

Phase 3 - Next steps and some deployment options

- Detailed information including Business Requirements can be seen in Phases 0, 1 and 2

Dataset

the dataset used in this process can be accessed through IBM website below

<https://www.ibm.com/communities/analytics/watson-analytics-blog/guide-to-sample-datasets/>
(<https://www.ibm.com/communities/analytics/watson-analytics-blog/guide-to-sample-datasets/>)

```
In [1]: library(tidyverse)

-- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.2.1 --
v ggplot2 3.0.0      v purrr   0.2.5
v tibble  1.4.2      v dplyr   0.7.6
v tidyr   0.8.1      v stringr 1.3.1
v readr   1.1.1      v forcats 0.3.0
-- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
x dplyr::lag()    masks stats::lag()
```

```
In [7]: # Load the Dataset - Customer Churn
df <- readr::read_csv('../data/WA_Fn-UseC_-Telco-Customer-Churn.csv')
df %>% head(3)
```

Parsed with column specification:
cols(
 .default = col_character(),
 SeniorCitizen = col_integer(),
 tenure = col_integer(),
 MonthlyCharges = col_double(),
 TotalCharges = col_double()
)
See spec(...) for full column specifications.

customerID	gender	SeniorCitizen	Partner	Dependents	tenure	PhoneService	MultipleLines	Ir
7590-VHVEG	Female	0	Yes	No	1	No	No phone service	D
5575-GNVDE	Male	0	No	No	34	Yes	No	D
3668-QPYBK	Male	0	No	No	2	Yes	No	D

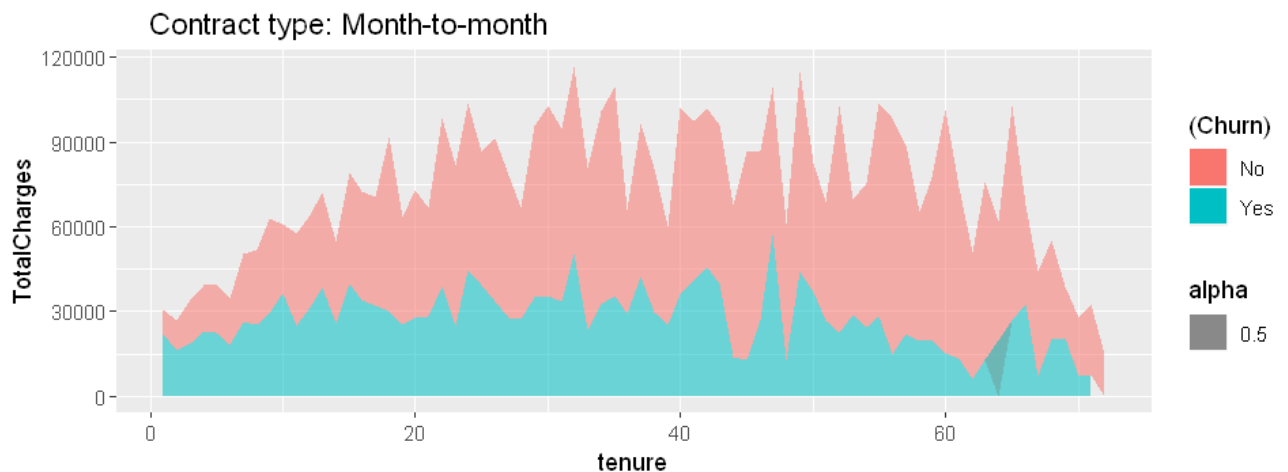
The revenue associated with customers that finish the contract is quite high associated with normal customers

Note

- Next periods will not have revenue associated with customer churners, so the impact in the revenue will be higher month after month

```
In [8]: options(repr.plot.width = 8, repr.plot.height = 3)
## Exclude Customer_ID and apply 0 to Total Charges -> First Bill
df[is.na(df$TotalCharges) & df$tenure==0 , ][['TotalCharges']] <- 0
# df$customerID <- NULL

df %>% filter(Contract=='Month-to-month') %>%
  group_by(Churn, tenure, Contract) %>%
  summarise( MonthlyCharges=sum(MonthlyCharges),
              TotalCharges=sum(TotalCharges)) %>%
  qplot(data=. ,x=tenure, y=TotalCharges,
        geom='area', alpha=0.5, fill=(Churn),
        main='      Contract type: Month-to-month')
```



The main target to fix and associated with graphic above is

- Decrease the green area (revenue associated with customer churners) and increase the red area (current customers)

```
In [10]: ### JUST TO REMEMBER, THE MACHINE LEARNING MODEL WAS SAVED FOR FUTURE USE IN PHASE 2

## Save the model -> 80% of accuracy
## xgb.save(fit.xgb, '../data/xgb_model_acc_80p.model')

## obs. to load the model later just run the command below
## model_xgb <- xgb.load('../data/xgb_model_acc_80p.model')
```

Deployment options

The deployment of the model could be done in many ways, such as

- Apply the model to a new customer base, identify possible churners and start one marketing campaign to suggest other contract options for the customer
- Integrate the model with the CRM and Call Center systems for a better interaction with the customer when the next call of these possible churners occurs
- One 3rd option could be an application to provide small discounts for specific services and integrated with billing systems to try to maintain customer loyalty
- Setup one major project to implement all actions above ... and so on....

Summary and final comments

- These 3 phases could be deployed in just one Notebook, but the idea was to show a common data science project pipeline