

EXTRA: TRANSLATE THE FOLLOWING ASSERTION IN PROPOSITIONAL LOGIC. THEN.

VERIFY IT USING BOTH SEMANTIC AND RESOLUTION CALCULUS

SE TEMPERATURA E PRESSIONE RESIANO COSTANTI ALLORA NON PUÒ PIOVERE. LA TEMPERATURA È RIMASIA COSTANTE. PIOVE, DUNQUE LA PRESSIONE NON È RIMASIA COSTANTE

X = PIOVE Y = TEMPERATURA COSTANTE Z = PRESSIONE COSTANTE

$$Y \wedge Z \Rightarrow \neg X, Y, X \models \neg Z$$

SEMANTIC

X	Y	Z	X \wedge Z	$\neg X$	F ₁	F ₂	F ₃	φ
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1
0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	x
1	1	1	1	0	0	1	x	0

VALUATION v₇ SATISFIES BOTH PREMISES AND CONCLUSION

$\Rightarrow F \models \varphi \checkmark$

RESOLUTION

$$\Sigma \gamma \wedge \Xi \Rightarrow \neg x, \gamma, \Xi, \neg(\neg z) \Xi$$

STEP	FORMULA	RULE
1	$\Sigma \gamma \wedge \Xi \rightarrow \neg x \Xi$	ASSUMPTION
2	$\Sigma \gamma \Xi$	ASSUMPTION
3	$\Sigma x \Xi$	ASSUMPTION
4	$\Sigma \neg(\neg z) \Xi$	ASSUMPTION
5	$\Sigma \neg(\neg x), \neg x \Xi$	1, B-EXPANSION
6	$\Sigma \neg x, \neg y, \neg z \Xi$	1, B-EXPANSION
7	$\Sigma z \Xi$	4, DOUBLE NEGATION
8	$\Sigma \neg z, \neg z \Xi$	6, 3 RESOLUTION
9	$\Sigma \neg z \Xi$	8, 2 RESOLUTION
10	\perp	9, 7 RESOLUTION

FUS $\neg\varphi$ HAS A CLOSED EXPANSION \Rightarrow THE STATEMENT IS CORRECT

$F \vdash \varphi$

FORMULA :

DNF $\varphi = x \wedge y \wedge \neg z$

RELATIONS AND FUNCTIONS

CONSIDER THE SETS $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$; $B = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$; $C = \{1, 2\}$.

AND LET $R: A \rightarrow B$ AND $S: B \rightarrow C$ BE THE RELATIONS DEFINED BY

THE MATRICES $R = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$ AND $S = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$.

COMPUTE THE RELATION RS

$$R: A \rightarrow B \quad R = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$S: B \rightarrow C \quad S = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \quad R \cdot S?$$

$$R \cdot S = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$RS: A \rightarrow C \checkmark$