

UNIVERSITY OF GHANA

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BSc. (ENG) MATERIALS SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING END OF FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS: 2016/2017 MATERIALS SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT MTEN 413: FOUNDRY TECHNOLOGY (2 CREDITS)

TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS

Answer ALL Questions

1.			
	a) Define the following terms	[10 marks]	
	i) Skim core		
	ii) Skim bob		
	iii) Stepgate		
	iv) Splash core		
	v) Directional solidification		
	During pouring of molten metal, pouring errors can occur. List and explain them.		
1		[6 marks]	
	c) Gases that are not allowed to escape before solidification may cause power what are the sources of these gases?	orosity in metals. [3 marks]	
	d) How will you control dissolved hydrogen gas?	[6 marks]	
	The use of a riser is very important in foundry technology. An aluminium item of mensions 40 inches \times 5 inches \times 10 inches has been designed and using the three riser bes as shown in Figure 2, which type(s) will be suitable for the casting. Using height $\alpha = \alpha$ = diameter (d) condition and solidification shrinkage (S) = 6%. [11 marks]		
	1.	 a) Define the following terms i) Skim core ii) Skim bob iii) Stepgate iv) Splash core v) Directional solidification b) During pouring of molten metal, pouring errors can occur. List and explain the sources of these gases? c) Gases that are not allowed to escape before solidification may cause power what are the sources of these gases? d) How will you control dissolved hydrogen gas? a) The use of a riser is very important in foundry technology. An aluminal dimensions 40 inches × 5 inches × 10 inches has been designed and using	

b) You have been consulted to cast an item of dimensions 5 inches \times 5 inches \times 140 inches. Using the top riser formula for a riser with h = 2d, calculate;

i) the end effect (EE) and riser effect (RE).

[4 marks]

ii) the farthest distance for a sound cast.

[2 marks]

iii) each riser feeding distance for a sound cast.

[2 marks]

iv) the number of risers for a sound cast.

[6 marks]

3.

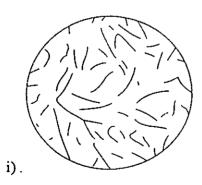
Describe the following casting processes;

[25 marks]

- a) Centrifugal casting.
- b) Die casting.
- c) Investment casting.
- d) Shell moulding casting.

4.

a) Identify the following microstructures under cast iron in Figure 1.



ii)



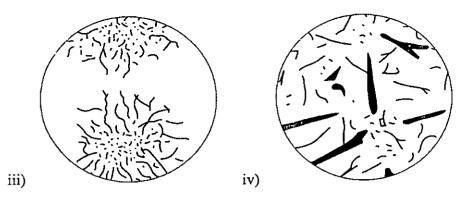


Figure 1: The graphite morphology.

[4 marks]

b) List the types of cast iron used to produce cast items as discussed.

[5 marks]

c) Explain the melting practice, magnesium treatment and inoculation of ductile iron.

[6 marks]

d) Distinguish between homogenous and heterogenous nucleation.

[4 marks]

e) The production of components using casting has certain advantages over other forming methods. Give four reasons for this statement. [6 marks]

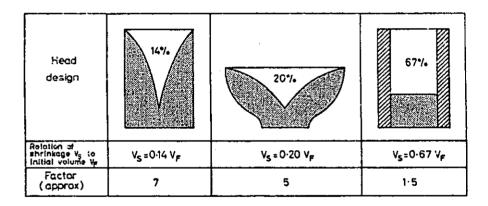


Figure 2: Utilisation of risers.