

ACTIVATE PCROP

Link

 $\frac{https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qCuVBD2dmTA\&list=PLnMKNibPkDnFzux3PHKUEi14ftDn9Cbm7\&index=7$

Description

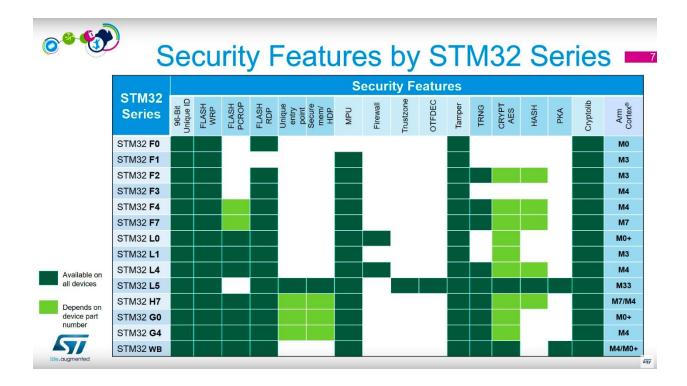
In this paperwork, we will do all the steps to quickly separate activities in the memory and then to forbid to write or read in this specific zone in order to hide the code on the stm32 board we are using.

Contents

Link	1
Description	1
Prerequisites	2
STM32 Board	
ST-Link cable	2
STM32CubeProgrammer	2
STM32CubeMX	
STM32CubeIDE	2
Walkthrough	
Step 1 : Run STM32CubeMX and generate the code	
Step 2 : Separate the specific code in another file.	
Step 3 : Link the file to the main	
Step 4 : Separate the memory	
Step 5 : Activate PCROP on STM32Programmer	
Step 6 : Check the PCROP memory section	



Prerequisites



STM32 Board

ST-Link cable

STM32CubeProgrammer

STM32CubeMX

STM32CubeIDE

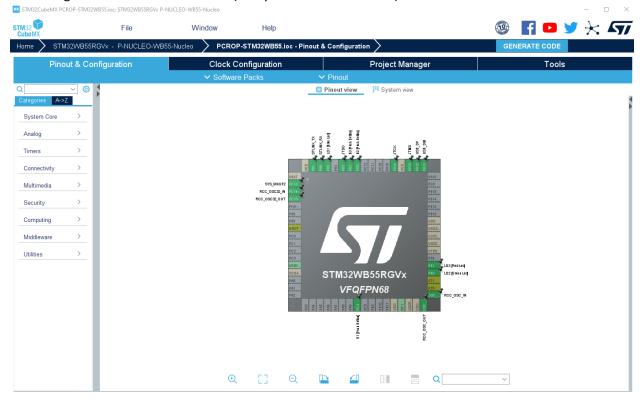


Walkthrough

Step 1: Run STM32CubeMX and generate the code

Launch STM32CubeMX and select the right board depending on the one you are using. In my case I use the WB55 Nucleo board. Then you can generate the code of your project.

Don't forget to select the correct IDE (in my case STM32CubeIDE).





Step 2: Separate the specific code in another file.

To do this you will need to create a new file in your src folder and write for example the code of a blinking light.

```
| Image: | | Image: |
```

Step 3: Link the file to the main

When the code is written you just have to link it in our main.c file. To do so we will just write name of the previous file as a function. In our case led_blinking().

```
🕝 main.c 🏻 🖟 led_blinking.c
  65⊖ /**
        * @brief The application entry point.
  66
       * Oretval int
  67
  69⊖ int main(void)
 70 {
71 | /* USER CODE BEGIN 1 */
  72
73
74
75
76
77
78
79
80
81
82
       /* USER CODE END 1 */
       /* MCU Configuration----*/
        /st Reset of all peripherals, Initializes the Flash interface and the <code>Systick.*/</code>
        HAL_Init();
        /* USER CODE BEGIN Init */
       /* USER CODE END Init */
        /st Configure the system clock st/
  84
  85
86
87
        SystemClock_Config();
        /* USER CODE BEGIN SysInit */
  88
89
        /* USER CODE END SysInit */
  90
91
        /st Initialize all configured peripherals st/
        MX_GPIO_Init();
        MX_USART1_UART_Init();
MX_USB_PCD_Init();
  93
94
95
96
97
98
        /* USER CODE BEGIN 2 */
        /* USER CODE END 2 */
        /* Infinite loop */
/* USER CODE BEGIN WHILE */
 100
 101
        while (1)
 102
103
        { /* USER CODE END WHILE */
 104
105
          /* USER CODE BEGIN 3 */
          secret_led_blin
HAL_Delay(500);
 107
 108
        }
/* USER CODE END 3 */
110 }
```



Step 4 : Separate the memory

To separate the memory I have to add a PCROP section in the memory (to do so I had to reduce the flash memory).

When created I just have to add in SECTIONS the .PCROPed to explain to my code that this section is reserved to my specific led_blinking.c's executable file.

```
STM32WB55RGVX_FLASH.Id ⋈
  34 */
  35
  36 /* Entry Point */
  37 ENTRY(Reset_Handler)
 45 /* Specify the memory areas */
  47 {
 48 FLASH (rx)
49 PCROP (x)
                               : ORIGIN = 0x08000000, LENGTH = 16K

: ORIGIN = 0x08008000, LENGTH = 16K

: ORIGIN = 0x20000004, LENGTH = 0x2FFFC

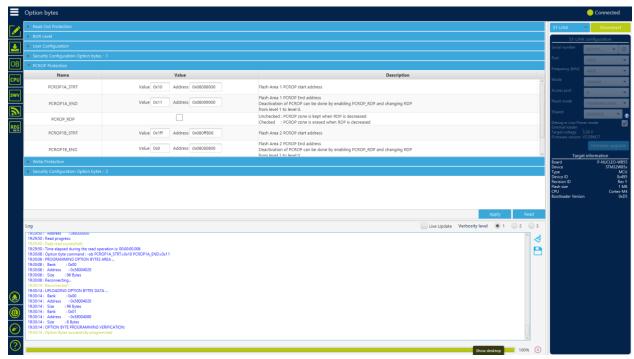
: ORIGIN = 0x20030000, LENGTH = 10K
  50 RAM1 (xrw)
  51 RAM_SHARED (xrw)
  52 }
  53
  54/* Define output sections */
  55 SECTIONS
 56 \{ 57 /* The startup code goes first into FLASH */
       .isr_vector :
  59 {
        . = ALIGN(4);
KEEP(*(.isr_vector)) /* Startup code */
. = ALIGN(4);
  60
  61
  62
  63 } >FLASH
  65 .PCROPed : 🖛
  66 {
                = ALIGN(4);
  67
  68
              *led_blinking.o (.text .text*)
 ______ullnking
os . = ALIGN(4);
70 } > PCROP
```

Then you can just compile and debug.



Step 5 : Activate PCROP on STM32Programmer

In this step we will go in the OB section of STM32Programmer and go to PCROP Protection. When you are in, you can select the start address and the end address of memory that you want to protect. Warning, you must have different values on it, so if it doesn't change your value you can just increment it by one as for me.



When PCROP is applied, don't forget to press the reset button on your board.



Step 6: Check the PCROP memory section.

In this step you just have to go to the memory section of our PCROP, which is 0x08008000 and you will see that we can't see anything in the memory, the same pattern is always written.

