

ASSUME R IS A BINARY RELATION AND f, g ARE UNARY FUNCTIONS. PROVE

THAI $\forall x R(x, x), \forall x y (R(Rx, y) \leftrightarrow R(x, gy)) \vdash \forall x (R(x, gf_x) \wedge R(fgx, x))$

HERBRAND MODEL

| STEP | FORMULA | RULE |
|------|---|-----------------|
| 1 | $\{\forall x R(x, x)\}$ | ASSUMPTION |
| 2 | $\{\forall x y (R(Rx, y) \leftrightarrow R(x, gy))\}$ | ASSUMPTION |
| 3 | $\{\neg \forall x (R(x, gf_x) \wedge R(fgx, x))\}$ | ASSUMPTION |
| 4 | $\{\neg (R(a, gfa) \wedge R(fga, a))\}$ | 3, δ-EXPANSION |
| 5 | $\{\neg R(a, gfa), \neg R(fga, a)\}$ | 4, β-EXPANSION |
| 6 | $\{\forall x y (R(Rx, y) \rightarrow R(x, gy))\}$ | 2, d-EXPANSION |
| 7 | $\{\forall x y (R(Rfα, y) \rightarrow R(α, gy))\}$ | 2, d-EXPANSION |
| 8 | $\{\forall y (R(fα, y) \rightarrow R(α, gy))\}$ | 6, γ-EXPANSION |
| 9 | $\{R(fα, fα) \rightarrow R(α, gfa)\}$ | 8, γ-EXPANSION |
| 10 | $\{\neg R(fα, fα), R(α, gfa)\}$ | 9, β-EXPANSION |
| 11 | $\{\forall y (R(α, gy) \rightarrow R(fα, y))\}$ | 7, γ-EXPANSION |
| 12 | $\{R(α, g(fα)) \rightarrow R(fα, fα)\}$ | 11, γ-EXPANSION |
| 13 | $\{\neg R(α, gfa), R(fα, fa)\}$ | 12, β-EXPANSION |
| 14 | $\{R(fα, fα)\}$ | 1, γ-EXPANSION |

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 $\{\exists R(\alpha, g\beta\alpha)\}$

14, 10 RESOLUTION

16

 $\{\exists \neg R(\alpha, g\beta\alpha)\}$

13, 14 RESOLUTION

17

 \emptyset

15, 16 RESOLUTION

UNIFICATION

- $\{\forall x R(x, x)\} \vdash \{\exists R(x, x)\}$
- $\{\exists \forall x, y (R(fx, y) \leftrightarrow R(x, gy))\} \vdash \{\exists (R(fx, y) \leftrightarrow R(x, gy))\}$
 $\vdash \{\exists R(fx, y) \rightarrow R(x, gy)\}, \{\exists R(x, gy) \rightarrow R(fx, y)\}$
 $\vdash \{\exists \neg R(fx, y), R(x, gy)\}, \{\exists \neg R(x, gy), R(fx, y)\}$
- $\{\exists \neg \forall x (R(x, gy) \wedge R(fgx, x))\} \vdash \{\exists \exists x. \neg (R(x, gy) \wedge R(fgx, x))\}$
 $\vdash \{\exists \neg R(\alpha, g\beta\alpha), \neg R(fg\alpha, \alpha)\}$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{\{\exists R(x, x)\} \quad \{\exists \neg R(x, gy), R(fx, y)\}}{\{\exists R(fx, y), y\}} \left[\frac{gy}{x} \right] \\
 \frac{\{\exists R(fx, y), y\} \quad \{\exists \neg R(\alpha, g\beta\alpha), \neg R(fg\alpha, \alpha)\}}{\{\exists \neg R(\alpha, g\beta\alpha), \neg R(fg\alpha, \alpha)\}} \left[\frac{\alpha}{y} \right] \\
 \frac{\left[\frac{x}{\alpha}, \frac{y}{\beta\alpha} \right] \quad \{\exists \neg R(\alpha, g\beta\alpha)\}}{\{\exists \neg R(fg\alpha, fg\alpha)\}} \\
 \frac{\left[\frac{fg\alpha}{x} \right] \quad \{\exists \neg R(fg\alpha, fg\alpha)\}}{\{\exists R(x, x)\}}
 \end{array}$$

\emptyset

LET L BE THE F.O.L. GENERATED BY A BINARY RELATION SYMBOL R INTENDED TO GENERALIZE EQUAITY AND BY THE UNARY FUNCTION SYMBOLS f AND g.

(CONSIDERING THE FOLLOWING TERMINOLOGY:

- f IS R-INJECTIVE IF $\forall x,y (R(fx, fy) \rightarrow R(x, y))$
- f IS R-SURJECTIVE IF $\forall x \exists y (R(fx, y))$
- f IS R-COMPATIBLE IF $\forall x,y (R(x, y) \rightarrow R(fx, fy))$

PROVE THE FOLLOWING ASSERTIONS:

(a) IF fg IS R-COMPATIBLE AND f IS R-INJECTIVE, THEN g IS R-COMPATIBLE
 $\rightarrow R(gx, gy)$

$$\forall x,y (R(x, y) \rightarrow R(fgx, fgy)) \wedge \forall x,y (R(fx, fy) \rightarrow R(x, y)) \vdash \forall x,y (R(x, y) \rightarrow R(gx, gy))$$

$$\Gamma = \{ \forall x,y (R(x, y) \rightarrow R(fgx, fgy)), \forall x,y (R(fx, fy) \rightarrow R(x, y)), \neg \forall x,y (R(x, y) \rightarrow R(gx, gy)) \} \text{ UNIFICATION}$$

$$\bullet \{ \forall x,y (R(x, y) \rightarrow R(fgx, fgy)) \} \vdash \{ \neg R(x, y), R(fgx, fgy) \}$$

$$\bullet \{ \forall x,y (R(fx, fy) \rightarrow R(gx, gy)) \} \vdash \{ \neg R(fx, fy), R(fx, fy) \}$$

$$\bullet \{ \neg \forall x,y (R(x, y) \rightarrow R(gx, gy)) \} \vdash \{ \exists x,y. \neg (R(x, y) \rightarrow R(gx, gy)) \} \\ \vdash \{ \exists x,y (R(x, y) \wedge \neg R(gx, gy)) \} \vdash \{ R(a, b), \neg R(ga, gb) \}$$

$$CCF = \{ \{ \neg R(x, x), R(fgx, fgy) \}, \{ \neg R(fx, fy), R(x, y) \}, \{ R(a, b) \}, \{ \neg R(ga, gb) \} \}$$

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \{ \neg R(x, x), R(fgx, fgy) \} \\ \{ R(a, b) \} \end{array}}{\{ R(fga, fgb) \}} \quad \frac{\begin{array}{c} \{ \neg R(fx, fy), R(x, y) \} \\ \{ R(a, b) \} \end{array}}{\{ \neg R(ga, gb) \}}$$

$$\frac{\{ R(fga, fgb) \} \cup \{ \neg R(ga, gb) \}}{\emptyset}$$