

**Aim:**

Write a program to sort (Ascending order) the given elements using quick sort technique.

**Note: Pick the first element as pivot. You will not be awarded marks if you do not follow this instruction.**

At the time of execution, the program should print the message on the console as:

Enter array size :

For example, if the user gives the input as:

Enter array size : 5

Next, the program should print the following message on the console as:

Enter 5 elements :

if the user gives the input as:

Enter 5 elements : 34 67 12 45 22

then the program should print the result as:

Before sorting the elements are : 34 67 12 45 22

After sorting the elements are : 12 22 34 45 67

Note: Do use the **printf()** function with a newline character (**\n**).

**Source Code:**

quicksortmain.c

```
#include<stdio.h>
void read(int [],int);
void display(int [],int);
void main()
{
    int arr[15],i,n;
    printf("Enter array size : ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Enter %d elements : ",n);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
    }
    printf("Before sorting the elements are : ");
    display(arr,n);
    quickSort(arr,0,n-1);
    printf("After sorting the elements are : ");
    display(arr,n);
}
int i,j,temp,pivolt,left,right;
void display(int a[15],int n)
{
```

```

    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        printf("%d ",a[i]);
        printf("\n");
    }
    int partition(int arr[15],int lb,int ub)
    {

    }
    void quickSort(int a[15],int low,int high)
    {
        left=low;
        right=high;
        pivolt=a[(low+high)/2];
        do
        {
            while(a[left]<pivolt)
                left++;
            while(a[right]>pivolt)
                right--;
            if(left<=right)
            {
                temp=a[left];
                a[left]=a[right];
                a[right]=temp;
                right--;
                left++;
            }
        }
        while(left<=right);
        if(low<right)
            quickSort(a,low,right);
        if(left<high)
            quickSort(a,left,high);
    }

```

#### quicksortfunctions.c

```

#include<stdio.h>
void read(int [],int);
void display(int [],int);
void main()
{
    int arr[15],i,n;
    printf("Enter array size : ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Enter %d elements : ",n);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
    }
    printf("Before sorting the elements are : ");
    display(arr,n);
    quickSort(arr,0,n-1);
    printf("After sorting the elements are : ");
    display(arr,n);
}

```

```

}
int i,j,temp,pivolt,left,right;
void display(int a[15],int n)
{
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        printf("%d ",a[i]);
        printf("\n");
}
int partition(int arr[15],int lb,int ub)
{
}
void quickSort(int a[15],int low,int high)
{
    left=low;
    right=high;
    pivolt=a[(low+high)/2];
    do
    {
        while(a[left]<pivolt)
            left++;
        while(a[right]>pivolt)
            right--;
        if(left<=right)
        {
            temp=a[left];
            a[left]=a[right];
            a[right]=temp;
            right--;
            left++;
        }
    }
    while(left<=right);
    if(low<right)
        quickSort(a,low,right);
    if(left<high)
        quickSort(a,left,high);
}

```

### Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Enter array size : 5
Enter 5 elements : 34 67 12 45 22
Before sorting the elements are : 34 67 12 45 22
After sorting the elements are : 12 22 34 45 67

Test Case - 2
User Output
Enter array size : 8
Enter 8 elements : 77 55 22 44 99 33 11 66
Before sorting the elements are : 77 55 22 44 99 33 11 66

After sorting the elements are : 11 22 33 44 55 66 77 99
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Test Case - 3
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User Output
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Enter array size : 5
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Enter 5 elements : -32 -45 -67 -46 -14
--

Before sorting the elements are : -32 -45 -67 -46 -14
---

After sorting the elements are : -67 -46 -45 -32 -14
--