

EXTRA: LET $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ AND $R \subseteq A \times A$

$$R = \{(1,1), (1,2), (1,3), (2,4), (3,4), (4,5), (5,6)\}$$

FIND TRANSITIVE CLOSURE

$$M_R = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$T = \bigcup_{n>0} M_R^n \quad | \quad M_R^k = M_R^{k-1}$$

$$M_R^2 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$M_R^3 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$M_R^4 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$M_R^5 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = M_R^4$$

$$T = \bigcup_{n=1}^4 M_R^n = M_R \cup M_R^2 \cup M_R^3 \cup M_R^4 =$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

EXTRA: LET $M_R = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$

a) WHICH PROPERTIES DOES M_R HAVE?

b) FIND M_S

c) FIND M_{Re}

a) • REFLEXIVITY $\Leftrightarrow I \subseteq R \Leftrightarrow M(I) \leq M(R)$

$(M_R)_{2,2} \neq 0 \Rightarrow$ IT IS NOT REFLEXIVE

• SYMMETRY $\Leftrightarrow R^{\text{op}} \subseteq R^{\text{op}} \Leftrightarrow M_R^T \leq M_R$

$$M_R^T = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \Rightarrow$$

IT IS NOT SYMMETRIC

• TRANSITIVITY $\Leftrightarrow R^2 \subseteq R \Leftrightarrow M_{R^2} \leq M_R$

$$M_{R^2} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

IT IS TRANSITIVE

b) $M_S = M_R + I + M_R^{\text{op}}$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$