Network Traffic Classification using KNN, Naive Bayes and SVM

KNN MODEL:

#Import all required libraries.

import pandas as pd

from sklearn.model selection import train test split

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier

from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score,precision_score,classification_report

#Load dataset and understand the data.

```
data=pd.read_csv("nw.csv")
data.info()
```

#Separate features and targets.

```
x=data.drop("class",axis=1)
y=data["class"]
```

#Split the dataset in to training set and test set.

```
x_train,x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split( x, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=42,
stratify=y )
```

#Apply standard scaler.

```
scaler=StandardScaler()
```

x train scaled=scaler.fit transform(x train)

x test scaled=scaler.fit transform(x test)

#Train the model using KNN

```
knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n neighbors=5)
```

knn.fit(x train scaled, y train)

y_pred_knn = knn.predict(x_test_scaled)

#Evaluate the performance

```
acc_knn=accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_knn)
```

print("KNN Accuracy:",acc knn)

print("Classification Report for KNN:")

c_knn=classification_report(y_test, y_pred_knn)
print(c_knn)

KNN Accuracy: 0.98666666666666666666666666666666666666							
Classificatio			f1-score	cuppont			
	precision	recall	11-2core	support			
bruteForce	1.00	1.00	1.00	60			
httpFlood	1.00	0.99	1.00	172			
icmp-echo	0.99	0.95	0.97	190			
normal	0.96	0.98	0.97	180			
slowloris	0.97	1.00	0.99	234			
slowpost	0.99	0.99	0.99	144			
tcp-syn	0.99	0.99	0.99	288			
udp-flood	1.00	0.99	0.99	232			
accuracy			0.99	1500			
macro avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	1500			
weighted avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	1500			

NAVES BAYE'S MODEL:

#Import all required libraries.

import pandas as pd

import numpy as np

import seaborn as sns

from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

from sklearn.model selection import train test split

from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, classification report, confusion matrix

#Load the dataset and create dataframe.

df = pd.read csv("nw.csv")

#Separate features and targets (Encode categorical value

X = df.drop(columns=["class"])

y = df["class"].astype("category").cat.codes

#Split the dataset into train set and test set.

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42, stratify=y)

#Normalize features.

scaler = StandardScaler()

X train scaled = scaler.fit transform(X train)

X test scaled = scaler.transform(X test)

#Train the model with Naïve Bayes Classifier

nb = GaussianNB()

nb.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)

y_pred_nb = nb.predict(X_test_scaled)

Evaluate performance and display the results.

accuracy nb = accuracy score(y test, y pred nb)

report nb = classification report(y test, y pred nb, zero division=1)

conf matrix = confusion matrix(y test, y pred nb)

print(f"Naïve Bayes Accuracy: {accuracy_nb:.4f}")

print("Classification Report:\n", report_nb)

Naïve Bayes Accuracy: 0.6550 Classification Report:								
	precision	recall	f1-score	support				
0	0.36	1.00	0.53	40				
1	1.00	0.92	0.96	115				
2	0.54	0.64	0.58	126				
3	0.75	0.64	0.69	120				
4	0.56	1.00	0.72	156				
5	0.64	0.99	0.78	96				
6	0.99	0.38	0.54	192				
7	1.00	0.18	0.31	155				
accuracy			0.66	1000				
macro avg	0.73	0.72	0.64	1000				
weighted avg	0.78	0.66	0.63	1000				

SVM MODEL:

#import required libraries

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```
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report
# Load dataset
df = pd.read csv("nw.csv")
# Separate features and target variable and encode categorical target
X = df.drop(columns=["class"])
y = df["class"].astype("category").cat.codes
# Split dataset
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size=0.2, random state=42,
stratify=y)
# Normalize features
scaler = StandardScaler()
X train scaled = scaler.fit transform(X train)
X test scaled = scaler.transform(X test)
# Apply SVM Model # Radial Basis Function (RBF) kernel
svm model = SVC(kernel="rbf", C=1.0, gamma="scale", random state=42)
svm_model.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)
y pred svm = svm model.predict(X test scaled)
# Evaluate Performance
accuracy svm = accuracy score(y test, y pred svm)
report svm = classification report(y test, y pred svm, zero division=1)
# Print results
print(f"SVM Accuracy: {accuracy svm:.4f}")
print("SVM Classification Report:\n", report_svm)
```

SVM Accuracy: 0.9830 SVM Classification Report:								
	precision	recall	f1-score	support				
0	1.00	0.95	0.97	40				
1	1.00	0.96	0.98	115				
2	0.98	0.94	0.96	126				
3	0.97	0.99	0.98	120				
4	0.99	1.00	1.00	156				
5	1.00	0.99	0.99	96				
6	0.95	1.00	0.97	192				
7	1.00	1.00	1.00	155				
accuracy			0.98	1000				
macro avg	0.99	0.98	0.98	1000				
weighted avg	0.98	0.98	0.98	1000				