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EVEN NUMBER: 8
EVEN NUMBER: 10

## Write a BASIC LOOP to print numbers from 1 to 10.

```
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
      DECLARE
      i NUMBER := 1;
      BEGIN
       LOOP
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('NUMBER: ' || i);
        i := i + 1;
        EXIT WHEN i > 10;
       END LOOP:
      END;
      /
NUMBER: 1
NUMBER: 2
NUMBER: 3
NUMBER: 4
NUMBER: 5
NUMBER: 6
NUMBER: 7
NUMBER: 8
NUMBER: 9
NUMBER: 10
Modify the WHILE LOOP to print even numbers from 2 to 10.
      SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
      DECLARE
      i NUMBER := 2;
      BEGIN
       LOOP
        DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('EVEN NUMBER: ' || i);
        i := i + 2;
        EXIT WHEN i > 10;
       END LOOP;
      END;
      /
Output:
EVEN NUMBER: 2
EVEN NUMBER: 4
EVEN NUMBER: 6
```

Write a FOR LOOP to print the square of numbers from 1 to 5.

```
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
      DECLARE
      i NUMBER;
      BEGIN
       FOR i in 1..5 LOOP
       DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('SQUARE NUMBER: ' || i*i);
       END LOOP;
      END;
      /
       Output:
       SQUARE NUMBER:
                            1
       SQUARE NUMBER:
                           4
       SQUARE NUMBER:
                            9
       SQUARE NUMBER:
                            16
       SQUARE NUMBER:
                            25
Create a REVERSE FOR LOOP that prints numbers from 10 to 1.
      SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
      DECLARE
      i NUMBER;
      BEGIN
       FOR i in REVERSE 1..10 LOOP
       DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('NUMBER: ' || i);
       END LOOP;
      END;
      /
Output:
NUMBER:
           10
NUMBER:
           9
NUMBER:
          8
NUMBER:
           7
NUMBER:
           6
NUMBER:
           5
NUMBER:
           4
NUMBER:
           3
NUMBER:
           2
NUMBER:
           1
```

Write a loop that calculates the sum of numbers from 1 to 5.

```
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
     DECLARE
     i NUMBER := 1;
     BEGIN
     LOOP
      i := i + 1;
      EXIT WHEN i > 5;
     END LOOP;
     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('NUMBER: ' || i);
     END;
    1
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
DECLARE
  i
         NUMBER := 1;
BEGIN
  LOOP
    i := i + 1;
    EXIT WHEN i > 5;
  END LOOP;
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('NUMBER: ' | i);
END;
```

1. Write a LOOP to insert 5 new departments into a departments table.

```
DECLARE
  i NUMBER := 1;
  dept_id NUMBER := 60; -- Starting department ID
BEGIN
  LOOP
    INSERT INTO departments (department_id, department_name, location)
    VALUES (dept_id, 'Department' || i, 'Location' || i);

    dept_id := dept_id + 10;
    i := i + 1;

    EXIT WHEN i > 5;
    END LOOP;
    COMMIT;
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('5 new departments inserted.');
END;
//
```

# 2.Modify the WHILE LOOP to increase salaries until they reach 10,000

```
DECLARE

CURSOR emp_cursor IS

SELECT employee_id, salary
FROM employees

WHERE salary < 10000;
```

```
emp_rec emp_cursor%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
  OPEN emp_cursor;
  LOOP
    FETCH emp cursor INTO emp rec;
    EXIT WHEN emp cursor%NOTFOUND;
    WHILE emp rec.salary < 10000 LOOP
      emp_rec.salary := emp_rec.salary * 1.1; -- Increase by 10%
      UPDATE employees SET salary = emp rec.salary WHERE employee id = emp rec.employee id;
    END LOOP:
  END LOOP;
  CLOSE emp_cursor;
  COMMIT;
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Salaries updated.');
EXCEPTION
  WHEN OTHERS THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Error: ' || SQLERRM);
    ROLLBACK;
END;
1
```

#### 3. Write a FOR LOOP to display employee details for IDs 1 to 5.

```
BEGIN

FOR i IN 1..5 LOOP

DECLARE

emp_rec employees%ROWTYPE;

BEGIN

SELECT * INTO emp_rec FROM employees WHERE employee_id = i;

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Employee ID: ' || emp_rec.employee_id || ', Name: ' || emp_rec.first_name || ' ' || emp_rec.last_name || ', Salary: ' || emp_rec.salary);

EXCEPTION

WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Employee with ID ' || i || ' not found.');

END;

END;

END LOOP;
```

#### 4. Create a cursor-based LOOP that prints employee names and salaries.

```
DECLARE

CURSOR emp_cursor IS

SELECT first_name, last_name, salary
FROM employees;
emp_rec emp_cursor%ROWTYPE;

BEGIN

OPEN emp_cursor;
LOOP

FETCH emp_cursor INTO emp_rec;
EXIT WHEN emp_cursor%NOTFOUND;
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Name: ' || emp_rec.first_name || ' ' || emp_rec.last_name || ', Salary: ' || emp_rec.salary);
```

```
END LOOP;
CLOSE emp_cursor;
END;
```

### 5. Write a loop that calculates the total salary of all employees.

```
DECLARE
     total_salary NUMBER := 0;
     CURSOR emp cursor IS
      SELECT salary FROM employees;
     emp salary NUMBER;
    BEGIN
     OPEN emp cursor;
     LOOP
      FETCH emp cursor INTO emp salary;
      EXIT WHEN emp cursor%NOTFOUND;
      total salary := total salary + emp salary;
     END LOOP;
     CLOSE emp cursor:
     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Total Salary of all employees: ' || total_salary);
    END;
   1
5 new departments inserted.
Salaries updated.
Employee ID: 1, Name: John Doe, Salary: 10629.37
Employee ID: 2, Name: Jane Smith, Salary: 10610.77
Employee ID: 3, Name: Robert Jones, Salary: 10356.83
Employee ID: 4, Name: Michael Brown, Salary: 10717.95
Employee ID: 5, Name: Linda Davis, Salary: 10042.97
Name: John Doe, Salary: 10629.37
Name: Jane Smith, Salary: 10610.77
Name: Robert Jones, Salary: 10356.83
Name: Michael Brown, Salary: 10717.95
Name: Linda Davis, Salary: 10042.97
Name: David Wilson, Salary: 10248.7
Total Salary of all employees: 62606.59
```