## Question 1

Mr Quick, a dangerous driver, was driving 660 km from Kigali to Nairobi in just 6 hours. This required 62.7 litres of petrol, and when he arrived his tank was empty.

- (a) What was his average speed?
- (b) How much petrol on average was needed per 100 km?
- (c) With an average speed of 90 km/h, the car would only have used 8.5 litres of petrol per 100 km. What additional distance could Mr Quick drive with the saved petrol at this speed? (Round your answer to the nearest integer.)

# Question 2

Methane is a greenhouse gas that is about 50 times more destructive to the environment than carbon dioxide. In Rwanda, methane from cattle digestion accounts for almost one third of the country's greenhouse gas emissions. An average cow releases about 100 kg of methane each year. Recently, a Rwandan science organisation started experimenting with a food supplement. First tests show that just a small quantity of this supplement could reduce stock methane emissions by 80%!

- (a) Rwandan cows release about 500 million kg methane each year. How many cows do we approximately have in Rwanda?
- (b) If every cow in Rwanda received the food supplement, how many kilograms of methane less would be burped out each year?
- (c) In order to supply the growing world population with dairy and beef, even more cows will be needed in the future. However, with the food supplement Rwanda could have more cows and still reduce the release of methane into the environment. How many cows could we have if all of them received the food supplement and we wanted to reduce the methane emissions to 30% of the current value?

#### Question 3

In this entire question you do not need to show working. In this question we will look at the interesting number 41.

Firstly, it is a prime number, meaning that it has only two factors, 1 and 41.

- (a) 41 is the sum of two perfect squares. Find them. (A perfect square is the square of an integer, such as 82 = 64.)
- (b) 41 is a twin prime, separated from another prime number by exactly 2. Find the prime number which is a twin to 41.
- (c) 41 can be written as the sum of three different prime numbers in a variety of ways. Find one such way.
- (d) 41 is the sum of exactly six different prime numbers. Find them.

- (e) 41 can be found using the formula [(2n-1)2 + 1]/2, where n is a natural number. Find the value of n that gives 41 using this formula.
- (f) A prime p is a Sophie Germain prime if the number 2p + 1 is also prime. Thus if 41 is a Sophie Germain prime then  $2 \times 41 + 1 = 83$  must also be prime. Is 83 prime? If it is, then say 'yes'. If it is not say 'no' and write down the factors of 83.
- (g) For many years it was thought that some Mathematical expressions could be used to find prime numbers. For example, the expression n 2 n + 41 (where n is a natural number) gives many primes. So 52 5 + 41 = 61, and 61 is prime.
  - (i) What value is given by the expression n 2 n + 41 if n = 35?
  - (ii) If n = 41, then 412 41 + 41 = 1681. Is 1681 prime? If it is then say 'yes'. If it is not say 'no' and write down one factor of 1681 (that is not 1 or 1681).

#### Question 4

The numbers 1, 3, 6, 10, 15, 21, ... are called triangular numbers.

- (a) State the values of the 8th and 9th triangular numbers.
- (b) The triangular numbers can be listed with the natural numbers as a set of ordered pairs (x,y),  $\{(1,1), (2,3), (3,6), (4,10), (5,15), (6,21), ...\}$ . The formula for the x th triangular number is a quadratic. In other words y = ax2 + bx + c, where a, b and c are real numbers. It can be shown that c = 0.
  - (i) If x = 1, write an equation for a and b.
  - (ii) If x = 2, write an equation for a and b.
  - (iii) State the values of a and b.
  - (iv) State the value of the 50th triangular number.
- (c) Show that for any triangular number y, the number 32y + 4 is always square.

## Question 5

In a certain school sports team, all students are either 13 or 14 years old (and there is at least one student in each age group). The sum of the ages of all students is 325.

- (a) Denote the number of 13-year old students by x and the number of 14-year old students by y. Write down an equation for x and y from the information given.
- (b) What are the prime factors of 325?
- (c) Using (a) and (b), find out how many 13-year old and how many 14-year old students there are in the team, i.e. find the values of x and y.

## Question 6

Alice brings home a box of cherries for her three grandchildren Joseph, Catherine, and Sammy, which should be shared fairly between them. Joseph, who was alone at home, is the first to take his portion: he takes one third of the cherries from the box. Then Catherine comes home. She does not know that Joseph already took his cherries, so she takes one third of the remaining

cherries. Finally, Sammy takes another third of the remaining cherries. In the end, 16 cherries are left in the box. How many cherries did each child take?

## Question 7

A Pythagorean triple (a,b, c) consists of three positive integers a, b, c such that  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ . (a) Find three different examples of Pythagorean triples with a < b and confirm that they satisfy  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ .

(b) Why is there no Pythagorean triple with a = b

## **Question 8**

John locked his bike with a 4-digit combination lock several months ago, and he cannot recall the correct combination. Each digit is one of the numbers 0, 1, 2, ..., 9. John only knows that each of the numbers 1, 4, and 6 appears exactly once, but he can't remember the position of those numbers, and he does not know what the fourth number was.

- (a) What is the maximum number of combinations he would need to try to open the lock?
- (b) If John knew that the first digit was the 4, how many combinations would he then need to try at most?