

Daguerreotype

violoncello & live electronics

for

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Daguerreotype

General

- l.h. = left hand
- r.h. = right hand
- n* = niente (zero dynamic level)

Accidentals apply only to the not to which they are attached. In the case of a repeated pitch, no noteheads are used after the first note. Cautionary accidentalsare used in the metered sections.

When vibrato markings are not specified, players can use their usual vibrato. *Molto vibrato* always means rapid and narrow vibrato, unless otherwise specified. Tremolo should always be as dense as possible.

Numbers in large boxes indicate foot pedal cues. Vertical arrows indicate the exact time the pedal should be depressed, and should be followed precisely.

In spite of the notation’s demand for precision, this piece *is* meant to be interpreted. It should have a free, improvisational character. Many of the techniques are designed to be chaotic or noisy; players should explore this quality whenever possible. Each performance should be unique, and adjust to the particular response of the instrument, electronics and player during the performance.

Position on string

The two line staff above the main staff is used to indicate the relative position of bowing or plucking the string. The following abbreviations are used, listed from highest to lowest:

- AST = *alto sul tasto*
- ST = *sul tasto*
- PST = *poco sul tasto*
- ORD = *ordinario*
- SP = *sul ponticello*
- MSP = *molto sul ponticello*

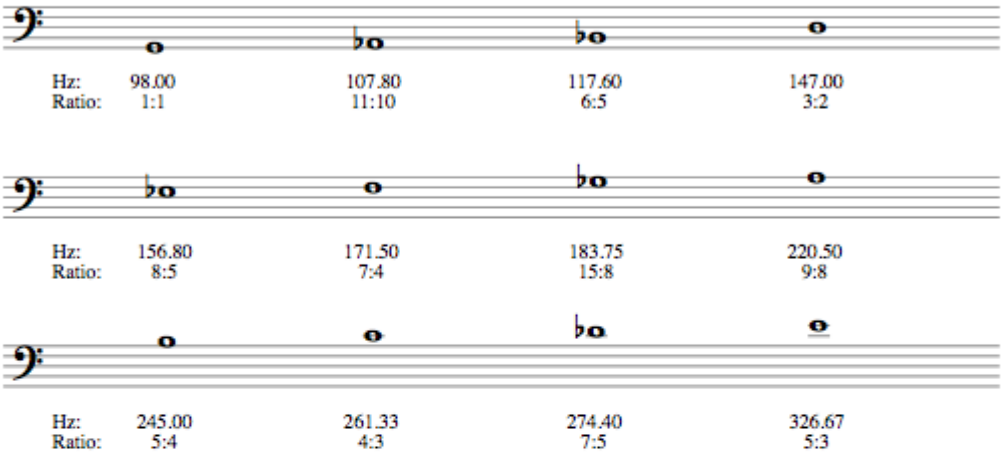
An arrow indicates a gradual change from one position to the next. “on the bridge” signifies playing on the bridge with little or no recognizable pitch.

Bow pressure

Flautando is notated on a continuum: *normale, poco flautando, flautando, estramamente flautando*. *Est. flautando* should produce a soft, noisy, wind-like murmur, with only a hint of pitch. Arrows are used to indicate a gradual transition from one state to another.

Increased bow pressure is indicated by x noteheads. At its maximum, this should produce a scratching sound in which the audible pitch is totally replaced by noise. Usually this state is reached gradually, from normal pressure.

Scale and Tuning



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Lento cantabile: ~ 30"/line

1

pizz. espress. AST same spot as l.h. pizz. PST AST ST PST AST same spot as l.h. pizz. ORD ST AST near l.h.

sempre l.v. *da lontano, non vib.* *da lontano, non vib.*

mf *mp* *p* *mf* *ppp* *p* *mf* *p* *p* *mf* *mp* *ppp*

ST AST SP ORD SP ST ORD

poco grave *fermamente* slow, wide vib. *marcato* slow, wide vib. *lyric, molto vib.*

mp *n* *f* *mp* *f* *mp* *f*

MSP SP ORD AST same spot as l.h. pizz. ORD ST ORD ST AST

gracile, non vib. *espress.* *l.h. only* *gracile, non vib.*

pp *p* *mp* *mf* *pp* *mf* *ppp* *p* *ppp* *mp* *pp*

near l.h. SP ORD ORD AST ORD

pp *p* *mf* *f* *mf* *f* *mf* *sf* *mp* *mf* *poco grave* *molto vib.*

pp *p* *mf* *f* *mf* *f* *mf* *sf* *mp* *mf* *mf* *ff*

2

Più mosso, leggiero ST AST ORD ST same spot as l.h. pizz. above l.h.

da lontano, non vib.

mp *mp* *mp* *mp* *mp* *f* *ff* *mp* *ppp*

3

Affrettato, mercuriale AST SP ORD

allargando *molto vib.* *lunga*

mp *mf* *f* *sfz*

4 5

tempo 1

AST → MSP I.h. pizz + bowing to emphasize 4th partial AST → MSP ST → ORD

arco accelerating trill between open string and harmonic; emphasize noise and changing timbre.

n *mf* *n* *pp* *f* *mp* *f* *p* *f*

SP → MSP on the bridge ORD SP → ST *normale non vib.* *est. flautando* PST → AST *poco flautando* AST *est. flautando* ORD → MSP *normale con vib.*

rude *sfz* *fp* *ff* *mf* *p* *pp* *ppp* *p* *f*

SP ORD → MSP ORD *quasi dolce, romantico* SP *gracile* ORD *espress.* *increasing in speed* *tr*

mf *n* *p* *poco* *mf* *f* *mp* *p* *ppp* *mf* *p*

ORD → ST SP ORD → ST MSP *col legno battuto* SP *jeté* *f* *n* *mp* *n* MSP *col legno battuto* ORD → ST *flautando da lontano, non vib.*

mfz *f* *sfz* *p* *ff* *p* *n* *mf* *f* *mp* *n* *f* *pp* *n*

MSP → SP ORD MSP → SP ORD MSP → SP

pizz. III *mp* *fff* *mp* *fff* *mp* *f*

ORD SP *flautando* SP *est. flautando*

espress. *p* *f* *p* *pp*

6 7

Adagio con moto ♩ = 54 *accel.* ----- ♩ = 76

same spot as l.h. pizz. AST near l.h.

l.h.: III *mp* *sempre* r.h.: *mf* *mp* *mf*

8 9

right hand should be moving smoothly
upward through this whole gesture, above l.h.
ending at head level.

same spot as l.h. pizz.

AST

ORD

lyric, molto vib.

poco rit.

mp *mf* *p* *f* *mp* *p* *mf* *p*

II III

10 13 16

Presto subito, furioso non legato *Small notes are to be barely articulated, like transparent ghosts. If, now and again, one fails to speak or is a different pitch, it is of little consequence.*

ORD

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. The score is written for a single melodic line on a five-line staff. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The melody is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some rests. Above the staff, there are two arrows labeled 'MSP' (Main Stem Position) pointing to the right, indicating the position of the main stem in the musical notation.

A musical score for a piece titled "ORD". The score is written on a single staff with a bass clef. It features a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some measures containing triplets. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The score ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign. A box containing the number "13" is located at the bottom right of the score.

Senza misura, largo tentativo

col legno battuto

pp mp

mf n mp n

pp mf <> pp mp < f p f mp < f mp <> mf p < f mp < f p

più mosso

quasi danza

Ad libitum. Use the mode below, and the gestural character of this section, as a reference. The electronic part resumes the ostinato from the previous, furioso section.

The electronic part begins to modulate to the mode below. Pitches that do not change are indicated by open note heads.

molto rude

fff

sffz

Lento cantabile: ~ 30"/line

tr slowly quickly slowly

est. flautando normale

pp n p n mf fp fz fp fz fp

Agitato, legato ♩ = 96

accel.

rude e furioso

♩ = 76 subito soave ♩ = 96 pesante non accel.

molto rit.

Senza misura, espressivo i trionfante

SP → ORD

18

p *f possibile*

// *L.v.*

Lento cantabile: ~ 30"/line

AST → MSP

poco flautando

II *non vib.*

III

ppp

Gradually add vibrato. →

19

ORD → ST → ST → SP → ST

est. flautando

col legno

mf *n* *p* *n* *p* *n*

col legno battuto molto vib.

II

p *f* *mp*

MSP

normale

n *mf* *n* *p* *n* *f*

pizz.

IV

III

col legno battuto

II

f *mp*

Ad lib. The electronics are emphasizing the scale below. Mix different bow pressure and bowing techniques, as well as pizzicato. Very relaxed, although the computer is always listening.

20

ORD → AST

normale → *flautando*

tr slowing trill → no trill

II

mp *pp* *mf*

MSP → ST

II

n *ppp* *n* *mp*

ORD → AST

est. flautando → *normale* → *est. flautando*

III approx. pitch

n *p* *pppp* *mp*

21

ORD → AST

p *mp* *n*

II

mp *p* *pp*

III

n *pp* *n*

stopped to harmonic

Slowly remove l.h. entirely. Let it rest on left knee.

→ *est. flautando*

22