

Apprentissage Statistique Automatique II

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Lecture note

1 Regularization

Exercises 1. Train a classifier on a dummy dataset containing 2000 data points and 2 classes, using the method `make_classification` from `sklearn.datasets`.

1. Build the classifier with one dense layer of 10 units with a ReLU activation function and a final softmax layer, using Stochastic Gradient Descent with learning rate 0.01 and binary cross entropy loss.
2. Train this model on the dummy dataset using train and validation data points with 100 epochs.
3. Plots the evolution of loss on train and validation data
4. Re-train the model but using l_2 regularization on the intermediate dense layer.
5. What difference do you observe with and without l_2 regularization ?
6. Make the same experiment with a dropout and with batch normalization.

Exercises 2. Train a neural network on the dataset CIFAR formed by 60,000 images with 10 classes, which can be loaded via the method `tf.keras.datasets.cifar10.load_data`:

1. Build a neural network with 20 layers where each layer contains 100 neurons and Swish as activation function.
2. Train the model on the dataset with Nadam optimizer and early stopping. Experiment different learning rates.
3. Add batch normalization between the layers, and train the new model. Does the model converge faster ? Is the trained model better ?

2 Convolutional Neural Networks

Exercises 3. We now study the CNN called VGG-11.

1. Build this neural network using Tensorflow.
2. What is the total number of parameters to train ?

Exercises 4. Build your own CNN from scratch using Tensorflow, and try to find the most accurate one on MNIST dataset.

Exercises 5. Use transfer learning for large image classification, going through these steps:

1. Create a training set containing at least 100 images per class from the dataset `tfflowers`, which can be obtained from `tensorflow_datasets`. For example, you could classify your own pictures based on the location (beach, mountain, city, etc.), or alternatively you can use an existing dataset (e.g., from TensorFlow Datasets).
2. Split it into a training set, a validation set, and a test set.
3. Build the input pipeline, including the appropriate preprocessing operations, and optionally add data augmentation.
4. Fine-tune a pretrained model on this dataset.

3 Large Language Models

For the following exercises, we are going to use the library `transformers`, which is very popular.

Exercises 6. Generate an answer based on the prompt "Create a funny joke about chickens." using the model `microsoft/Phi-3-mini-4k-instruct`. Propose two manners to perform the same task.

Exercises 7. Build a recommendation system using only dense embeddings based on the dataset located at <https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/harshshinde8/movies-csv>

Given a prompt, it should recommend the top 5 most similar movies. What strategies can be done for improving the recommendation system ?

Exercises 8. Based on the same dataset as in the previous exercise, can you group the movies based only on the columns 'keywords' and 'overview' ?