

## UNIVERSITY OF GHANA

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# BSc/BA, FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS: 2015/2016

#### SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

## DEPARTMENT OF BIOMEDICAL ENGINEERING

FAEN 201: CALCULUS II (4 credits)

#### INSTRUCTION:

ANSWER ANY FIVE OUT OF THE FOLLOWING SEVEN QUESTIONS TIME ALLOWED:

## THREE (3) HOURS

1. (a) Evaluate the limit of the sequence:

$$a_n = \frac{3^n + 4^{n+1}}{3^n - 4^n}$$

for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ .

(8 marks)

(b) Evaluate the limit of the sequence:

$$a_n = \sqrt{n^2 + 3n} - \sqrt{n^2 - 3n}$$

for all  $n \in \mathbb{N} - \{1, 2\}$ .

(12 marks)

- (c) Give the  $\varepsilon-N$  definition of a convergent sequence. Show, using your definition, that the sequence  $a_n=\frac{2n+3}{5n-4}$  converges to  $\frac{2}{5}$ .
- 2. (a) Let p be a real number such that p > -1 and  $p \neq 0$ . Prove by induction that

$$(1+p)^n > 1 + np$$

for every integer  $n \geq 2$ .

(15 marks)

(b) Using your results in (a) above, show that the sequence  $a_n = \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^n$  for all integers  $n \ge 1$  is a monotone increasing sequence.

(c) i. Use the comparison test to test for convergence for

$$\int_3^4 \frac{\ln x}{(x-3)^4}.$$

(7 marks)

ii. Use the ratio criterion test to find the interval of absolute convergence of the power series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \frac{x^n}{n^3 \cdot 3^{n-1}} \right).$$

(8 marks)

3. (a) Find  $f_x$ ,  $f_y$ ,  $f_{xx}$  and  $f_{yy}$  of

i. 
$$f(x,y) = xe^{xy}$$

ii. 
$$(f(x,y) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2})$$
 (12 marks)

(b) Given that  $f(x,y) = x^3 + y^3 - 6xy$  where x = cost and y = sint, find

i. 
$$\frac{df}{dt}$$
 (8 marks)

ii. the value of 
$$\frac{df}{dt}$$
 when  $t = \frac{\pi}{2}$ . (4 marks)

iii. Find the critical point(s) of f(x,y)

(10 marks)

iv. Determine the nature of the critical point(s) of f(x, y).

(6 marks)

4. (a) Give a precise definition of the Gamma function  $\Gamma$ .

Prove that 
$$\Gamma(v+1) = v\Gamma(v)$$
 where  $v > 0$ .

(16 marks)

(b) Using your results (b) above and the fact that  $\Gamma(v+1)=v!$  for v=1,2,3,..., evaluate

i. 
$$\int_0^{\infty} x^6 e^{-2x} dx$$

ii. 
$$\int_0^\infty \sqrt{y}e^{-y^2}dy$$
.

(12 marks)

(14 marks)

(c) Given that

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{2u-1}\theta \cos^{2v-1}\theta \, d\theta = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\Gamma(u)\Gamma(v)}{\Gamma(u+v)},$$

evaluate

i. 
$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^3\theta \cos^2\theta \,d\theta$$

ii. 
$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^8 \theta \, d\theta$$
.

- 5. (a) The temperature at the point (x, y, z) in a solid piece of metal is given by  $f(x, y, z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}e^{3x+2y+z}$  degrees.
  - i. In what direction at the point (0,0,0) does the temperature increase most rapidly?
  - ii. Find the rate of increase in temperature in the solid metal. (12 marks)
  - (b) Find the directional derivative of  $f(x,y) = 3xy^3 + y^2z^2$  at the point (1,-2,-2) in the direction from that point towards the origin.

    (15 marks)
  - (c) Evaluate  $\int_C 4x^3 ds$ , where C is the line segment from (-2,-1) to (2,4) and ds is a path on C. (13 marks)
- 5. (a) Compute the double integral

$$\iint\limits_{R} \left[ x^2 y^2 + \cos(\pi x) + \sin(\pi y) \right] dA,$$

where  $R = [-2, -1] \times [0, 1]$ .

(15 marks)

- (b) Using Green's theorem and polar coordinates or otherwise, evaluate  $\oint_C y^3 dx x^3 dy$ , where C is the positively oriented circle of radius 2 centred at the origin. (13 marks)
- (c) For the vector function  $F = (yz^2)\mathbf{i} + (xy)\mathbf{j} + (yz)\mathbf{k}$ , compute div(curl F). (12 marks)
- 7. (a) Use Green's theorem to evaluate  $\oint xy \, dx + x^2y^3 \, dy$  where C is the triangle with vertices (0,0), (1,0) and (1,2) positively oriented. (13 marks)
  - (b) Compute the Laplacian of the function  $f(x,y,z)=x^3-3x^2y^2+z^3$ . (12 marks)
  - (c) How much work is accomplished by the force  $F(x,y) = (2xy^2)\mathbf{i} + (xy)\mathbf{j}$  in pushing a particle from (0,0) to (3,9) along the parabola  $y = x^2$ ?

    (15 marks)