

Problems 3.17

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Question 3.17

$$\min_x \mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{1} + \mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{2}$$

With constraints

$$\mathbf{x}_1^2 - \mathbf{x}_1 + \mathbf{x}_2^2 \leq 0$$

where $\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix}$

Solution

Using the method of Lagrangian multipliers,

$$\nabla f(x) + \mu g(x) = 0, \mu \geq 0$$

resulting in the equations

$$2x_1\mu - \mu + 1 = 0$$

$$2x_2\mu + 1 = 0$$

$$x_1^2 - x_1 + x_2^2 = 0$$

which can be simplified to obtain

$$\frac{1 - \mu^2}{2\mu} + \frac{1}{2\mu} + \frac{1 - \mu}{2\mu} = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 + \mu^2 - 2\mu + 1 + 2\mu - \mu = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mu^2 = 2, \text{ or } \mu = \pm\sqrt{2} \quad (3)$$

$$\mu \geq 0 \Rightarrow \mu = \sqrt{2}.$$

Solution

The desired solution is

$$x = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{2}-1}{2\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \quad (4)$$

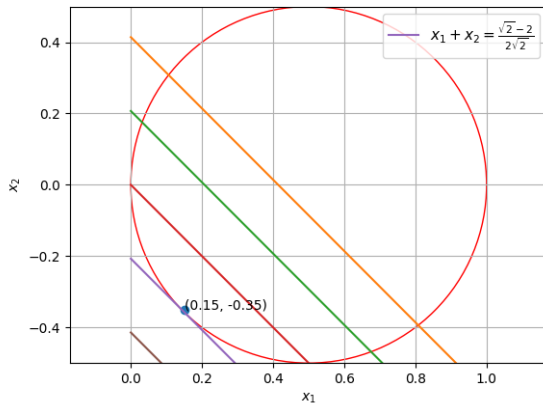
Graphical solution: The constraint can be expressed as

$$x_1^2 - x_1 + x_2^2 \leq 0 \quad (5)$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1 - \frac{1^2}{2} + x_2^2 \leq \frac{1^2}{2} \quad (6)$$

Figure: Optimal solution is the lower tangent to the circle

Solution



And last

Thank You