

## Question-1:

Write a function that converts an object into an array, where each element represents a key-value pair in the form of an array.

### Examples

```
toArray({ a: 1, b: 2 }) // → [["a", 1], ["b", 2]]  
toArray({ shrimp: 15, tots: 12 }) // → [["shrimp", 15], ["tots", 12]]  
toArray({}) // → []
```

### Notes

- Return an empty array if the object is empty.
- Don't use `Object.entries()`.

## Question-2:

Given any number, we can create a new number by adding the sums of squares of digits of that number. For example, given 203, our new number is  $4 + 0 + 9 = 13$ . If we repeat this process, we get a sequence of numbers:

203 -> 13 -> 10 -> 1 -> 1

Sometimes, like with 203, the sequence reaches (and stays at) 1. Numbers like this are called happy.

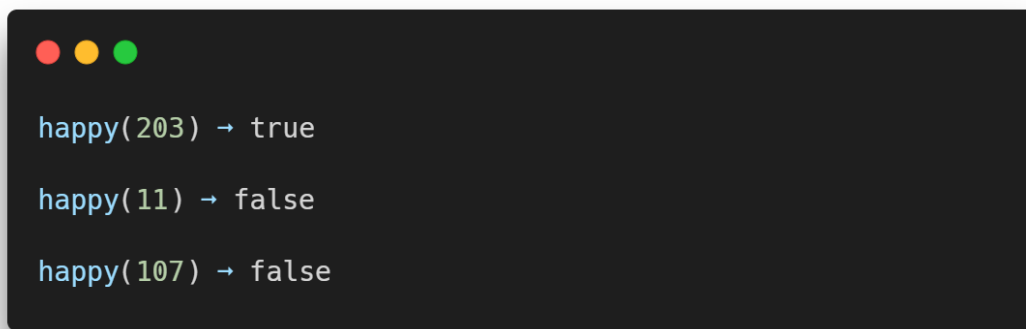
Not all numbers are happy. If we started with 11, the sequence would be:

11 -> 2 -> 4 -> 16 -> ...

This sequence will never reach 1, and so the number 11 is called unhappy.

Given a positive whole number, you have to determine whether that number is happy or unhappy.

## Examples

A dark-themed terminal window with three colored window control buttons (red, yellow, green) in the top-left corner. It contains three lines of text showing function calls and their results: 

```
happy(203) → true  
happy(11) → false  
happy(107) → false
```

```
happy(203) → true  
happy(11) → false  
happy(107) → false
```

## Notes

- You can assume (and it is actually true!) that all positive whole numbers are either happy or unhappy. Any happy number will have a 1 in its sequence, and every unhappy number will have a 4 in its sequence.
- The only numbers passed to your function will be positive whole numbers.