II) Huskeregel: Soh (ah Toa: 
$$sin = \frac{opposite}{hypotenus}$$

$$cos = \frac{adjacent}{hypotenus}$$

$$tan = \frac{opposite}{adjacent} = \frac{opposite}{hypotenus} = \frac{sin}{hypotenus}$$

$$\frac{v.s.}{\sin(a\pm b)} = \frac{v.s.}{\sin(a\pm b)} = \frac{v.s.}{\sin(a\pm b)} = \frac{v.s.}{\sin(a\pm b)} = \frac{v.s.}{\sin(a\pm b)} = \frac{v.s.}{\cos(a\pm b)} = \frac{v.s.}{\cos(a\pm b)} = \frac{v.s.}{\cos(a\pm b)} = \frac{v.s.}{\cos(a\pm b)} = \frac{v.s.}{\sin(a\pm b)} = \frac{v.s.}{\sin(a$$

periodelengde

$$\begin{array}{ll}
(\overline{\mathbb{W}}) & f(x) = a \cdot \begin{cases} \cos \beta \cdot \left( k(x-c) + c \right) & \text{a : amplitude} \\ k : \# perioder i \left[ 0; 2\pi \right] \Rightarrow P = \frac{2\pi}{K} \\ c : \text{faseforskyrning} \\ d : \text{likevektslinga}
\end{array}$$

$$\mathbb{Z}_{k} = {}^{n} \mathbb{J}_{r} \cdot \left( \cos \left[ \frac{\Theta + z \pi \cdot k}{n} \right] + i \cdot \sin \left[ \frac{\Theta + z \pi \cdot k}{n} \right] \right)$$