EXPLORING NMAP COMMANDS

Nmap command

The Network Mapper tool used for network discovery and security auditing.

Identify the IP address of the target

1. Check if Metasploit is active and responding to ping:

Syntax: nmap -sn <target_ip>

- -sn used to determine availability of a target without scanning ports.
- Nmap sends an 'ICMP echo request' packet to the target.
- If the target responds with 'ICMP echo reply', host is marked as "UP".
- If the request are blocked, nmap may send a 'TCP SYN' packet to common port.
- A 'TCP ACK' packet to check response.

```
(thejal@kali)-[~]
$ nmap -sn 192.168.196.132
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-01-05 16:29 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.196.132
Host is up (0.00087s latency).
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.08 seconds
```

The scan did not include any port scanning or service detection, as the -sn option only performs host discovery.

2.Check for open ports

Syntax: nmap -p 22,80,443 <target ip>

- Used to perform a targeted port scan for the specified ports 22, 80, and 443 on the target.
- -p specifies the ports to scan.
- 22 is used for SSH, 80 is for HTTP, and 443 is for HTTPS.
- Nmap will determine state of each port
 - 1. **Open** A service is actively listening on the port.
 - 2. **Closed** The port is accessible but no service is listening.
 - 3. **Filtered** A firewall or other security device is blocking access.
- If the command run without privileges, nmap performs a 'TCP SYN' scan sending SYN packets to the target ports and waiting for responses.
- If runs without privileges nmap performs TCP connect scan.

```
(thejal@kali)-[~]
    nmap -p 22,80,443 192.168.196.132
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-01-05 16:33 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.196.132
Host is up (0.0030s latency).

PORT STATE SERVICE
22/tcp open ssh
80/tcp open http
443/tcp closed https

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.04 seconds
```

Here, SSH service is running on port 22 and accepting connections, a web server is running on port 80 and accepting HTTP requests and Port 443 is reachable but no service is listening.

3.Full TCP connection scan

Syntax: nmap -sT <target ip>.

- Performs TCP connection scan on a specific target.
- Establishes a full TCP connection with the target host's ports to determine their status.
- Nmap performs a full 3 way handshake for each port it scans.
 - 1. Sends a SYN packet to the target port.
 - 2. Waits for a SYN-ACK response from the target.
 - 3. Sends an ACK if the port is open.

- After completing or failing the handshake, nmap classifies each port as open, closed and filtered.
- And sends a RST (reset) packet to close the connection.

```
-(thejal⊕kali)-[~]
$ nmap -sT 192.168.196.132
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-01-05 16:35 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.196.132
Host is up (0.0022s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
         STATE SERVICE
PORT
          open ftp
open ssh
21/tcp
         open
22/tcp
23/tcp open telnet
25/tcp open smtp
53/tcp open domain
80/tcp open http
111/tcp open rpcbind
139/tcp open netbios-ssn
445/tcp open microsoft-ds
512/tcp open exec
513/tcp open login
514/tcp open shell
1099/tcp open rmiregistry
1524/tcp open ingreslock
2049/tcp open nfs
2121/tcp open ccproxy-ftp
3306/tcp open mysql
5432/tcp open
                 postgresql
5900/tcp open
                 vnc
6000/tcp open X11
6667/tcp open irc
8009/tcp open ajp13
8180/tcp open unknown
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.12 seconds
```

4. Stealthy scan by completing only part of the TCP handshake

Syntax: nmap-sS <target_ip>

- Instead of completing the full TCP handshake, Nmap only sends a SYN packet and evaluates the response to determine the port's state.
- Nmap sends a TCP SYN packet to the target's ports.
- The target responds with one of the following:
 - 1. SYN-ACK: Indicates the port is open.
 - 2. RST: Indicates the port is closed.
 - 3. No response or ICMP error: Indicates the port is filtered.
- If the target responds with a SYN-ACK (indicating the port is open), Nmap sends an RST packet instead of completing the handshake.

```
-(thejal⊕kali)-[~]
s nmap -sS 192.168.196.132
You requested a scan type which requires root privileges.
QUITTING!
   –(thejal⊛kali)-[~]
$ sudo nmap -sS 192.168.196.132
[sudo] password for thejal:
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-01-05 16:40 IST Nmap scan report for 192.168.196.132 Host is up (0.00096s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (reset)
          STATE SERVICE
PORT
21/tcp
         open ftp
open ssh
22/tcp
         open telnet
23/tcp
25/tcp
          open smtp
53/tcp open domain
80/tcp open http
111/tcp open rpcbind
139/tcp open netbios-ssn
445/tcp open microsoft-ds
512/tcp open exec
```

```
513/tcp open login
514/tcp open shell
1099/tcp open rmiregistry
1524/tcp open ingreslock
2049/tcp open nfs
2121/tcp open ccproxy-ftp
3306/tcp open mysql
5432/tcp open postgresql
5900/tcp open vnc
6000/tcp open X11
6667/tcp open irc
8009/tcp open irc
8009/tcp open ajp13
8180/tcp open unknown
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:9E:0F:A3 (VMware)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.26 seconds
```

5. Determine the version of services running on the open ports

Syntax: nmap -sV <target_ip>

- -sV enables services version detection, which probes open ports to determine the specific service running and the version of the software providing the service.
- Nmap first identifies open ports using a basic port scan.
- For each open port, Nmap sends specially crafted probes to interact with the service and extract information.
- These probes analyze responses to understand the details.

```
(thejal@ kali)-[~]

$ mmap -sV 192.168.196.132

Starting Nmap 7.93 (https://nmap.org ) at 2025-01-05 16:49 IST

Nmap scan report for 192.168.196.132

Host is up (0.0036s latency).

Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)

PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION

21/tcp open ftp vsftpd 2.3.4

22/tcp open ssh OpenSSH 4.7pl Debian Bubuntul (protocol 2.0)

23/tcp open telnet Linux telnetd

25/tcp open domain ISC BIND 9.4.2

28/tcp open domain ISC BIND 9.4.2

80/tcp open my postfix smtpd

23/tcp open nethios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)

113/tcp open nethios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)

445/tcp open nethios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)

513/tcp open login

513/tcp open login

513/tcp open login

514/tcp open frs

24 (RPC #100003)

723/tcp open mysql

McLasspath grmiregistry

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McLasspath
```

6.OS running on the victim

Syntax: nmap -O <target_ip>

- Enables OS detection on the specified target.
- Nmap sends a variety of TCP, UDP, and ICMP packets to the target host.
- It analyze responses like TTL, window size and flags.
- Nmap compares the collected data with its built-in database of operating system fingerprints to find the best match.
- Nmap assigns a confidence score to the detected OS, indicating how likely the identified OS is correct.

```
Cthejal® kali) [-]

$ sido nmap -0 192.168.196.132

Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-01-05 16:54 IST

Nmap scan report for 192.168.196.132

Host is up (0.0013s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (reset)

PORT STATE SERVICE

21/tcp open ftp

22/tcp open stalnet

23/tcp open tellnet

23/tcp open domain

80/tcp open http

111/tcp open netbios-ssn

445/tcp open microsoft-ds

512/tcp open microsoft-ds

512/tcp open shell

1099/tcp open login

514/tcp open shell

1221/tcp open shell

2221/tcp open shell

23/tcp open microsoft-ds

524/tcp open microsoft-ds

524/tcp open postgresql

5306/tcp open mysql

5306/tcp open mysql

5308/tcp open mysql

5308/tcp open shell

80809/tcp open mysql

5000/tcp open ync

6667/tcp open irc

80809/tcp open irc

80809/tcp open irc

80809/tcp open unknown

MAC Address: 00:00:29:9E:0F:A3 (VMware)

Device type: general purpose

Running: Linux 2:6.X

OS CPE: cpe:/o:linux.linux.lernel:2.6

OS details: Linux 2:6.X

OS OFE: cpe:/o:linux.linux.lernel:2.6

OS details: Linux 2:6.X

OS details: Linux 2:6.X

OS details: Linux 2:6.X

OS detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/.
```

7.Gain information about open ports, services, OS and vulnerabilities

Syntax: nmap -A <target_ip>

- -A enable aggressive mode that includes,
 - 1. OS detection Analyzes responses to determine the OS and version.
 - 2. Service version detection Probes open ports to identify services and their software versions.
 - 3. Script scanning.
 - 4. Traceroute Maps the network path between host and the target.

```
(the jale kali)-[-]

Sudo mapp A 192.168.196.132

Estating Mamp 7.93 (https://map.org ) at 2025-01-05 19:27 IST

Mamp scan report for 192.168.196.132

Host is up (0.0015) Ethercy).

Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (reset)

DATA TAIL SERVICE VERSION

21/CD port of training to the first of th
```

```
pcinfo:
           program version
100000 2
                                                                         port/proto
111/tcp
111/udp
2049/tcp
                                                                                                                 rpcbind
rpcbind
nfs
           100000
          100000 2
100003 2,3,4
100003 2,3,4
100005 1,2,3
100005 1,2,3
100021 1,3,4
100024 1
                                                                         2049/udp
39660/tcp
                                                                         44611/udp
49666/tcp
58207/udp
54209/tcp
55885/udp
                                                                                                                 mountd
                                                                                                                 nlockmgr
                                                                                                               status
status
1 33003/upp status
139/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
445/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.0.20-Debian (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
512/tcp open exec netkit-rsh rexect
513/tcp open login OpenBSD or Solaris rlogind
514/tcp open tcpwrapped
                                                                                    GNU Classpath grmiregistr
Metasploitable root shell
2-4 (RPC #100003)
ProFTPD 1.3.1
MySQL 5.0.51a-3ubuntu5
1099/tcp open java-rmi
1524/tcp open bindshell
2049/tcp open nfs
2121/tcp open ftp
2-4 (RPC #100003)
2121/tcp open ftp ProFTPD 1.3.1
30306/tcp open mysql MySQL 5.0.51a-3ubuntu5
| mysql-info:
| Protocol: 10
| Version: 5.0.51a-3ubuntu5
| Thread ID: 11
| Capabilities flags: 43564
| Some Capabilities: ConnectWithDatabase, LongColumnFlag, Support41Auth, SupportsTransactions, SwitchToSSLAfterHands hake, Speaks41ProtocolNew, SupportsCompression
| Status: Autocommit
| Salt: ]];NVD1i>79W+mg>? Du
5432/tcp open postgresql PostgreSQL DB 8.3.0 - 8.3.7
| ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/organizationName=0COSA/stateOrProvinceName=There is no such thing outside US/countryName=XX
| Not valid before: 2010-03-17T14:07:45
   Not valid before: 2010-03-17714:07:45
Not valid after: 2010-04-16714:07:45
ssl-date: 2025-01-05711:53:41+00:00; -2h03m57s from scanner time.
         l-op open Vie
ic-info:
Protocol version: 3.3
Security types:
VNC Authentication (2)
VNC popen X11 (access denied)
 900/tcp open vnc
vnc-info:
 users: 1
           servers: 1
```

```
server: irc.Metasploitable.LAN
     version: Unreal3.2.8.1. irc.Metasploitable.LAN uptime: 0 days, 1:16:47
     source ident: nmap
source host: 5D56A55E.1F51038F.FFFA6D49.IP
      error: Closing Link: edpdmnigo[192.168.196.130] (Quit: edpdmnigo)
8009/tcp open ajp13 Apache Jserv (Protocol v1.3)
|_ajp-methods: Failed to get a valid response for the OPTION request
8180/tcp open http Apache Tomcat/Coyote JSP engine 1.1
|_http-favicon: Apache Tomcat
|_http-server-header: Apache-Coyote/1.1
|_http-title: Apache Tomcat/5.5
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:9E:0F:A3 (VMware)
Device type: general purpose
Running: Linux 2.6.X
OS CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:2.6
OS details: Linux 2.6.9 - 2.6.33
Network Distance: 1 hop
Service Info: Hosts: metasploitable.localdomain, irc.Metasploitable.LAN; OSs: Unix, Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_ke
Host script results:
 smb-security-mode:
     account_used: <blank>
     authentication_level: user challenge_response: supported
 _ message_signing: disabled (dangerous, but default)
_clock-skew: mean: -48m57s, deviation: 2h29m59s, median: -2h03m57s
_smb2-time: Protocol negotiation failed (SMB2)
   smb-os-discovery:
     OS: Unix (Samba 3.0.20-Debian)
Computer name: metasploitable
      NetBIOS computer name:
     Domain name: localdomain
     FQDN: metasploitable.localdomain
System time: 2025-01-05T06:53:32-05:00
 _nbstat: NetBIOS name: METASPLOITABLE, NetBIOS user: <unknown>, NetBIOS MAC: 000000000000 (Xerox)
TRACEROUTE
                ADDRESS
HOP RTT
    1.51 ms 192.168.196.132
OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 21.85 seconds
```

8.Scan a range of victim VMs from the 1st to the 10th IP address in the subnet

Syntax: nmap <subnet_ip>.1-10

- Scans a range of IP addresses within the subnet, specifically from <subnet_ip>.1 to <subnet_ip>.10
- By default, Nmap performs a TCP SYN scan and scans the 1,000 most common ports on each target IP.
- Nmap first checks if each target is alive by sending ICMP Echo Requests, TCP SYN packets to port 443, or ARP requests (on local networks).
- For each reachable host, Nmap scans the specified ports or the default top 1,000 ports.
- Nmap reports details for each IP in the range.
- Lists open ports and their corresponding services

```
(thejal® kali)-[~]
$ nmap 192.168.196.1-10
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-01-05 19:34 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.196.2
Host is up (0.00038s latency).
Not shown: 999 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
PORT STATE SERVICE
53/tcp open domain
Nmap done: 10 IP addresses (1 host up) scanned in 1.48 seconds
```

9.Scan all target machines in the subnet and find which are live and open ports

Syntax: nmap -sn 192.168.0.0/24

 -sn disables port scanning and checks if hosts in the range are active by sending ICMP echo requests.

```
(thejal® kali)-[~]
$ nmap -sn 192.168.196.0/24
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-01-05 19:37 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.196.2
Host is up (0.00044s latency).
Nmap scan report for 192.168.196.130
Host is up (0.00025s latency).
Nmap scan report for 192.168.196.132
Host is up (0.0015s latency).
Nmap done: 256 IP addresses (3 hosts up) scanned in 2.36 seconds
```

10.Scan common ports 1 to 1024:

Syntax: nmap -p 1-1024 <target_ip>

- Scans all the ports in the range 1 to 1024 on the specified target ip.
- Nmap first checks if the target host is reachable using ICMP Echo Requests or TCP/ARP probes.
- Nmap probes each of the 1024 specified ports on the target to check
 - O Whether the port is open, closed, or filtered.
 - The service associated with the port, if open.
- By default, Nmap performs a TCP SYN scan to check the state of each port. If not permitted, it falls back to a TCP Connect scan.

```
-(thejal⊕kali)-[~]
-$ nmap -p 1-1024 192.168.196.132
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-01-05 19:40 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.196.132
Host is up (0.0034s latency).
Not shown: 1012 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
PORT
       STATE SERVICE
21/tcp open ftp
22/tcp open ssh
23/tcp open telnet
25/tcp open smtp
53/tcp open domain
80/tcp open http
111/tcp open rpcbind
139/tcp open
             netbios-ssn
445/tcp open microsoft-ds
512/tcp open exec
513/tcp open login
514/tcp open shell
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.12 seconds
```