SQL PROJECT

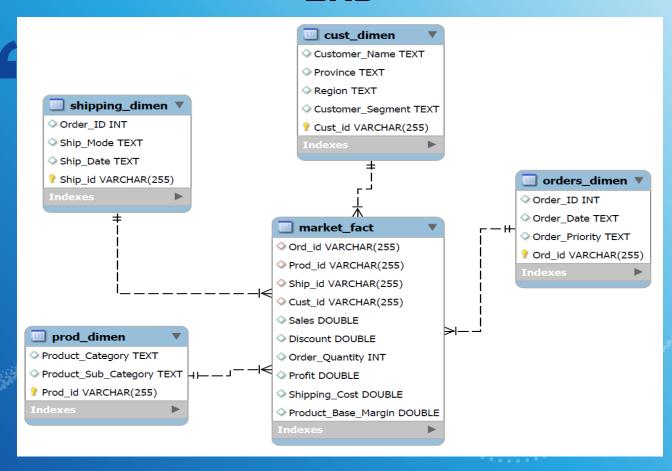
DOMAIN: SALES AND DELIVERY



Problem Statement:

Composite data of a business organization, confined to 'sales and delivery' domain is given for the period of last decade. From the given data retrieve solutions for the given scenario.

ERD



Q1. Join all the tables and create a new table called combined_table. (market_fact, cust_dimen, orders_dimen, prod_dimen, shipping_dimen)

```
create table combined_table as
select * from cust_dimen natural join
market_fact natural join orders_dimen natural join prod_dimen natural join
shipping_dimen;
```

Prod_id	Cust_id	Ord_id	Ship_id	Order_ID	Order_Date	Order_Priority	Ship_Mode	Ship_Date	Sales	Discount	Order_Quantity	Profit	Shipping_Cost	Product_Base_Margin	Customer_Name	Province
Prod_2	Cust_2	Ord_2	SHP_2	293	01-10-2012	HIGH	DELIVERY TRUCK	02-10-2012	10123.02	0.07	49	457.81	68.02	0.58	BARRY FRENCH	NUNAVUT
Prod_3	Cust_2	Ord_2	SHP_3	293	01-10-2012	HIGH	REGULAR AIR	03-10-2012	244.57	0.01	27	46.71	2.99	0.39	BARRY FRENCH	NUNAVUT
Prod_4	Cust_3	Ord_3	SHP_4	483	10-07-2011	HIGH	REGULAR AIR	12-07-2011	4965.7595	0.08	30	1198.97	3.99	0.58	CLAY ROZENDAL	NUNAVUT
Prod_5	Cust_4	Ord_4	SHP_5	515	28-08-2010	NOT SPECIFIED	REGULAR AIR	30-08-2010	146.69	0.05	21	4.43	4.95	0.37	CARLOS SOLTERO	NUNAVUT •
Prod_2	Cust_4	Ord_4	SHP_5	515	28-08-2010	NOT SPECIFIED	REGULAR AIR	30-08-2010	394.27	0.08	19	30.94	5.94	0.5	CARLOS SOLTERO	NUNAVUT
Prod_3	Cust_5	Ord_5	SHP_6	613	17-06-2011	HIGH	REGULAR AIR	17-06-2011	93.54	0.03	12	-54.04	7.72	0.38	CARL JACKSON	NUNAVUT
Prod_2	Cust_9	Ord_9	SHP_11	868	08-06-2012	NOT SPECIFIED	REGULAR AIR	09-06-2012	716.84	0	32	134.72	5.94	0.5	CARLOS DALY	NUNAVUT
Prod_8	Cust_9	Ord_9	SHP_12	868	08-06-2012	NOT SPECIFIED	REGULAR AIR	10-06-2012	1474.33	0.04	31	114.46	3.61	0.71	CARLOS DALY	NUNAVUT
Prod_3	Cust_10	Ord_10	SHP_13	933	04-08-2012	NOT SPECIFIED	REGULAR AIR	04-08-2012	80.61	0.02	15	-4.72	2.99	0.37	CLAUDIA MINER	NUNAVUT
Prod_9	Cust_11	Ord_12	SHP_15	998	25-11-2009	NOT SPECIFIED	REGULAR AIR	26-11-2009	248.26	0.07	16	93.8	1.39	0.4	ALLEN ROSENBLATT	NUNAVUT

${f Q2}.$ Find the top 3 customers who have the maximum number of orders

```
select* from combined_table;
select * from (select *,dense_rank() over(order by orders desc) rnk
from (select Customer_Name, count(distinct Order_ID) orders from combined_table group by Customer_Name) t) tem where rnk<=3;</pre>
```

	Customer_Name	orders	rnk
•	DARREN BUDD	26	1
	BRAD THOMAS	24	2
	ED BRAXTON	22	3

Q3. Create a new column DaysTakenForDelivery that contains the date difference of Order_Date and Ship_Date

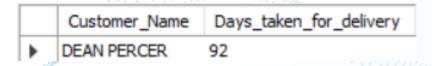
```
alter table combined_table add column Days_taken_for_delivery int;

update combined_table set Days_taken_for_delivery=datediff(str_to_date(ship_date,'%d-%m-%Y'),str_to_date(order_date,'%d-%m-%Y'));
```

Sales	Discount	Order_Quantity	Profit	Shipping_Cost	Product_Base_Margin	Customer_Name	Province	Region	Customer_Segment	Product_Category	Product_Sub_Category	Days_taken_for_delivery	
10123.02	0.07	49	457.81	68.02	0.58	BARRY FRENCH	NUNAVUT	NUNAVUT	CONSUMER	OFFICE SUPPLIES	APPLIANCES	1	•
244.57	0.01	27	46.71	2.99	0.39	BARRY FRENCH	NUNAVUT	NUNAVUT	CONSUMER	OFFICE SUPPLIES	BINDERS AND BINDER ACCESSORIES	2	
4965.7595	0.08	30	1198.97	3.99	0.58	CLAY ROZENDAL	NUNAVUT	NUNAVUT	CORPORATE	TECHNOLOGY	TELEPHONES AND COMMUNICATION	2	
146.69	0.05	21	4.43	4.95	0.37	CARLOS SOLTERO	NUNAVUT	NUNAVUT	CONSUMER	FURNITURE	OFFICE FURNISHINGS	2	
394.27	0.08	19	30.94	5.94	0.5	CARLOS SOLTERO	NUNAVUT	NUNAVUT	CONSUMER	OFFICE SUPPLIES	APPLIANCES	2	
93.54	0.03	12	-54.04	7.72	0.38	CARL JACKSON	NUNAVUT	NUNAVUT	CORPORATE	OFFICE SUPPLIES	BINDERS AND BINDER ACCESSORIES	0	
716.84	0	32	134.72	5.94	0.5	CARLOS DALY	NUNAVUT	NUNAVUT	HOME OFFICE	OFFICE SUPPLIES	APPLIANCES	1	
1474.33	0.04	31	114.46	3.61	0.71	CARLOS DALY	NUNAVUT	NUNAVUT	HOME OFFICE	TECHNOLOGY	COMPUTER PERIPHERALS	2	
80.61	0.02	15	-4.72	2.99	0.37	CLAUDIA MINER	NUNAVUT	NUNAVUT	SMALL BUSINESS	OFFICE SUPPLIES	BINDERS AND BINDER ACCESSORIES	0	
248.26	0.07	16	93.8	1.39	0.4	ALLEN ROSENBLATT	NUNAVUT	NUNAVUT	SMALL BUSINESS	OFFICE SUPPLIES	ENVELOPES	1	

${\bf Q4}$. Find the customer whose order took the maximum time to get delivered.

```
select Customer_Name,Days_taken_for_delivery from combined_table
where Days_taken_for_delivery =(select max(Days_taken_for_delivery) from combined_table);
```



Q5. Retrieve total sales made by each product from the data (use Windows function).

```
select distinct Prod_id,sum(Sales) over(partition by Prod_id) total_sales from combined_table;
```

	Prod_id	total_sales
Þ	Prod_1	1028240.76
	Prod_10	814425.8999999997
	Prod_11	1786776.7520000017
	Prod_12	38981.55
	Prod_13	167107.22000000003
	Prod_14	1130361.3000000003
	Prod_15	1652822.9999999988
	Prod_16	80996.31
	Prod_17	2168697.1399999997
	Prod_2	736991.5399999993
	Prod_3	1022957.5900000002

${\bf Q6}$. Retrieve total profit made from each product from the data (use windows function)

select distinct Prod_id,Product_Category,Product_Sub_Category,sum(Profit) over (partition by Prod_id)totalPROFIT from combined_table;

	Prod id			
	Prou_iu	Product_Category	Product_Sub_Category	totalPROFIT
•	Prod_1	OFFICE SUPPLIES	STORAGE & ORGANIZATION	13599.490000000005
	Prod_10	FURNITURE	BOOKCASES	-33729.08999999998
	Prod_11	FURNITURE	TABLES	-113468.18000000001
	Prod_12	OFFICE SUPPLIES	LABELS	13677.169999999996
	Prod_13	OFFICE SUPPLIES	PENS & ART SUPPLIES	7564.780000000002
	Prod_14	TECHNOLOGY	COPIERS AND FAX	167361.48999999993
	Prod_15	FURNITURE	CHAIRS & CHAIRMATS	122738.0699999999
	Prod_16	OFFICE SUPPLIES	SCISSORS, RULERS AND TRIMMERS	-7799.250000000003
	Prod_17	TECHNOLOGY	OFFICE MACHINES	307712.92999999964
	Prod_2	OFFICE SUPPLIES	APPLIANCES	97158.06
	Prod_3	OFFICE SUPPLIES	BINDERS AND BINDER ACCESSORIES	307413.39000000025
	Prod_4	TECHNOLOGY	TELEPHONES AND COMMUNICATION	316951.62000000005
	Prod_5	FURNITURE	OFFICE FURNISHINGS	100427.93
	Prod_6	OFFICE SUPPLIES	PAPER	45263.199999999975
	Prod_7	OFFICE SUPPLIES	RUBBER BANDS	-102.67000000000017
	Prod_8	TECHNOLOGY	COMPUTER PERIPHERALS	94287.48000000001
	Prod_9	OFFICE SUPPLIES	ENVELOPES	48182.60000000002

Q7.

Count the total number of unique customers in January and how many of them came back every month over the entire year in 2011

	count_of_jan_customers	jan_repeating_customers_in_year
•	99	0

(i)Create a view where each user's visits are logged by month, allowing for the possibility that these will have occurred over multiple # years since whenever business started operations.

```
create view customer_visits as
select cust_id,str_to_date(order_date,"%d-%m-%Y") cust_visit
from combined_table;
```

cust_id	cust_visit			
Cust_2	2012-10-01			
Cust_2	2012-10-01			
Cust_3	2011-07-10			
Cust_4	2010-08-28			
Cust_4	2010-08-28			
Cust_5	2011-06-17			
Cust_9	2012-06-08			
Cust_9	2012-06-08			
Cust_10	2012-08-04			

(ii) Identify the time lapse between each visit. So, for each person and for each month, we see when the next visit is.

```
create view customer_monthly_visit_timelamp as
select cust_id,cust_visit, lag(cust_visit) over(partition by cust_id
order by cust_visit) previous_visit_month
from customer_visit cm;
```

	cust_id	cust_visit	previous_visit_month
نو	Cust_1	2010-10-13	NULL
	Cust_10	2012-08-04	NULL
	Cust_100	2009-06-21	NULL
	Cust_100	2009-11-29	2009-06-21
	Cust_100	2010-05-07	2009-11-29
	Cust_100	2010-05-07	2010-05-07
	Cust_100	2010-06-09	2010-05-07
	Cust_100	2011-09-22	2010-06-09

(iii) Calculate the time gaps between visits.

```
create view customer_time_gaps as
select cust_id, cust_visit, previous_visit_month,round(datediff(cust_visit,previous_visit_month)/30) month_diff
from customer_monthly_visit_timelamp;
```

cust_id	cust_visit	previous_visit_month	month_diff
Cust_1	2010-10-13	NULL	NULL
Cust_10	2012-08-04	NULL	NULL
Cust_100	2009-06-21	NULL	NULL
Cust_100	2009-11-29	2009-06-21	5
Cust_100	2010-05-07	2009-11-29	5
Cust_100	2010-05-07	2010-05-07	0
Cust_100	2010-06-09	2010-05-07	1
Cust_100	2011-09-22	2010-06-09	16

(iv) Categorize the customer with time gap 1 as retained, >1 as irregular and NULL as churned.

```
create view customer_categorise as
select cust_id, cust_visit,
case when month_diff = 1 then "retained"
    when month_diff >1 then "irregular"
    else "churned"
end retention_status
from customer_time_gaps ;
```

^_	-	
cust_id	cust_visit	retention_status
Cust_1	2010-10-13	churned
Cust_10	2012-08-04	churned
Cust_100	2009-06-21	churned
Cust_100	2009-11-29	irregular
Cust_100	2010-05-07	irregular
Cust_100	2010-05-07	churned
Cust_100	2010-06-09	retained
Cust_100	2011-09-22	irregular

(iv) calculate the retention month wise

```
select year(cust_visit),month(cust_visit), count(cust_id) total_customer,
sum(case when retention_status = "retained" then 1 else 0 end) as retained_customer
from customer_categorise group by year(cust_visit),
month(cust_visit) order by year(cust_visit);
```

year(cust_visit)	month(cust_visit)	total_customer	retained_customer
2009	1	221	2
2009	2	151	7
2009	3	185	8
2009	4	171	10
2009	5	179	10
2009	6	163	12
2009	7	189	15
2009	8	192	10
2009	9	180	9
2009	10	165	7
2009	11	167	5
2009	12	173	5

2011	1	154	4
2011	2	169	6
2011	3	152	6
2011	4	165	3
2011	5	181	12
2011	6	160	7
2011	7	170	9
2011	8	146	1
2011	9	161	3
2011	10	167	9
2011	11	166	7
2011	12	185	7

1	166	7
2	178	10
3	158	7
4	149	5
5	199	10
6	168	9
7	169	11
8	181	9
9	192	12
10	195	12
11	175	7
12	205	10
	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	2 178 3 158 4 149 5 199 6 168 7 169 8 181 9 192 10 195 11 175

	2012	1	172	8		
	2012	2	151	6		
	2012	3	195	7		
	2012	4	180	10		
	2012	5	212	14		
	2012	6	151	5		
	2012	7	166	4		
	2012	8	180	5		
	2012	9	196	9		
	2012	10	198	10		
	2012	11	132	11		
	2012	12	156	6		



THANK YOU

