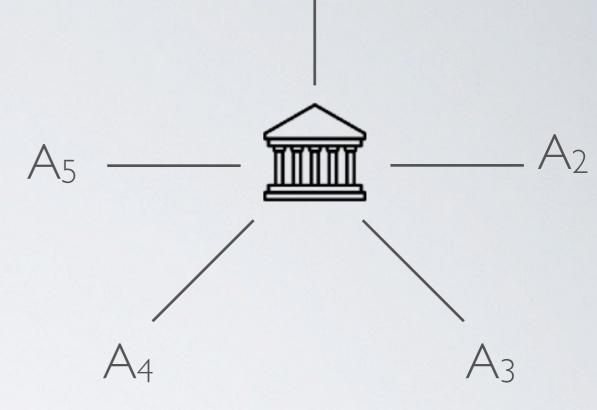
(Better) centralized solution



A₁, A₂ ... A₅ can talk to the KDC (Key Distribution Center)

- → When A_i and A_j want to talk, the KDC can generate a new key and distribute it to them
- We still have n keys to distribute somehow using a secure channel
- The KDC must be trusted
- The KDC is a single point of failure
- → The is how Kerberos works

The Needham-Shroeder symmetric protocol for key exchange

Assumptions

- 4 principals : Alice, Bob, Mallory, Key Distribution Server
- S shares a key with A, B and M respectively Kas, Kbs, Kms
- A, B, M and S talk to each other using the same protocol

Goals

When two parties want to engage in the communication, they want to

- I. make sure that they talk to the right person (authentication)
- 2. establish a session key