# PIZZA SALES SQL QUERIES

### A. KPI's

#### 1.Total Revenue:

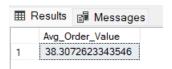
SELECT SUM(total\_price) AS Total\_Revenue from pizza\_sales

| Results | Messages |



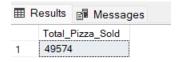
### 2. Average Order Value:

SELECT SUM(total\_price)/ COUNT (DISTINCT order\_id) AS Avg\_Order\_Value from pizza\_sales



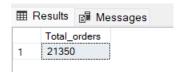
#### 3.Total Pizza Sold

SELECT SUM(quantity) AS Total\_Pizza\_Sold from pizza\_sales



#### **4.Total Orders**

SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT order\_id) AS Total\_orders from pizza\_sales



### 5. Average Pizzas Per Order

SELECT CAST(CAST(SUM(quantity) AS DECIMAL(10,2))/
CAST(COUNT(DISTINCT order\_id) AS DECIMAL(10,2)) AS DECIMAL(10,2)) AS Avg\_Pizzas\_Per\_Order
from pizza\_sales

```
Results Messages

Avg_Pizzas_Per_Order

1 2.32
```

## **B. Daily Trend for Total Orders**

SELECT DATENAME(DW,order\_date) AS order\_day, COUNT(DISTINCT order\_id) AS Total\_orders from pizza\_sales
GROUP BY DATENAME(DW,order\_date)



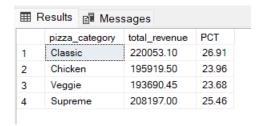
# **C. Monthly Trend for Orders**

SELECT DATENAME(MONTH, order\_date) AS Month\_Name, COUNT(DISTINCT order\_id) AS Total\_Orders FROM pizza\_sales
GROUP BY DATENAME(MONTH, order\_date)
ORDER BY Total Orders DESC



## D. % of Sales by Pizza Category

```
SELECT pizza_category, CAST(SUM(total_price) AS DECIMAL(10,2)) as total_revenue,
CAST(SUM(total_price) * 100 / (SELECT SUM(total_price) from pizza_sales) AS
DECIMAL(10,2)) AS PCT
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY pizza_category
```



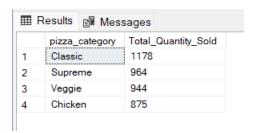
# E. % of Sales by Pizza Size

```
SELECT pizza_size, CAST(SUM(total_price) AS DECIMAL(10,2)) as total_revenue,
CAST(SUM(total_price) * 100 / (SELECT SUM(total_price) from pizza_sales) AS
DECIMAL(10,2)) AS PCT
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY pizza_size
ORDER BY pizza_size
```

pizza_size total_rever	nue PCT
1 L 375318.70	
	0 45.89
2 M 249382.25	5 30.49
3 S 178076.50	0 21.77
4 XL 14076.00	1.72
5 XXL 1006.60	0.12

# F. Total Pizzas sold by pizza category

```
SELECT pizza_category, SUM(quantity) as Total_Quantity_Sold
FROM pizza_sales
WHERE MONTH(order_date) = 2
GROUP BY pizza_category
ORDER BY Total_Quantity_Sold DESC
```



### G. Top 5 Pizzas by Revenue

```
SELECT Top 5 pizza_name, SUM(total_price) AS Total_Revenue
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY pizza_name
ORDER BY Total_Revenue DESC
```



## H. Bottom 5 Pizzas by Revenue

```
SELECT Top 5 pizza_name, SUM(total_price) AS Total_Revenue
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY pizza_name
ORDER BY Total_Revenue ASC
```

⊞ Results				
	pizza_name	Total_Revenue		
1	The Brie Carre Pizza	11588.4998130798		
2	The Green Garden Pizza	13955.75		
3	The Spinach Supreme Pizza	15277.75		
4	The Mediterranean Pizza	15360.5		
5	The Spinach Pesto Pizza	15596		

# I. Top 5 Pizzas by Quantity

```
SELECT Top 5 pizza_name, SUM(quantity) AS Total_Pizza_Sold FROM pizza_sales GROUP BY pizza_name ORDER BY Total_Pizza_Sold DESC
```



## J. Bottom 5 Pizzas by Quantity

```
SELECT Top 5 pizza_name, SUM(quantity) AS Total_Pizza_Sold FROM pizza_sales GROUP BY pizza_name ORDER BY Total_Pizza_Sold ASC
```



# K. Top 5 Pizzas by Total Orders

```
SELECT Top 5 pizza_name, COUNT(DISTINCT order_id) AS Total_Orders FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY pizza_name
ORDER BY Total Orders DESC
```



# L. Bottom 5 Pizzas by Total Orders

SELECT Top 5 pizza\_name, COUNT(DISTINCT order\_id) AS Total\_Orders FROM pizza\_sales
GROUP BY pizza\_name
ORDER BY Total\_Orders ASC



# **NOTE**

If you want to apply the Month, Quarter, Week filters to the above queries

you can use WHERE clause. Follow some of below examples.

SELECT DATENAME(DW, order\_date) AS order\_day, COUNT(DISTINCT order\_id) AS total\_orders FROM pizza\_sales

```
WHERE MONTH(order_date) = 1
GROUP BY DATENAME(DW, order_date)
*Here MONTH(Order_date) = 1 indicates that the output is for the month of January.

MONTH(Order_date) = 4 indicates out for Month of April.

SELECT DATENAME(DW, order_date) AS order_day, COUNT(DISTINCT order_id) AS total_orders
FROM pizza_sales
WHERE DATEPART(QUARTER, order_date) = 1
GROUP BY DATENAME(DW, order_date)
*Here DATEPART(QUARTER,Order_date) = 1 indicates that the output is for Quarter 1.

MONTH(Order_date) = 3 indicates out for Quarter 3.
```

If you want to apply the pizza\_category or pizza\_size filters to the above queries you can use WHERE clause. Follow some of below examples

```
SELECT Top 5 pizza_name, COUNT(DISTINCT order_id) AS Total_Orders
FROM pizza_sales
WHERE pizza_category = 'Classic'
GROUP BY pizza_name
ORDER BY Total_Orders ASC
```