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Let $\mathbb{B} = \{\diamond, \blacklozenge\}$ where $\diamond \neq \blacklozenge$. Let T_{14} be a set and $C_{a_1} : \mathbb{B} \rightarrow T_{14}$ and $C_{b_1} : T_{14} \times \mathbb{B} \rightarrow T_{14}$ functions such that all of the following conditions are met:

- C_{a_1} and C_{b_1} are injective,
- for every x_{21}, x_{22} and x_1 , we have $C_{a_1}(x_1) \neq C_{b_1}(x_{21}, x_{22})$,
- T_{14} is *covered* by C_{a_1} and C_{b_1} (i.e., $\text{image}(C_{a_1}) \cup \text{image}(C_{b_1}) = T_{14}$)¹.

Then we proceed to define a function over this set.

Definition 1. Let $f_\beta : T_{14} \times \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ be the recursive function determined by the following equations (for any a, b and c):

$$f_\beta(C_{a_1}(a), b) = b \tag{1}$$

$$f_\beta(C_{b_1}(a, b), c) = f_\beta(a, \text{Suc}(c)) \tag{2}$$

1 The Lemmas

We begin by proving some necessary lemmas.

Lemma 1. For every $n \in T_{14}$, $p \in T_{14}$ and $q \in \mathbb{N}$

$$f_\beta(n, \text{Suc}(f_\beta(p, q))) = f_\beta(n, f_\beta(p, \text{Suc}(q)))$$

Proof. We proceed by induction on p .

For the **base of induction** we need to prove the following statement:

$$\forall x \in \mathbb{B}. \forall o \in T_{14}. \forall r \in \mathbb{N}. f_\beta(o, \text{Suc}(f_\beta(C_{a_1}(x), r))) = f_\beta(o, f_\beta(C_{a_1}(x), \text{Suc}(r)))$$

This follows trivially from our definitions.

For the **step of induction** we need to show that for every $r \in T_{14}$, $x_2 \in \mathbb{B}$, $o \in T_{14}$ and $s \in \mathbb{N}$, the inductive hypothesis (IH₁) entails the inductive goal (IG₁).

$$\forall t \in T_{14}. \forall u \in \mathbb{N}. f_\beta(t, \text{Suc}(f_\beta(r, u))) = f_\beta(t, f_\beta(r, \text{Suc}(u))) \tag{IH_1}$$

$$f_\beta(o, \text{Suc}(f_\beta(C_{b_1}(r, x_2), s))) = f_\beta(o, f_\beta(C_{b_1}(r, x_2), \text{Suc}(s))) \tag{IG_1}$$

¹This fact allows us to prove theorems about all the elements of T_{14} by induction over the structure given by C_{a_1} and C_{b_1} .

We show this with the following chain of equalities:

$$\begin{aligned}
f_\beta(o, \text{Suc}(f_\beta(C_{b_1}(r, x_2), s))) &= f_\beta(o, \text{Suc}(f_\beta(r, \text{Suc}(s)))) && \text{by (2)} \\
&= f_\beta(o, f_\beta(r, \text{Suc}(\text{Suc}(s)))) && \text{by (IH}_1\text{)} \\
&= f_\beta(o, f_\beta(C_{b_1}(r, x_2), \text{Suc}(s))) && \text{by (2)}
\end{aligned}$$

Thus we conclude the proof of this lemma. \square

2 The Theorem

In this section we prove the main result of this article.

Theorem. *For every $a \in T_{14}$, $b \in T_{14}$ and $c \in \mathbb{N}$*

$$f_\beta(a, f_\beta(b, c)) = f_\beta(b, f_\beta(a, c))$$

Proof. We proceed by induction on a .

For the **base of induction** we need to prove the following statement:

$$\forall x \in \mathbb{B}. \forall d \in T_{14}. \forall e \in \mathbb{N}. f_\beta(C_{a_1}(x), f_\beta(d, e)) = f_\beta(d, f_\beta(C_{a_1}(x), e))$$

This follows trivially from our definitions.

For the **step of induction** we need to show that for every $d \in T_{14}$, $x_2 \in \mathbb{B}$, $e \in T_{14}$ and $f \in \mathbb{N}$, the inductive hypothesis (IH₂) entails the inductive goal (IG₂).

$$\begin{aligned}
\forall g \in T_{14}. \forall h \in \mathbb{N}. f_\beta(d, f_\beta(g, h)) &= f_\beta(g, f_\beta(d, h)) && \text{(IH}_2\text{)} \\
f_\beta(C_{b_1}(d, x_2), f_\beta(e, f)) &= f_\beta(e, f_\beta(C_{b_1}(d, x_2), f)) && \text{(IG}_2\text{)}
\end{aligned}$$

We show this with the following chain of equalities:

$$\begin{aligned}
f_\beta(C_{b_1}(d, x_2), f_\beta(e, f)) &= f_\beta(d, \text{Suc}(f_\beta(e, f))) && \text{by (2)} \\
&= f_\beta(d, f_\beta(e, \text{Suc}(f))) && \text{by Lemma 1} \\
&= f_\beta(e, f_\beta(d, \text{Suc}(f))) && \text{by (IH}_2\text{)} \\
&= f_\beta(e, f_\beta(C_{b_1}(d, x_2), f)) && \text{by (2)}
\end{aligned}$$

Thus we conclude the proof of this theorem. \square