

Test Automation

Tony Godwin (Day 2 of 4)



Test Automation Class Overview

- Less than twelve hours to learn "Test Automation"
- Automation of Browser Client
 - Record and Playback (Day 1)
 - Record and Playback (Day 2) <= YOU ARE HERE</p>
 - Write code (Day 3)
 - Write code (Day 4)



Remember: Define a Test Strategy

A great way to increase your chances of automated web testing success is to focus your efforts by mapping out a testing strategy.

The best way to do that is to answer four questions:

- 1. How does your business make money (or generate value for the end-user)?
- 2. How do your users use your application?
- 3. What browsers are your users using?
- 4. What things have broken in the application before?"

-- "Selenium Bootcamp" by Dave Haeffner – Sauce Labs



Record and Playback

- Did you read the step-by-step?
 - https://medium.com/katalon-studio/a-sample-web-automation-test-project-9c532237c2bd
 - What did it say in "Step 4"?
- On your own
 - What Application?
 - http://demoaut.katalon.com
 - http://store.demoqa.com/
 - What is your "use case"
 - Add it as a record and playback



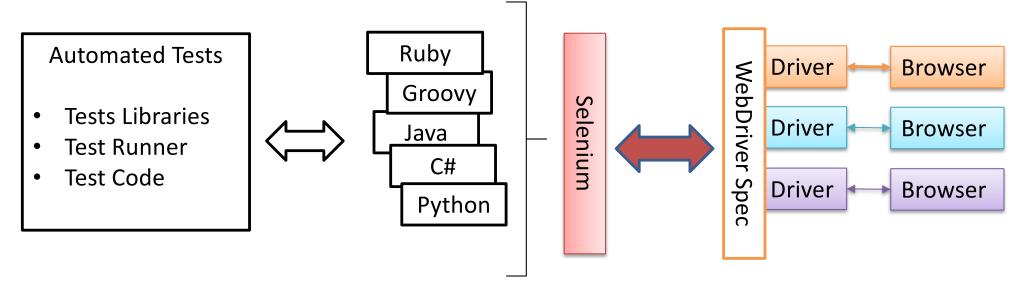
QUIZ

What questions help you create a test strategy to improve you test automation success?

۹.	What does my boss need fixed?
В.	How does your business make money (or generate value for the end-user)?
C.	Do I have enough time to write code for automation?
D.	How do your users use your application?
Ε.	What things have broken in the application before?
F.	Can I get a developer to write a Unit Test?



Browser Tool Stack



- Browser Vendors create automation drivers which conform to the W3C WebDriver Specification
- Selenium has bindings for lots of programming languages and talks to the browser specific driver
- Automated Tests are "test libraries," a "test runner," and "test code."



Elements of the tool stack are:

- Client (application in a browser)
 - Product under test
 - Browser and version
- Interact with the Browser
 - WebDriver / Selenium
 - "Web Driver Wrapper" (WATIR / Capybara)
- Test Code
 - How does a test look like a use case?
 - How do you separate what changes from what doesn't change?
 - What do you have for asserts?
- Test Harness / Test Runner
 - How to select tests to run
 - How to verify/assert success or failure
 - Test execution log
 - Jenkins Job
- Test Runs
 - Test result reporting
 - Test suite execution log
- Test Repository
 - Test Rail



Where is the tool stack?

Item	Object	Input	
-× 1 - Open Browser		IIII	
-× 2 - Navigate To Url		"https://katalon-demo-cura.herokuapp.com/"	
→ 3 - Click	a_Make Appointment		
-× 4 - Set Text	input_Username_username	"John Doe"	
-× 5 - Set Encrypted Text	input_Password_password	"mnkJqkPPKg1friGnJQNHAA=="	
→ 6 - Click	button_Login		
→ 7 - Verify Element Text	p_Login failed Please ensure the username	"Login failed! Please ensure the username and password are valid."	
→ 8 - Click	i_CURA Healthcare_fa fa-bars		
→ 9 - Click	a_Home		
-× 10 - Close Browser			
⊕ import static com.kms.katalon.core.checkpoint.CheckpointFactory.findCheckpoint.			
⊖ WebUI.openBrowser('')			
WebUI.navigateToUrl('https://katalon-demo-cura.herokuapp.com/')			
<pre>WebUI.click(findTestObject('Object Repository/Page_CURA Healthcare Service/a_Make Appointment'))</pre>			
WebUI.setText(findTestObject('Object Repository/Page_CURA Healthcare Service/input_Username_username'), 'John Doe')			
WebUI.setEncryptedText(findTestObject('Object Repository/Page_CURA Healthcare Service/input_Password_password'), 'mnkJqkF			
<pre>WebUI.click(findTestObject('Object Repository/Page_CURA Healthcare Service/button_Login'))</pre>			
WebUI.verifyElementText(findTestObject('Object Repository/Page_CURA Healthcare Service/p_Login failed Please ensure the u 'Login failed! Please ensure the username and password are valid.')			
WebUI.click(findTestObject('Object Repository/Page_CURA Healthcare Service/i_CURA Healthcare_fa fa-bars'))			
<pre>WebUI.click(findTestObject(</pre>	WebUI.click(findTestObject('Object Repository/Page_CURA Healthcare Service/a_Home'))		
WebUI.closeBrowser()			



Become a developer...

Fork a GitHub repository

- Login to your GitHub Account
- Find my repo: https://github.com/agodwin/v4q.git
- Click the "Fork" Button
 - A copy of my repo in your project
- Clone your GitHub repo
 - A local repository you can edit and "push" to GitHub

What did you just get?

- Look at files with GUI
- Open terminal and look at file in CLI
- Look at files with Text Editor



Text Editor Check / Git Check

- Open the v4q/hello.txt file
- Add some text
- Save the file
- Commit the file (local repo)
 - git status
 - git add
 - git commit -m "Look ma, I can code"
- Push the changes (remote repo)
 - git status
 - git push
- Check GitHub for the changer'



Ruby and Watir

- Check Ruby Version
 - ruby –version
- Check Chrome Version

- Check 'chromedriver'
 - Is 'chromedriver' in the PATH for CLI?
 - chromedriver --version
 - Is 'chromedriver' compatible with Chrome
 - Update to new 'chromedriver'



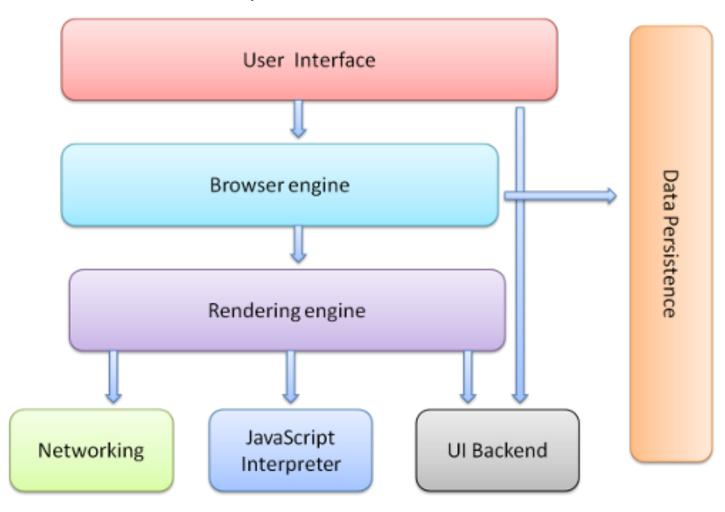
Ruby and Watir

- Add new libraries (gems in Ruby)
 - gem –version
 - gem list
 - gem install watir
 - gem install rspec
 - gem list
- Open 'watir-examples.rb' in text editor
- Run the watir samples
 - cd <local-repo-location>/v4q
 - ruby watir-examples.rb



Browser Components

A picture is worth 1000 words

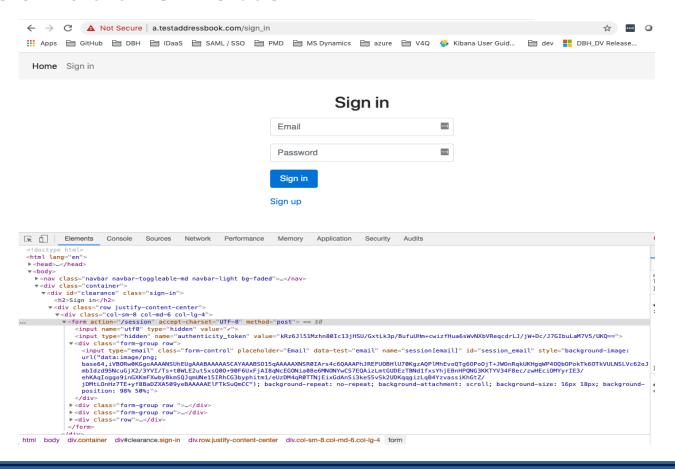






Demo Browser Developer Tools (again)

- Menu > More Tools > Developer Tools
- Dock at the Bottom





Ruby, Watir, and IRB

- IRB Interactive Ruby
- Learn Watir and explore HTML/DOM
- Run the watir samples (V2)
 - cd <local-repo-location>/v4q
 - Open 'watir-examples.rb' in text editor
- Launch IRB and Load Watir "gem"
 - irb
 - require 'watir'

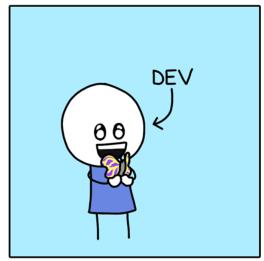


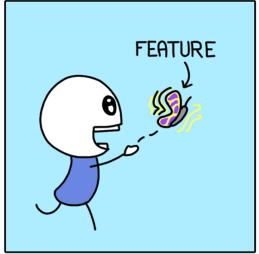
Question?

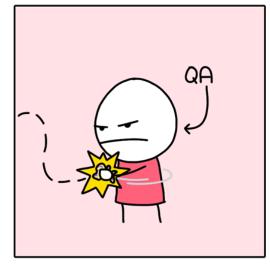
- Continuous to Learning:
 - Repeat the IRB exercise with:
 - http://demoaut.katalon.com
 - http://store.demoga.com/
 - Try and watch Lynda / Linked-in Learning
 - https://www.linkedin.com/learning/
 - "Ruby Testing with RSPEC"
 - Introduction and sections 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5
 - Ruby Programming Language
 - http://ruby-doc.com/docs/ProgrammingRuby/

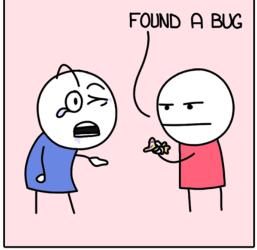


THE STRUGGLE









MONKEYUSER.COM



Web Services

A picture is worth 1000 words

