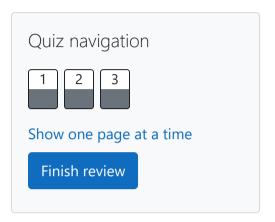
GE23131-Programming Using C-2024





Question 1

Correct

Marked out of 3.00

Flag question

Write a program that determines the name of a shape from its number of sides. Read the number of sides from the user and then report the appropriate name as part of a meaningful message. Your program should support shapes with anywhere from 3 up to (and including) 10 sides. If a number of sides outside of this range is entered then your program should display an appropriate error message.

Sample Input 1

3

Sample Output 1

Triangle

Sample Input 2

Sample Output 2

Heptagon

Sample Input 3

11

Sample Output 3

The number of sides is not supported.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 v const char*shapesides(int sides){
        switch(sides){
 3 ▼
            case 3:return "Triangle";
 4
            case 4:return "Quadrilateral";
            case 5:return "Pentagon";
            case 6:return "Hexagon";
            case 7:return "Heptagon";
            case 8:return "Octagon";
            case 9:return "Nonagon";
10
            case 10:return "Decagon";
11
            default:return "The number of sides is not supported.";
12
13
14
15 v int main(){
        int sides;
16
        scanf("%d",&sides);
17
        const char*shapename=shapesides(sides);
18
19
        nrintf("%s\n" shanename).
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3	Triangle	Triangle	~
~	7	Heptagon	Heptagon	~
~	11	The number of sides is not supported.	The number of sides is not supported.	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **2**

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

Flag question

The Chinese zodiac assigns animals to years in a 12-year cycle. One 12-year cycle is shown in the table below. The pattern repeats from there, with 2012 being another year of the Dragon, and 1999 being another year of the Hare.

Year	Animal	
2000	Dragon	
2001	Snake	
2002	Horse	
2003	Sheep	
2004	Monkey	
2005	Rooster	
2006	Dog	

2009	Ox				
2010	Tiger				
2011	Hare				
Write a program that reads a year from the user and displays the animal associated					
with that year. Your program should work correctly for any year greater than or equal to zero, not just the ones listed in the table.					
Sample Input 1					
2004					
Sample Output 1					
Monkey					
,					
Sample Inpu	ut 2				
2010					
	. 2				
Sample Out	put 2				
Tiger					
-9					

```
2 *|const char*zodiacanimal(int year){
3 ▼
        switch(year%12){
            case 0:return "Monkey";
 4
            case 1:return "Rooster";
 5
            case 2:return "Dog";
 6
            case 3:return "Pig";
 7
            case 4:return "Rat";
            case 5:return "0x";
 9
            case 6:return "Tiger";
10
            case 7:return "Hare";
11
            case 8:return "Dragon";
12
            case 9:return "Snake";
13
            case 10:return "Horse";
14
            case 11:return "Sheep";
15
            default:return "Unknown";
16
17
18
19
20 v int main(){
        int year;
21
        scanf("%d",&year);
22
        if(year<0)</pre>
23
        {printf("Not possible");}
24
25 ▼
        else{
            const char*animalname=zodiacanimal(year);
26
            printf("%s",animalname);
27
28
29
        return 0;
30
31
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	2004	Monkey	Monkey	~
~	2010	Tiger	Tiger	~

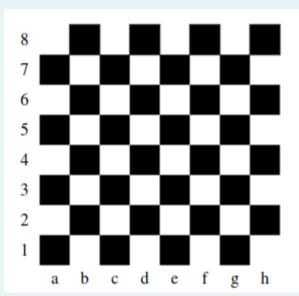
Question **3**

Correct

Marked out of 7.00

Flag question

Positions on a chess board are identified by a letter and a number. The letter identifies the column, while the number identifies the row, as shown below:



Write a program that reads a position from the user. Use an if statement to determine if the column begins with a black square or a white square. Then use modular arithmetic to report the color of the square in that row. For example, if the user enters a1 then your program should report that the square is black. If the user enters d5 then your program should report that the square is white. Your program may assume that a valid position will always be entered. It does not need to perform any error checking.

Sample Input 1

a 1

Sample Output 1

Sample Input 2

d 5

Sample Output 2

The square is white.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 ▼ {
        int row;
 4
        char col;
 5
        scanf("%c%d",&col,&row);
7
        int colnum=col-'a'+1;
8
        int black=(colnum+row)%2==0;
        if(black){
9 🔻
            printf("The square is black.\n");
10
11
12 ▼
        else{
            printf("The square is white.");
13
14
15
        return 0;
16 }
```

