Sample Question Paper (TERM – I) 2021-22 Class X Science (086)

Q.NO	ANSWERS
	Section - A
1.	B. Yellow precipitate is formed
2.	B. Hydrogen
3.	D. ii and iv
4.	B. $3Fe(s) + 4H_2O(g) \rightarrow Fe_3O_4(s) + 4H_2(g)$
5.	D. D
6.	A. Fe and Fe respectively.
7.	C. Combination reaction
8.	B H ₂ CO ₃ Ca(OH) ₂
9.	A. By adding acid to water with constant stirring.
10.	C. To verify the Law of conservation of mass
11.	C. (iii) Alveoli: Thin-walled sac like structures for exchange of gases.
12.	B. (i) - amylase, (ii) - pepsin, (iii) - trypsin
13.	D. water content in the guard cells
14.	D. (iv) Vena cava takes blood from body parts to right auricle
15.	B. Blood is transferred to lungs for oxygenation and is pumped into various organs simultaneously.
16.	B. i b) ; ii - c) ; iii - d) ; iv- a)
17.	C. Concave mirror
18.	C.
	object

19.	A. Concave mirror as well as convex lens		
20.	C. The speed of light in air > the speed of light in water > the speed of light in glass.		
21.	D. r < v		
22.	B. The mirror has a focal length of -3 cm and will produce an image of magnification -1.		
23.	B. 0°		
24.	B. (ii)		
	Section - B		
25.	C. ✓ ✓		
26.	A. 2002		
27.	B. Mg reacts with dil. HCl to produce H ₂ gas which helps in floating		
28.	B. B, C		
29.	B. ii and iii		
30.	B. i and iv		
31.	C. A is true but R is false		
32.	D. A is False but R is true		
33.	C. A is true but R is false.		
34.	B. Both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation of A.		
35.	B. B and D		
36.	D. Shark, dog fish, sting ray		
37.	D. Thin walled capillaries richly supplied with blood.		
38.	B. They selectively filter toxic substances through their leaves.		
39.	C. concave lens of focal length -25 cm $P = -4 D$ $P = \frac{100}{f(cm)}$ $f(cm) = \frac{100}{p}$ $\frac{100}{-4} = -25 cm.$ Negative focal length means concave lens. Concave lens of focal length -25cm.		

40.	A. 30 cm in front of the mirror If rays converge at a point 15cm from the mirror, then, f = -15cm then, C = -30cm An object kept at C makes an image of the same size as object correct answer – (A) 30cm in front of mirror
41.	B. yeast, mushroom, bread mould
42.	D. Urine is more diluted.
43.	D80/3 cm m = -3 V = 80cm $m = \frac{v}{u}$ $-3 = \frac{80}{u}$ $u = \frac{80}{-3} = \frac{-80}{3}$ cm. Correct answer = (D) $\frac{-80}{3}$ cm.
44.	C. ii, iii and iv
45.	D. Medium 1 and 3 are essentially the same medium, but medium 2 is denser th 1 and 3
46.	B. 1.21 Refractive index of flint glass w.r.t alcohol = $\frac{R.I \text{ of flint glass}}{R.I \text{ of alcohol}}$ $= \frac{1.65}{1.36} = 1.21$ Correct answer –(B)1.21
47.	C. 4 mm $f = +10 \text{cm (Convex lens)}$ $h_1 = 2 \text{mm} = 0.2 \text{cm.}$ $u = -5 \text{cm.}$ $\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{v} - \frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{1}{v} = \frac{1}{10} - \frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{1-2}{10} = \frac{-1}{10}$ $V = -10 \text{cm.}$ $m = \frac{v}{u} = \frac{h_2}{h_1}$ $m = \frac{-10}{-5} = \frac{h_2}{0.2}$ $\Rightarrow h_2 = 0.4 \text{cm.}$ $h_2 = 4 \text{mm}$

	Correct answer (C) 4mm		
48.	B. X, Y, Z		
	Section - C		
49.	C. CaCO ₃		
50.	C. 18 g		
51.	A. Brine		
52.	A. Between 1 to 3		
53.	C. Carbon dioxide		
54.	B. Carbon dioxide		
55.	B. Blue - black colour would be obtained on the leaf of plant Y and no change in colour on leaf of plant X.		
56.	C. i. and iii		
57.	B. a parallel-sided glass block		
58.	C. 30° Refractive index of medium = $\frac{\sin i}{\sin r}$ 1.5 = $\frac{\sin 48.6^{\circ}}{\sin r}$ 1.5 = $\frac{0.75}{\sin r}$ $\sin r = \frac{0.75}{0.5}$ $\sin r = 0.5$ $r = \sin^{-1}(0.5)$ $r = 30^{\circ}$ Correct answer (C) 30°		
59.	D. III and V are correct.		
60.	A. lateral shift of the rays would have been less.		

Ma	Marking Scheme in lieu of diagram based questions for VI candidates Section - A		
2.	B. Hydrogen		
3.	D. Zinc		
5.	B. Acidic		
11	A. Alveoli: Thin-walled sac like structures for exchange of gases.		
12	L M N B amylase pepsin trypsin		
14	D. Vena cava - takes deoxygenated blood from body parts to right atrium		
15.	B. Blood is transferred to lungs for oxygenation and is pumped into various organs simultaneously.		
16.	B. i b) ; ii – c) ; iii – d) ; iv- a)		
18.	C. It is a convex lens and the object is placed between pole and focus.		
22.	B. The mirror will produce an image of magnification -1.		
23.	B. 0°		
24.	B. Violet.		
	Section - B		
26.	B. Rain water consists of dissolved oxides of sulphur.		
27.	B. Mg reacts with dil. HCL to produce H₂ gas which helps in floating.		
30.	B. I and iv		
44.	C. pass through the centre of curvature.		
45.	D. glass is optically denser than water.		
47.	C. 4 mm		
	Section - C		
53.	C. Carbon dioxide		
54.	B. Carbon dioxide		
55.	B. Blue - black colour would be obtained on the leaf of plant B		
56.	C. i. and iii		
57.	A. Dispersion		
58.	B. Red colour is monochromatic.		
59.	D. Different wavelengths travel at different speeds in the glass.		
60.	C. Rainbow.		