

DEP/NX - Non Executable Stack

- The program marks important structures in memory as non-executable
- The program generates an hardware-level exception if you try to execute those memory regions
- This makes normal stack buffer overflows where you set `eip` to `esp+offset` and immediately run your shellcode impossible
- Disabling NX protection on Linux
`$ gcc ...-z execstack`
- Bypassing NX protection : *Return-to-lib-c* exploit
return to a subroutine of the lib C that is already present in the process' executable memory

ASLR - Address Space Layout Randomization

- The OS randomize the location (random offset) where the standard libraries and other elements are stored in memory
- Harder for the attacker to guess the address of a lib-c subroutine
- Disabling ASLR protection on Linux
`$ sysctl kernel.randomize_va_space=0`
- Bypassing ASLR protection : Brute-force attack to guess the ASLR offset
- Bypassing ASLR protection : *Return-Oriented-Programming (ROP)* exploit use instruction pieces of the existing program (called "gadgets") and chain them together to weave the exploit