

# Programming Applications and Frameworks (IT3030) 3<sup>rd</sup> Year, 1<sup>st</sup> Semester

Assignment 2021 S1 – Group Project (Group S1.12.01.07)

## GadgetBadget System

# Submitted to Sri Lanka Institute of Information Technology

Student Registration No.	Student Name					
IT19033938	Samaranayake S.L.					
IT19121116	Samarakkody S R S S U					
IT19171302	T.V. Thimira Isiwara Vithanage					
IT19037066	De Silva W.A.D.S.					

In partial fulfillment of the requirements for the Bachelor of Science Special Honors Degree in Information Technology.

25/04/2021

## Contents

Section 1.01	Workload Distribution	1
Section 1.02	Public VCS Repository	2
Section 1.03	SE Methods	2
Section 1.04	Time Schedule	3
Section 1.05	Requirements	3
Section 1.06	System's Overall Design	
Section 1.07	Individual section	
Section 1.08	System' Integration Details	

## Section 1.01 Workload Distribution

<b>Student ID</b>	Student Name	Workload Distribution
IT19033938	Samaranayake S.L.	Researcher Service  This service is mainly focused on the management of research. It performs the CRUD operations of the research that are in the system. This is managed by the Researcher.
IT19121116	Samarakkody S R S S U	<ul> <li>Funding Company Service</li> <li>Focuses on the CRUD operations on adding and manage requirements of funding company.</li> <li>This is managed by the relevant funding companies.</li> </ul>
IT19171302	T.V. Thimira Isiwara Vithanage	<ul> <li>Buyer Service</li> <li>This service is mainly focused on managing the payment services when buyer buying a research project.</li> <li>This is managed by the buyer.</li> </ul>
IT19037066	De Silva W.A.D.S.	<ul> <li>User management and Rating Service</li> <li>In this service it mainly focused on the user appointment handling. Registered users are privileged to make appointments and handle their appointments. (CRUD)</li> </ul>

## **Section 1.02 Public VCS Repository**

Git Repository Link:

https://github.com/shenaljfx/GadgetBadget.git

We added our projects to GitHub as separate branches and add them to the main repository through git bash coding. All the branches are named as Student ID numbers.

## **Section 1.03 SE Methods**

**Understanding Customer Requirements** - The purpose of the project is to create a platform for researchers to sell their research projects, so this platform should be user friendly, secured, simple, fast, and cost – effective. It deals with the collection of research information, payment details, etc.

**Requirements Analysis** - Here we involve exploring issues related to functional, non-functional specifications and technical requirements. We discussed the goals, deadlines, features like what we are going to implement in this project. We decided to engage the team via GitHub. We identified the possible web services (Mentioned on workload distribution) to be implemented as micro services. We identified RESTful Web service: Java - JAX-RS (Jersy) on Tomcat, DB: MySQL and testing tool postman as technical requirements to develop this. We mainly focused on the web services that we must decide through the requirements which are available.

**Creating a Design -** After analysis we designed the webservices as micro services that we decided in requirement analysis. GadgetBadget system is designed for connect researchers, buyers and funding companies in a same platform.

**Coding, Testing, and Installation -** We developed the system using RESTful Web service: Java - JAX-RS (Jersy) on Tomcat, DB: MySQL and tested it using postman tool. We wrote the code for the APIs, CRUD functions and created the database and connected it to the services to develop the system. We used Object Oriented Programming concepts for coding.

**Maintenance** - Maintenance is the application of each of the above steps to the existing modules in the system in order to modify or add new features, depending on what the customer needs.

For this project Incremental Model is used as the software Engineering Methodology.

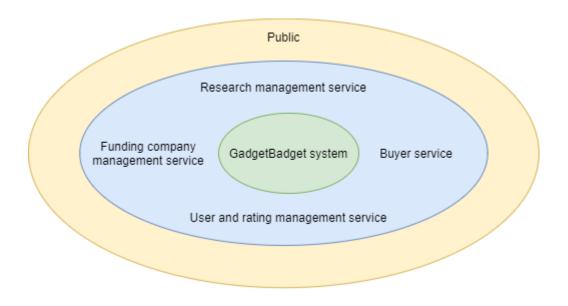
## **Section 1.04 Time Schedule**

### > Time Schedule

Task Name		(March 29- April 4)				(April 5- April 11)				(April 12- April 18)				(A	(April 19- April 25)					
	М	Т	W	Th	F	м	Т	W	Th	F	М	Т	W	Th	F	М	Т	W	Th	F
Recruit the group																				
Identifying the services and Design the overall architecture.																				
Share the services among the group members																				
create a git hub repo																				
Identify the DB requirements and design the database.																				
submit group assignment feedback																				
design the class diagram																				
Design API for the service.																				
Create the API for the services.																				
Test all the "CRUD" functions Using postman.																				
create branches for each Members using GIT.																				
Commit and push all the services to the particular Branches.																				
final report preparation and submission																				

## **Section 1.05 Requirements**

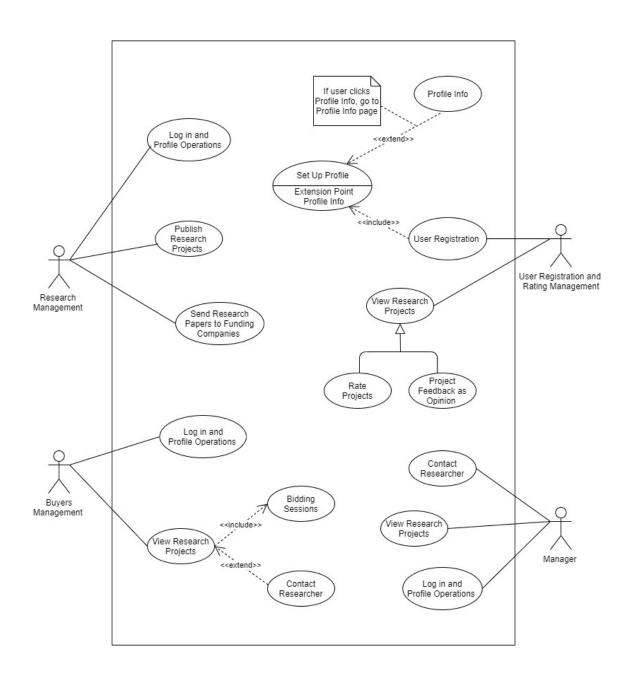
## **Stakeholder Analysis**



## **Requirements Analysis**

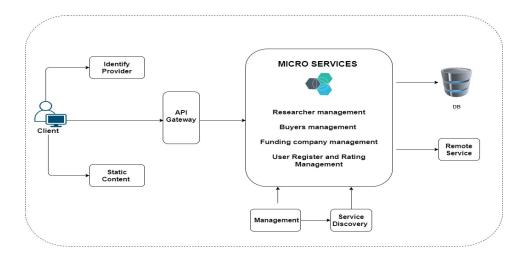
Here we involve exploring issues related to functional, non-functional specifications and technical requirements. We discussed the goals, deadlines, features like what we are going to implement in this project. We decided to engage the team via GitHub. We wrote detailed use case scenario to analyses the requirements like pre and post conditions, actors & basic flow etc. We identified the possible web services to be implemented as micro services. They are Researcher, Rating and user register, Buyer and Funding companies. We used RESTful Web service: Java - JAX-RS (Jersy) on Tomcat, DB: MySQL and testing tool postman as technical requirements to develop this.

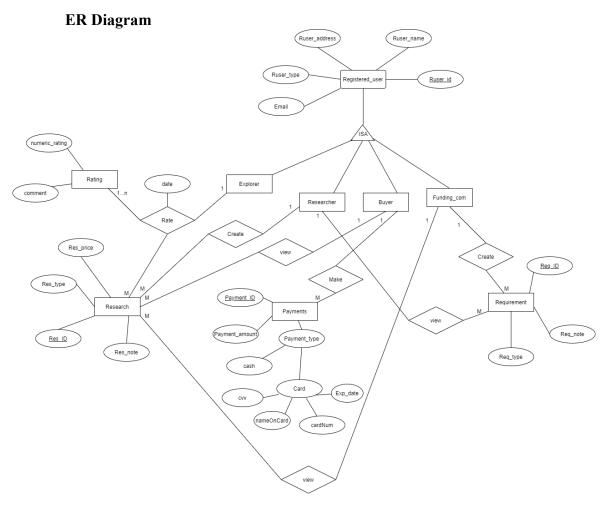
## **Requirements modelling**



## Section 1.06 System's Overall Design

## **Overall Architecture**





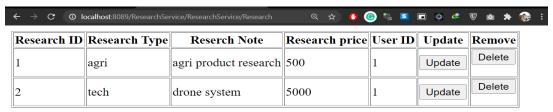
## **Section 1.07 Individual section**

## Reserch Service (Samaranayake S.L IT19033938)

#### **Service Design**

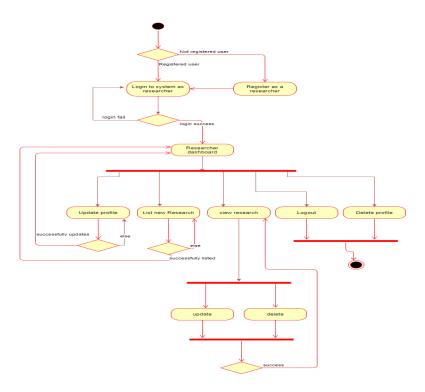
### E.g.: http://localhost:8089/ResearchService/ResearchService/Research

So, here is the API address which I run on my tomcat server in eclipse. Localhost:8089 is the address of the host server. ResearchService(1) is the name of the project. ResearchService is the URL-pattern given in the web.xml file. Research is the path to get the database connection to the project. If the connection is ok, the database will appear on the server window. If not, error message will be display on the window. All the CRUD functions are done by this and testing is below in my individual section.

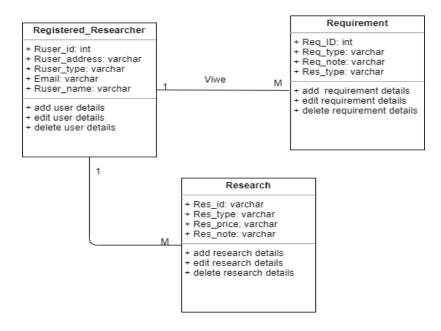


## **Internal Logic**

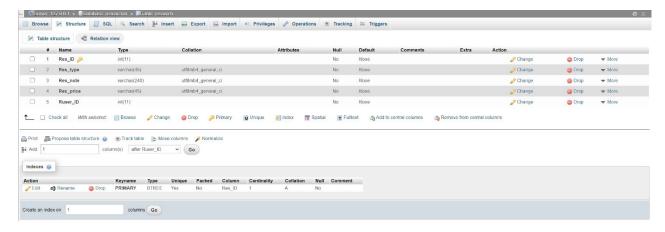
Microservice architectures will use libraries, but their primary way of componentizing their own software is by breaking down into services (The services which we divided like above.). We define libraries as components that are linked into a program and called using in-memory function calls, while service (Research service) are out-of-process components who communicate with a mechanism such as a web service request. Usually the best approach is to use what is known as an API Gateway.



Here the user first login to the system. After successfully login to the system, the user redirect to the Research service dashboard. At the user can update their details and they can delete it if necessary. They can also list a new research details and view all listed research details. After that it will redirect to the home page.



#### **DB** Structure

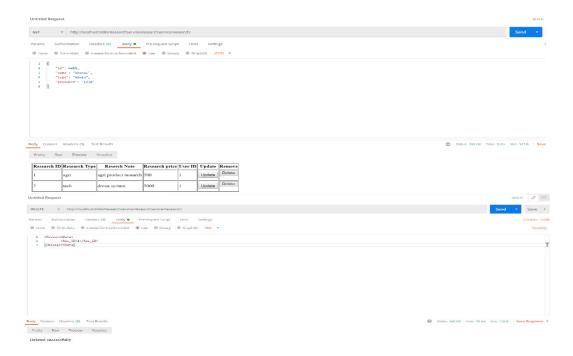


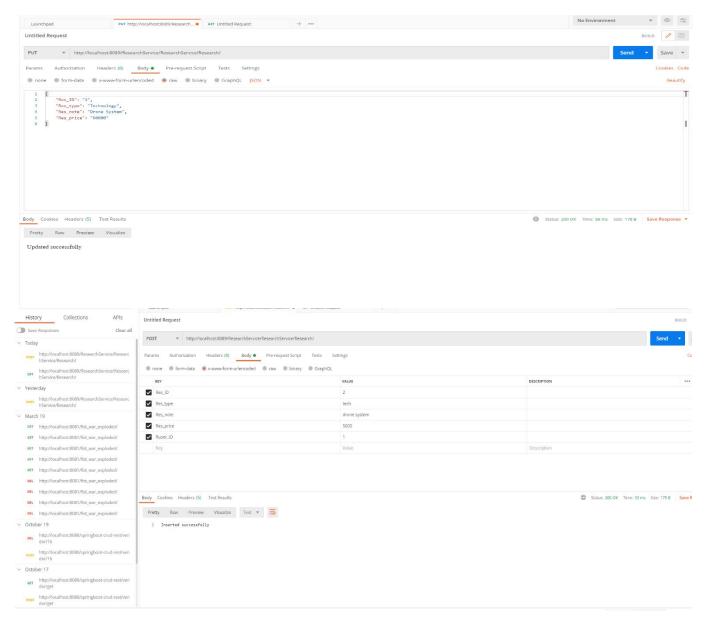
This is the DB design for my service. The DB is named as Researcher and the research is the table. Res\_ID is the primary key of the table. All other attributes are above

### Service development and Testing

Maven is a <u>build automation</u> tool used primarily for <u>Java</u> projects. Dependency management tool that I used is Maven. "Postman" is the testing tool that I used. Testing methodology and the results are below. (CRUD functions that I tested)

- **GET** use to retrieve resources
- **POST** accept the entity enclosed in the request as a new resource
- **PUT** support the updating of REST resources
- **DELETE** delete RESTful resources

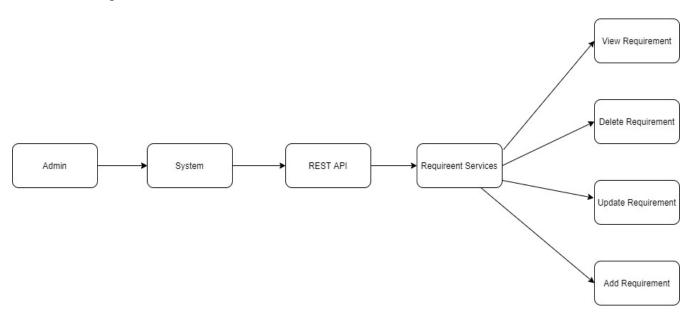




RESTful Web service: Java - JAX-RS (Jersy) on Tomcat, DB: MySQL are the technical tools which I used to develop this system. I used Maven project management tool for build the project dependency. For the testing purposes I used "Postman" 3<sup>rd</sup> party testing tool. Testing methodology and the results are above.

## **Funding Company Service** (Samarakkody S R S S U – IT19121116)

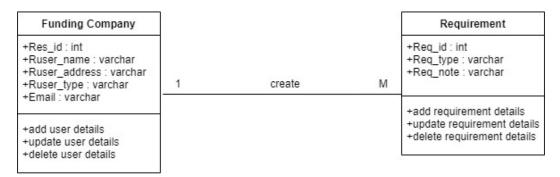
## API for the Requirement Service



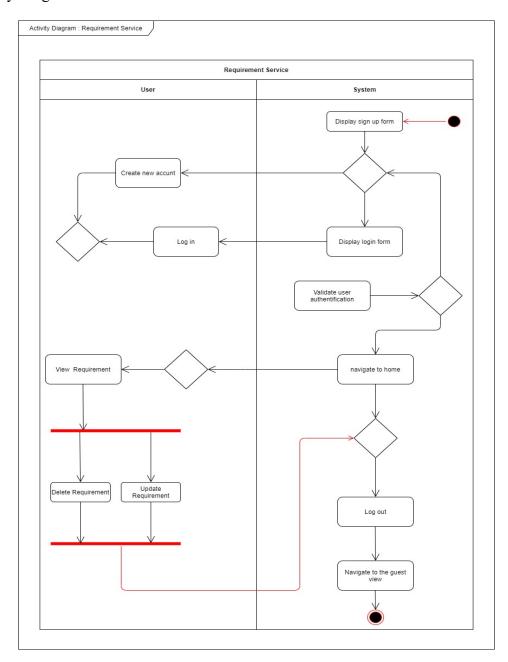
POST – Add Requirement	GET – View Requirement
URL - http://localhost:8090/FundingCompany/reqServices/req Resource: fundServices API Request: POST addRequirement Media: Form data -URL encoded Data: resId , reqType , reqNote Response: String status message	URL - http://localhost:8090/FundingCompany/reqServices/req Resource: fundServices API Request: GET ViewRequirement
PUT – Update Requirement	DELETE - Delete Requirement
URL - http://localhost:8090/FundingCompany/reqServices/req Resource: FundServices API Request: PUT updateRequirement Media: Application JSON Data: reqId , resId , reqType , reqNote Response: String status message  " [ID : ] Updated successfully " or  " Error while updating "	URL - <a href="http://localhost:8090/FundingCompany/reqServices/req">http://localhost:8090/FundingCompany/reqServices/req</a> Resource: FundServices API Request: DELETE _deleteRequirement Media: Application XML Data: reqId Response: String status message

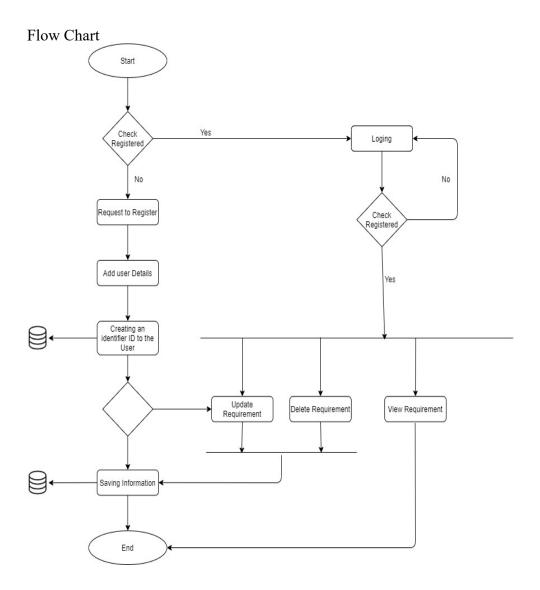
## Internal Logic

## Class Diagram



## Activity Diagram





## **Service Development and Testing**

• Dependency management tools

IDE: Eclipse

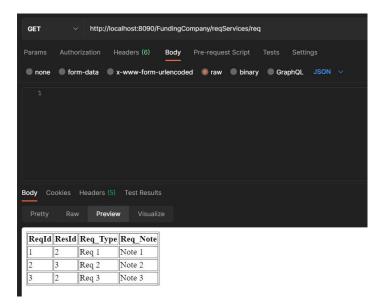
Database: MySQL
Back End: Java

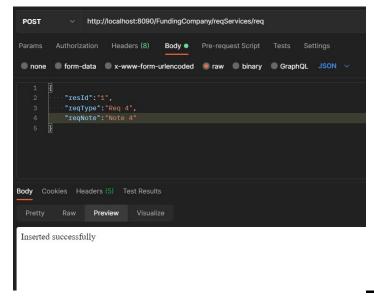
o Maven

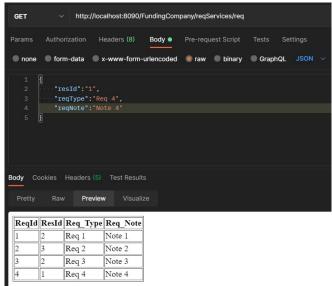
• Testing tool Postman

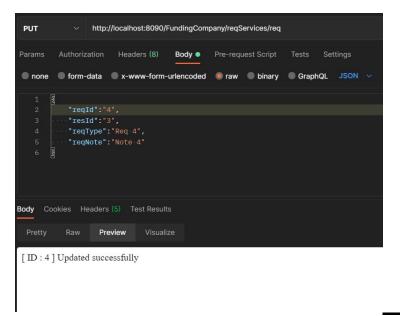
## Testing methodology and results

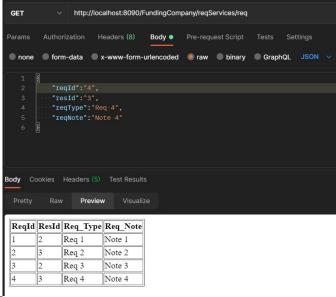
Test ID	Description	Test Input(s)	Expected Output(s)	Actual Output(s)	Result (Pass/Fail)		
01	Adding a new Requirement	resId , reqType , reqNote	Inserted successfully	Inserted successfully	Pass		
02	View Requirement Details	URL for the API	Fund Details list	Fund Details list	Pass		
03	Update Requirement Details	<pre>reqId , resId , reqType , reqNote</pre>	<pre>[ID : ] Updated successfully</pre>	[ID : ] Updated successfully	Pass		
04	Delete Requirement	reqId	<pre>[ reqId : ] Deleted successfully</pre>	<pre>[ reqId : ] Deleted successfully</pre>	Pass		

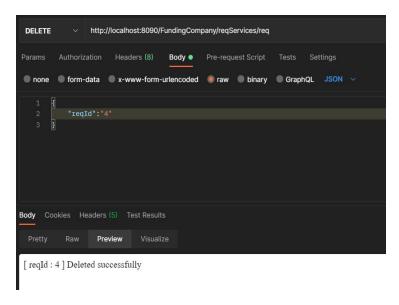


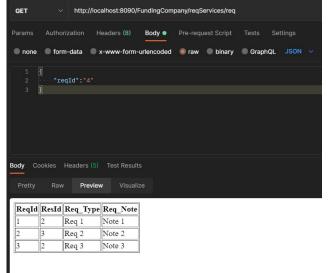












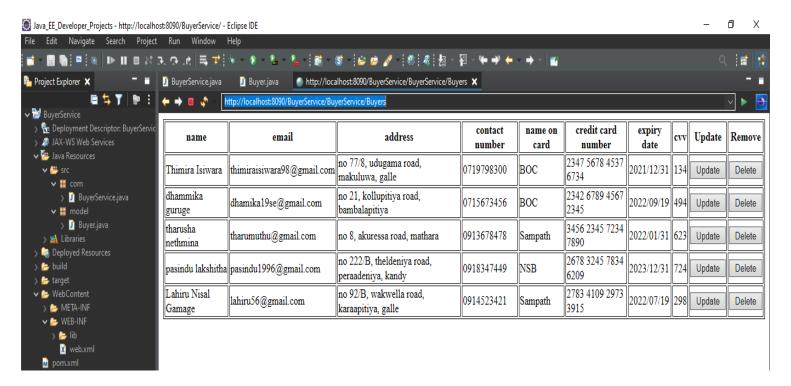
## **Buver Service** (T.V.Thimira Isiwara Vithanage. - IT19171302)

## > Service Design

#### Eg: <a href="http://localhost:8090/BuyerService/BuyerService/Buyers">http://localhost:8090/BuyerService/Buyer

I activated the **RESTful** web service for the Order service using the Tomcat server. The database used was **MySQL**. **RESTful API** is an architectural style for application application interface (API) that uses HTTP requests to access and use data. That data can be used for **GET**, **PUT**, **POST** and **DELETE** data types, which means reading, updating, inserting and deleting resource related operations. I used **MAVEN** to create this web service.

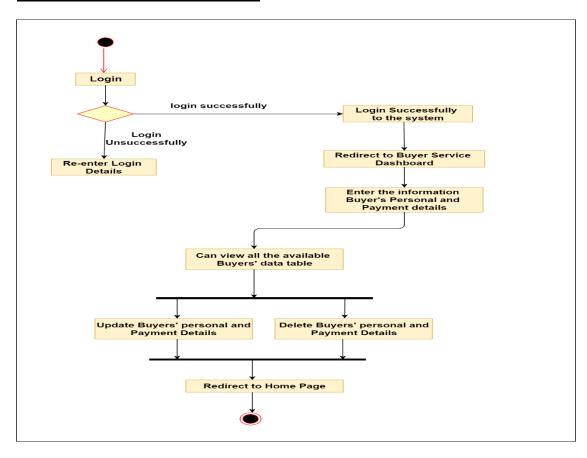
This is the IP address of Tomcat server in eclipse IDE. "localhost:8090" is the machine name of the host server. BuyerService is my project name and URL-pattern given in the web.xml file. Buyers is the path to get the database connection to the project. If the connection is correct, the database will appear on the server window. If not, the error message "Error while connecting to the database for reading" will appear on the window. It performs all CRUD functions such as Read / Insert / Update / delete and is at the below of my Buyers database.



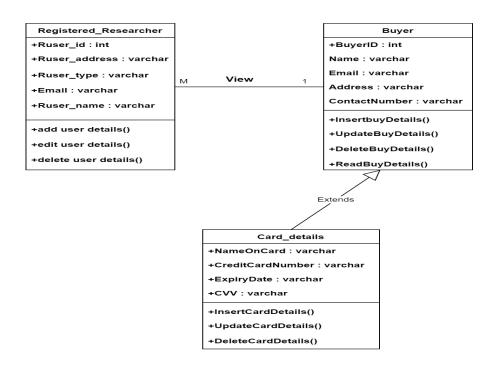
## > Internal Logic

Micro-services architecture will use libraries, but the basic method of integrating their own software component is to break it down into services. We refer to the library as components that are connected to a program and use active calls in memory, while the service (buyer service) is the out-of-process component that communicates with a mechanism such as a web service request. Usually the best approach is to use something called an API portal.

## **Activity Diagram for Buyer Service**

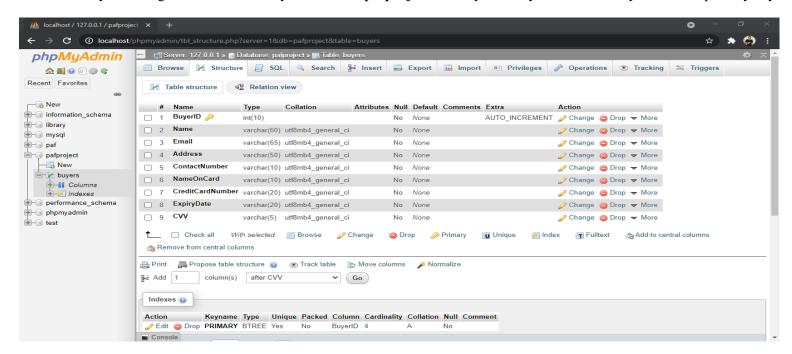


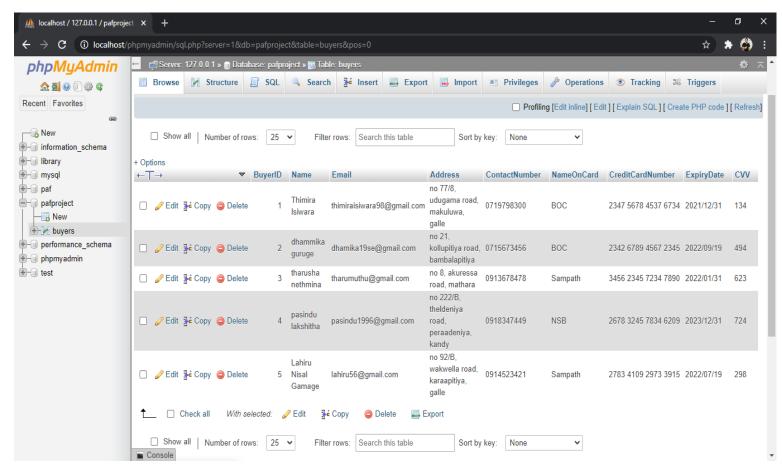
## **Class Diagram for Buyer Service**



#### DB Structure

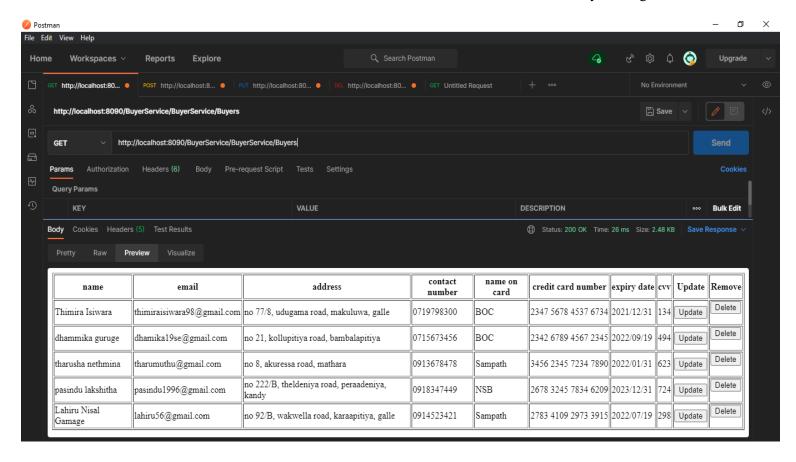
This is my DB design for the service. My DB name is **pafproject** and **buyers** is my table name. **BuyerID** is the primary key.



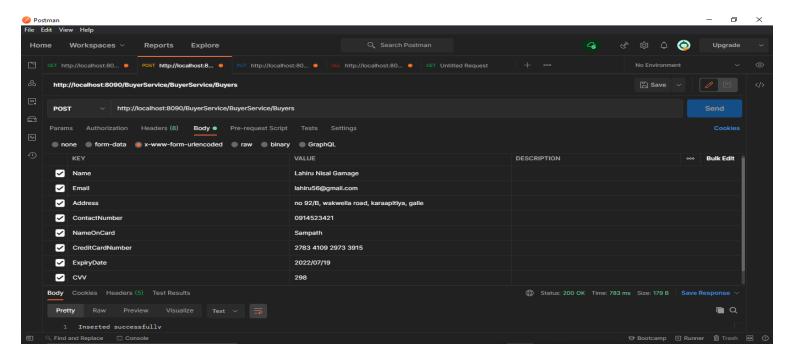


## Service development and testing

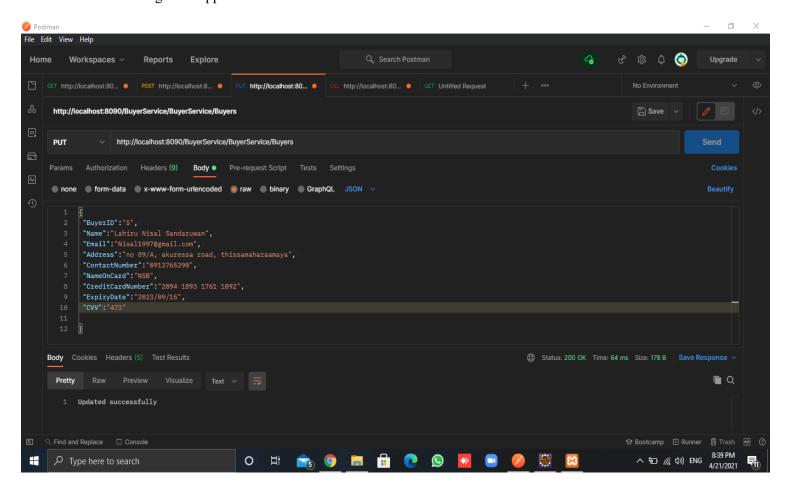
Using tool called postman we can check whether the insert, update, delete and read functions are working or not. After confirming the connection was correct, I copied the address to the **"postman"**. After pasting the URL from the java EE IDE, select the **GET** method to connect to the database. We can then read the rest of the database by sending that URL.

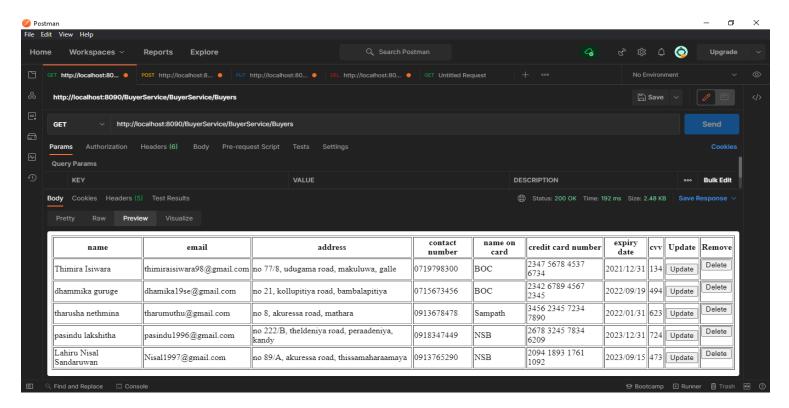


Second, open a new tab and select the link **POST**. In the insertion method, the request data type must be **X-WWW-FORM-URLENCODED**. Select the body and then add all the attributes except the primary key (**BuyerID**) to the space provided above. Now enter the data we want to enter into the database. If the data is entered correctly, a successful message "**Inserted Successfully**" will appear.

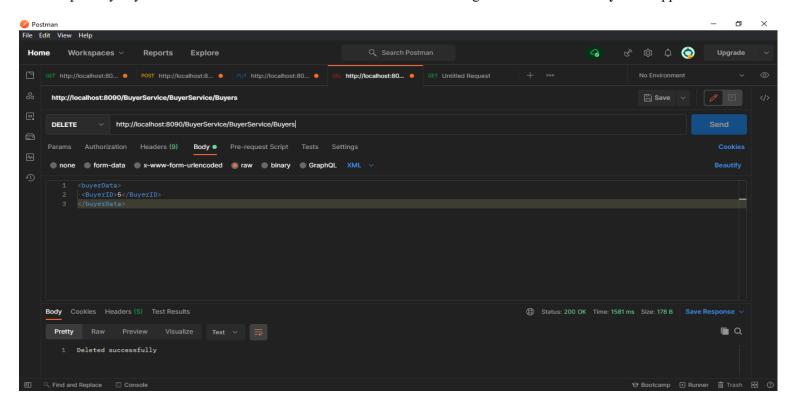


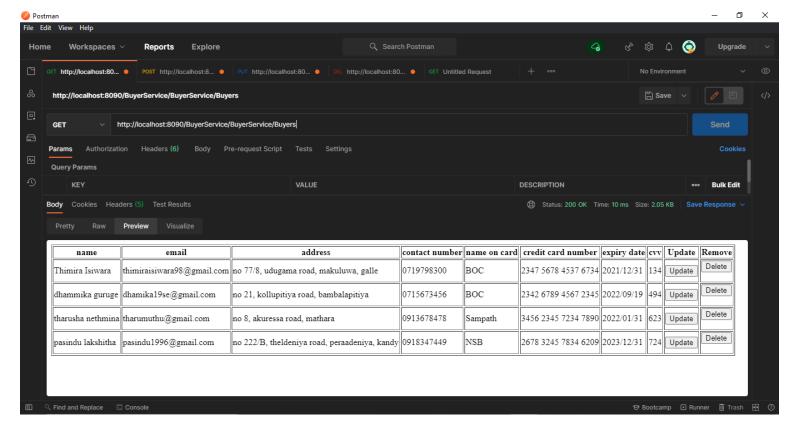
Third, open a new tab and select the **PUT** method and then click the link to update the data. Then we need to send the request field names and update values as **APPLICATION / JSON** in the body part and then add the primary key (**BuyerID**) we need to update and enter new information. If you entered the data correctly, an "**Update Successfully**" update message will appear, and an incorrect message will appear if incorrect data is entered.





To delete, open a new tab and select the **DEL** method. Then we need to send the request field names and values for deletion to the body part as **APPLICATION / XML** and then enter the primary key to delete the row of the table containing the relevant primary key information. The data will then be erased and the message "**Delete Successfully**" will appear.





#### Technical tools which I used:-

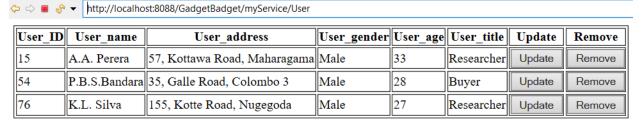
- RESTful web service : Java JAX-RS (Jersy)
- Server Tomcat 9.0 Server
- Database MySQL
- Project Management Tool Maven
- Testing tools **Postman**

#### User management and Rating Service (De Silva W.A.D.S. – IT19037066)

### Service Design 1 – User Registration Service

Application Programming Interface (API) of **User Registration Service** implemented according to the requirements of stakeholders. User Registration Service works consistently and accurately according to all CRUD Functions.

E.g.: <a href="http://localhost:8088/GadgetBadget/myService/User">http://localhost:8088/GadgetBadget/myService/User</a>



The API address that I run on my tomcat server in eclipse. Localhost:8088 is the address of the host server. 'GadgetBadget' is the name of the project. 'myService' is the URL pattern given in the web.xml file. 'User' is the path to get the database connection to the project. If the connection is ok, the database will appear on the server window. If not, the error message will be displayed on the window. All the CRUD functions are done by this and testing is below in my section.

#### **DB** Structure

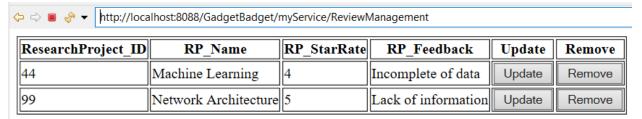


I used MYSQL to develop the database for my service. My DB name is 'paf' and the table name is '<u>reg\_user</u>'. The primary key is 'User ID'. Other column names are 'User name', 'User address', 'User gender', 'User age', 'User title'.

#### Service Design 2 – Review Management (Rating Service)

Application Programming Interface (API) of **Review Management (Rating Management) Service** implemented according to the requirements of stakeholders. Review Management (Rating Management) Service works consistently and accurately according to all CRUD Functions. This page mainly forced to rate research projects and give opinions as feedback.

E.g.: http://localhost:8088/GadgetBadget/myService/ReviewManagement



The API address that I run on my tomcat server in eclipse. Localhost:8088 is the address of the host server. 'GadgetBadget' is the name of the project. 'myService' is the URL pattern given in the web.xml file. 'ReviewManagement' is the path to get the database connection to the project. If the connection is ok, the database will appear on the server window. If not, the error message will be displayed on the window. All the CRUD functions are done by this and testing is below in my section.

#### **DB Structure**



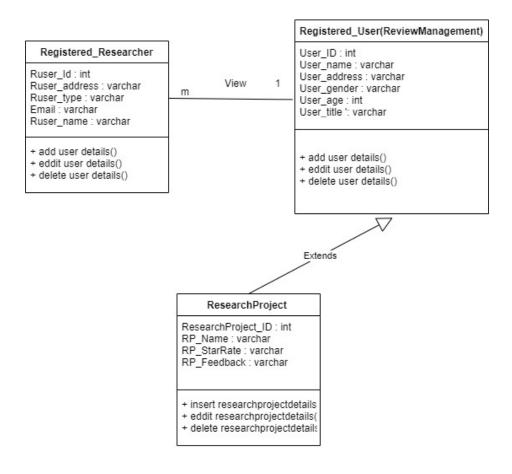
I used MYSQL to develop the database for my service. My DB name is 'paf' and the table name is 'review\_management'. The primary key is 'ResearchProject\_ID'. Other column names are 'RP Name', 'RP StarRate', 'RP Feedback'.

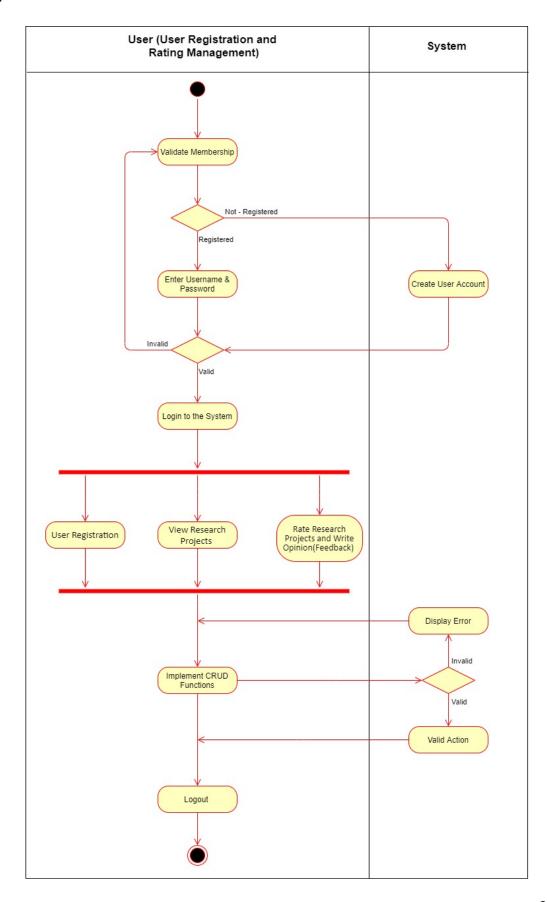
## **Internal Logic**

Here the user can register to the system at the beginning by entering the user details. Also, they can update and delete their profile. The user can appear the User service dashboard. They can update their user details or delete the details if necessary.

The Review Management can register to the system using valid information. Also, they can update and delete their profile. The user can appear the Review Management Services dashboard. The Review Management can view research projects and rate research projects give their opinion as comments.

#### **Class Diagram**

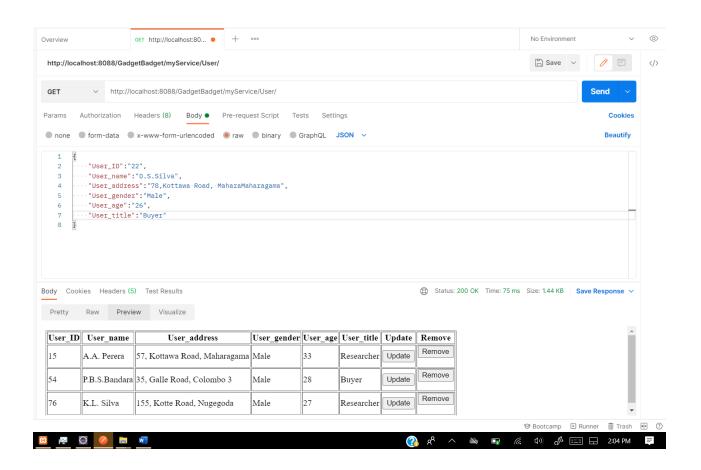


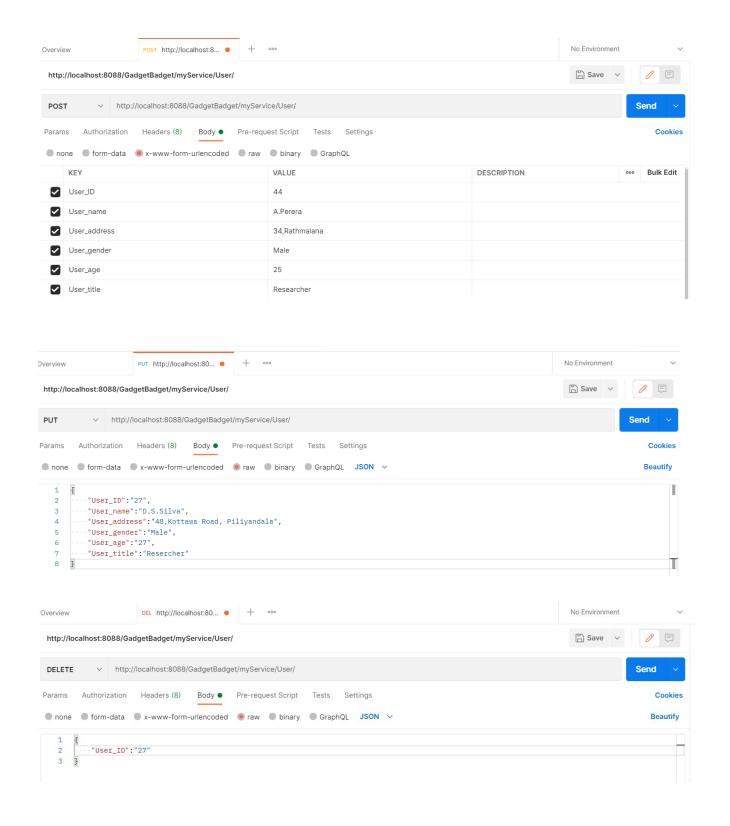


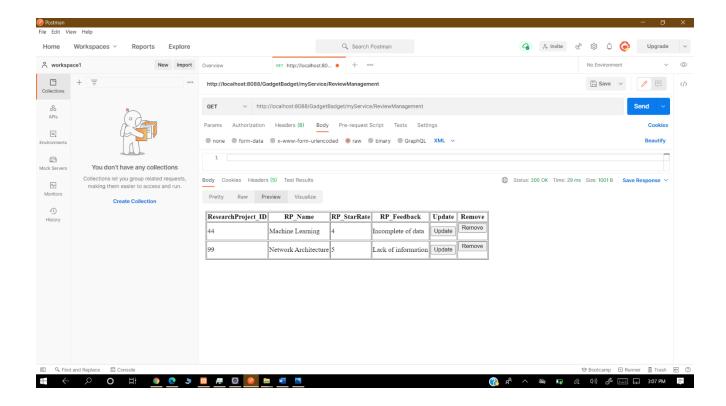
## **Service Development and Testing**

Maven is a build automation tool used fundamentally for Java projects. The dependency management mechanism that I used is Maven. "Postman" is the testing tool that I used. Testing methodology and the results are below. (CRUD functions that I tested)

- GET use to retrieve resources
- POST accept the entity enclosed in the request as a new resource
- PUT support the updating of REST resources
- DELETE delete RESTful resources.







#### Technical tools which I used:-

- RESTful web service : Java JAX-RS (Jersy)
- Server Tomcat 9.0 Server
- Database MySQL
- Project Management Tool Maven
- Testing tools Postman

## **Section 1.08 System's Integration Details**

Microservices API gateway can greatly reduce coding efforts, make your applications far more efficient, reduce errors all at that same time. We create new maven project and clone every microservice to that using git clone so that all members can run all microservices on their PC. We tested it by using "Postman".

### **Section 1.09 References**

https://microservices.io/patterns/microservices.html

https://www.infoq.com/articles/application-integration-service-mesh/

https://dzone.com/articles/principles-for-microservices-integration

https://medium.com/hashmapinc/the-what-why-and-how-of-a-microservices-architecture4179579423a9

https://blog.newrelic.com/technology/microservices-what-they-are-why-to-use-them/