

MEC 2023 - Programing

Ctrl-Alt-Succeed

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Maze

Objective: Find a path to the end through a hexagonal coordinate system

Method:

- A* method is a targeted search algorithm
- G score - cost from start to node n
- F score - ideal cost from start to end if node n is used
- Heuristic - conversion of hexagonal coordinates to x-y coordinates and calculate the linear distance
- Node_set - All available nodes in a min heap

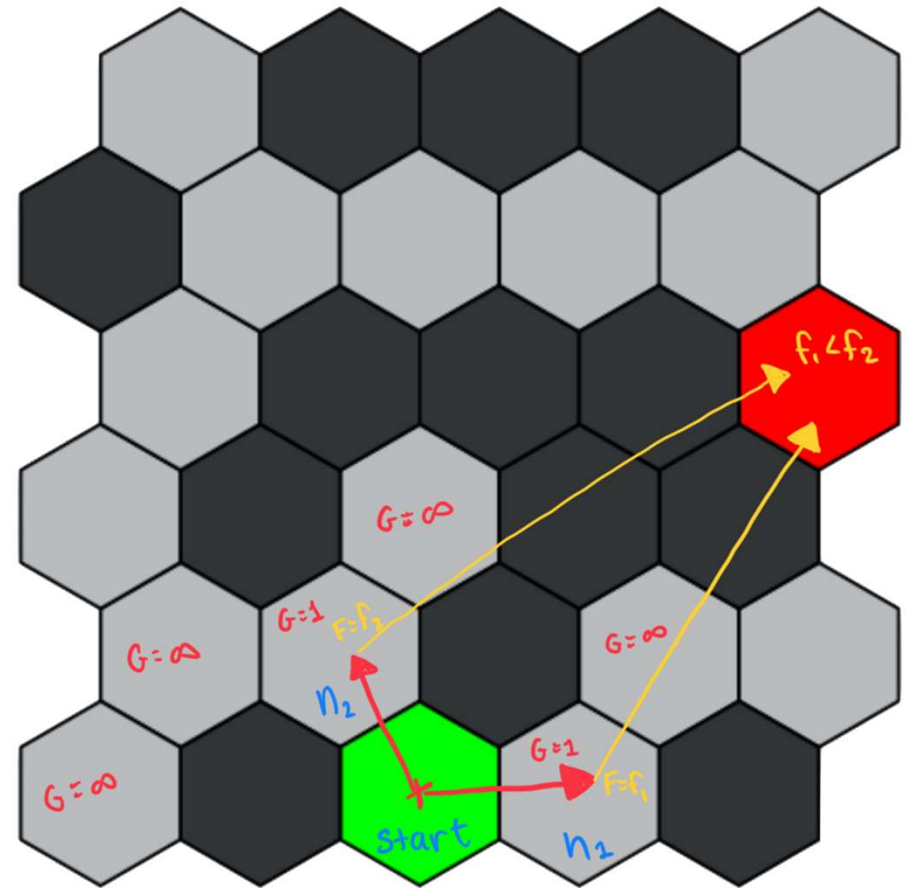
Initialization

- All scores infinity except for start ($G = 0$, $F = \text{distance}$)
 - Node_set only contains start
 - Calculate all possible neighbour sets (existing tiles that aren't walls)
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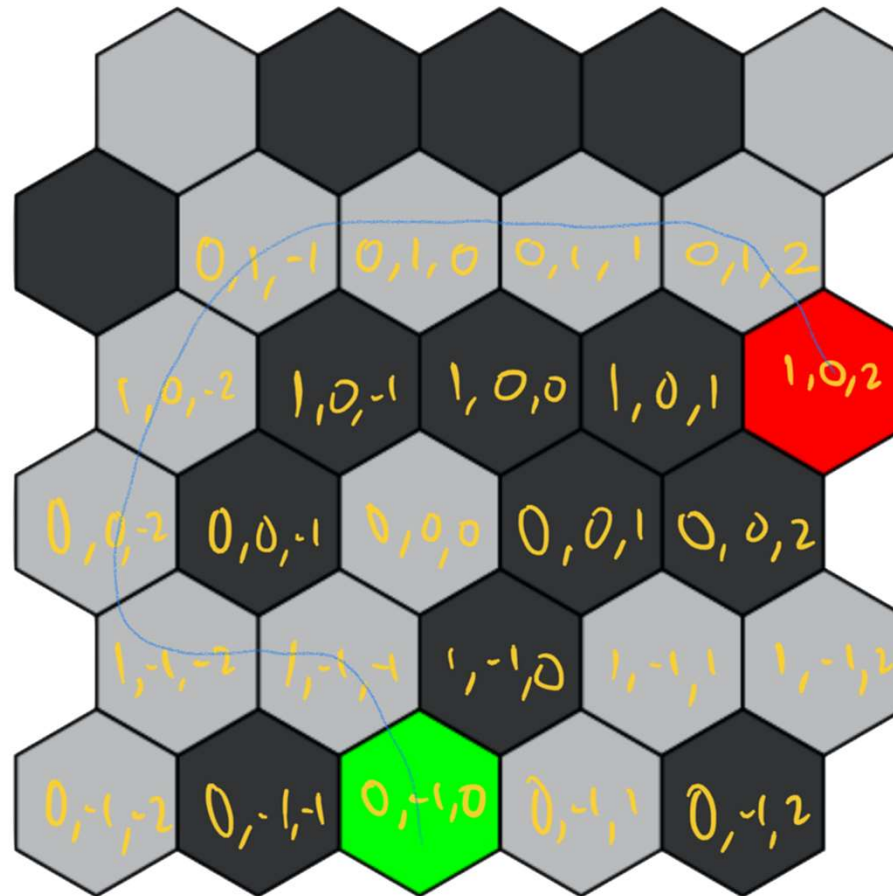
Maze Continuation

Ongoing:

- While there are nodes, take the most favourable one (lowest f score)
- If at the end, finish path!
- For all neighbours of current node, update the g scores
- If g score is lower than it was previously, add this neighbour to the list of available nodes with f score as its priority



Path Example





Objective: Find the starting budget of the 4 players (500\$-2500\$)

Given data:

- Properties purchased in last 5 rounds and by which player
- Remaining budget and location of each player
- 1000 different games

Technique: Use only first 32 lines (1 game)

Monopoly – Methodology

Method:

- 1) Make a dictionary to store all player information

```
1 # players dictionary
2 players = {
3     'A': {'properties': [], 'cost': 0, 'end_position': 0, 'end_budget': 0},
4     'B': {'properties': [], 'cost': 0, 'end_position': 0, 'end_budget': 0},
5     'C': {'properties': [], 'cost': 0, 'end_position': 0, 'end_budget': 0},
6     'D': {'properties': [], 'cost': 0, 'end_position': 0, 'end_budget': 0},
7 }
```



Monopoly – Methodology

- Open file
- Populate player dictionary
- Ignore properties that are not owned
- Get player details after 5 rounds



```
1  # read the input file and populate the players dictionary
2  def readInput(index):
3      with open('monopoly\in.txt', 'r') as file:
4          lines = file.readlines()[index:index+32]
5          for line in lines:
6              parts = line.split()
7              if len(parts) == 5: # This box is owned by a player
8                  property = parts[1].split('_')[0]
9                  cost = monopoly_properties[property]["cost"]
10                 house_cost = monopoly_properties[property].get("house_cost", 0) * int(parts[2])
11                 box_number = int(parts[0])
12                 owner = parts[4]
13                 players[owner]['properties'].append(box_number)
14                 players[owner]['cost'] += cost + house_cost
15             elif len(parts) == 3: # This is a player info line
16                 player = parts[0]
17                 players[player]['end_position'] = int(parts[2])
18                 players[player]['end_budget'] = int(parts[1])
```

Monopoly - Methodology



How do we know how many times each player has gone around the board?



```
1 # find the number of times each player has gone around the board to see if they got +200$ from the bank
2 def calculate_rounds(player):
3     properties = players[player]['properties']
4     if not properties: # if the player has no properties return 0 ( we assume they havent gone around the board)
5         return 0
6     current_position = players[player]['end_position']
7     rounds = 0
8     # if the next property is smaller than the previous one, it means we went around the board
9     for i in range(1, len(properties)):
10         if properties[i] < properties[i - 1]:
11             rounds += 1
12     # if the current position is smaller than the biggest property, it means we went around the board
13     if current_position < max(properties):
14         rounds += 1
15     # if the current position is smaller than the smallest property, it means we went around the board
16     if current_position < min(properties):
17         rounds += 1
18     return rounds
```


Monopoly - Answer

Last step: calculate starting budget

$\text{Starting_budget} = (\text{remaining_budget} + \text{cost_properties} - \text{rounds} * (200)) - 100$



```
1  # calculate the estimated starting budget
2  def calculate_starting_budgets():
3      min_starting_budget = 0
4      for player in players.keys():
5          rounds = calculate_rounds(player)
6          players[player]['starting_budget'] = players[player]['end_budget'] + players[player]['cost'] - rounds * 200
7
8      # find the minimum starting budget and subtract 100$ to compensate for chance and community chest
9      min_starting_budget = min(players[player]['starting_budget'] for player in players.keys())-100
10
11     if min_starting_budget < 500:
12         min_starting_budget = 500
13
14     elif min_starting_budget > 2500:
15         min_starting_budget = 2500
16     return min_starting_budget
```



Monopoly - Problems

- Information not always clear
 - Not given price of hotel (also not present in rules)
 - Unsure if after 5 rounds, player needs to pay rent on the box they occupy
 - Has rent already been deducted from remaining budget or not yet?
-

Hamming

Encoding →

Hello World!

ASCII

01010111100100...

Binary
Array: I

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

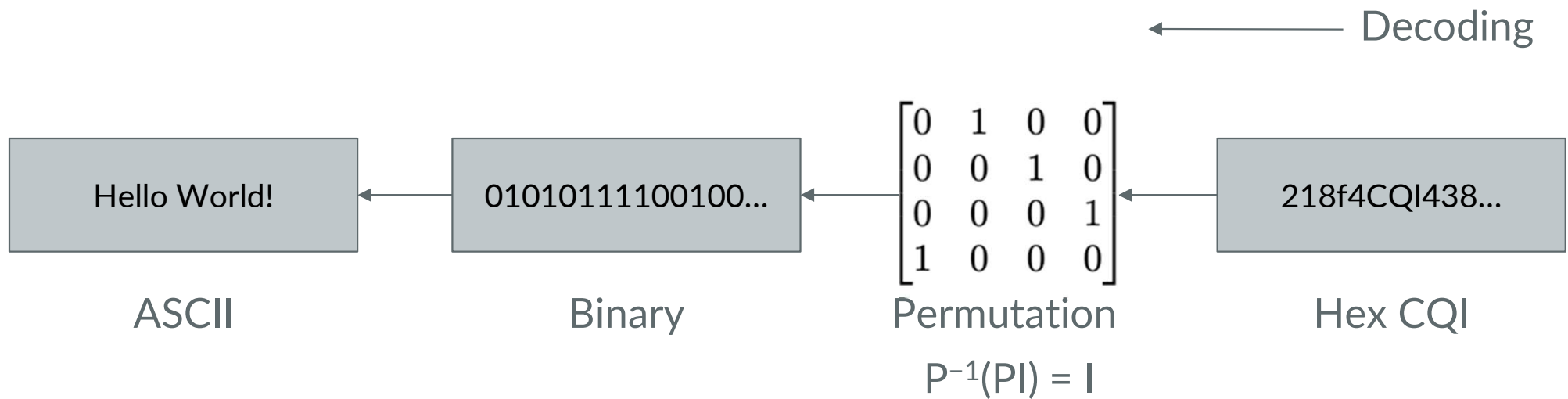
Permutation
Array: PI

218f4CQI438...

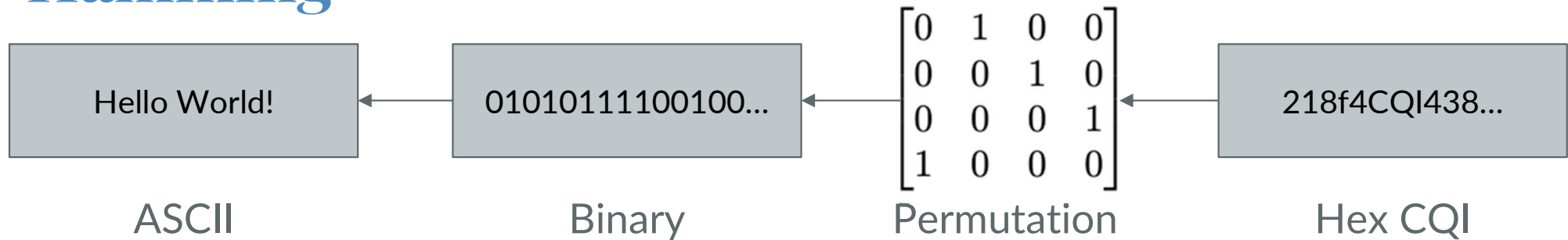
Hex CQI

0	00000
1	00001
...	...
F	01111
CQI	1000
CQI0	1001
...	...
CQIf	11111

Hamming

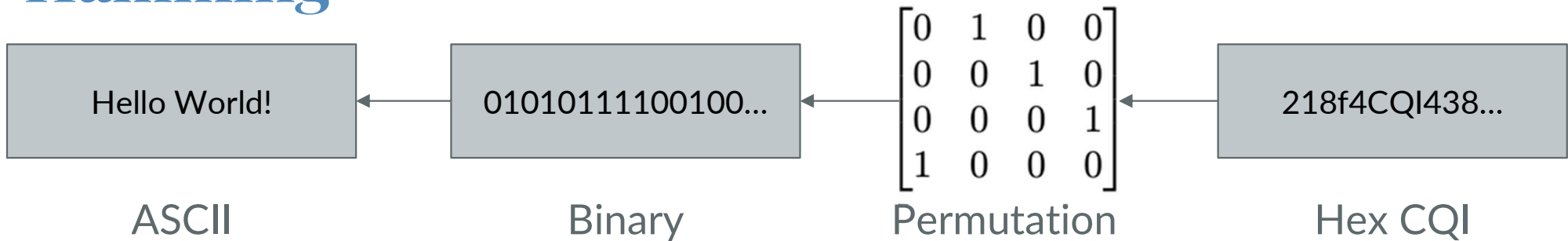


Hamming



- Lookup Table
- Additional handling for CQI symbol

Hamming



- ASCII parsing per 8 bits
- Built-in function

Shakespeare - Language Overview

Instructions are written as a play script, using characters as variables.
Most variable manipulation is done through dialogue.

Title: Starts with a title name

Introductions: introduce characters → restricted to ones from Shakespeare plays,

Acts: Denoted as *Act RomanNumeral: description*.

Scenes: Scenes are used as goto labels.

Some of our plot

[Enter Lady Macbeth]

Romeo: Thou art as good as the product of myself and a mighty sky. Remember thyself. Open your heart!

Lady Macbeth: Thou art as vile as a sweet bottomless large white mighty kingdom. Speak your mind!

Romeo: Thou art as Beautiful as a white rose. Open your heart!

Lady Macbeth: Speak your mind!

Romeo: You are as stupid as the difference between yourself and Macbeth. Open your heart! Recall the love you once had for him.

Lady Macbeth: Speak your mind! Thou art as cunning as a mighty brave horse.

Romeo: You are as loving as the sum of the small cute animal and the sweetest pony. Open your heart!

Lady Macbeth: Speak your mind!

[Exit Romeo]

Scene III: The Reunion.

[Enter Macbeth]

Macbeth: Thou art as beautiful as a sweet peaceful rose. Remember me.

Lady Macbeth: You are as loving as the large sky.

Macbeth: Open your heart! Recall our love and I beseech you to take me back.

[Exeunt]

Shakespeare - Problems

- Only three team members, not enough time for this one.
 - Instructions very unclear
 - No answer when messaging MEC McGill on instagram
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Any questions ?

Note: we had enough snacks to last a week :)

