	Area = 12.57 Circumference = 12.57	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **3**

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

Create a Class Mobile with the attributes listed below,

private String manufacturer;
private String operating_system;
public String color;
private int cost;

Define a Parameterized constructor to initialize the above instance variables.

Define getter and setter methods for the attributes above.

for example : setter method for manufacturer is

void setManufacturer(String manufacturer){

this.manufacturer= manufacturer;

}

String getManufacturer(){

return manufacturer;}

Display the object details by overriding the toString() method.

For example:

Test	Result
1	manufacturer = Redmi operating_system = Andriod color = Blue cost = 34000

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
public class Mobile{
    private String manufacturer;
    private String operating_system;
    public String color;
    private int cost;

    public Mobile(String manufacturer, String operating_system, String color, int cost){
        this.manufacturer = manufacturer;
        this.operating_system = operating_system;
        this.color = color;
        this.cost = cost;
    }
    public String getManufacturer(){
        return manufacturer;
    }
    public String getOperatingSystem(){
        return operating_system;
    }

    public void setOperatingSystem(String operating_system){
        this.operating_system= operating_system;
    }

    public String getcolor(){
        return color;
    }
    public void setColor(String color){
        this.color = color;
    }
    public int getCost(){
        return cost;
    }
    public void setCost(int cost){
        this.cost = cost;
    }

    public String toString(){
        return "manufacturer ="+manufacturer +"\noperating_system ="+operating_system+
        "\ncolor ="+color+
```

```
        "\ncost = "+cost;
    }

    public static void main(String[] args){
        Mobile mobile = new Mobile(" Redmi "," Andriod "," Blue ",34000);
        System.out.println(mobile.toString());
    }
}
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
✓	1	manufacturer = Redmi operating_system = Andriod color = Blue cost = 34000	manufacturer = Redmi operating_system = Andriod color = Blue cost = 34000	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

◄ Lab-04-MCQ

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