

**Aim:**

Write a program to sort the given array elements using selection sort largest element method.

At the time of execution, the program should print the message on the console as:

Enter value of n :

For example, if the user gives the input as:

Enter value of n : 3

Next, the program should print the messages one by one on the console as:

Enter element for a[0] :  
Enter element for a[1] :  
Enter element for a[2] :

if the user gives the input as:

Enter element for a[0] : 22  
Enter element for a[1] : 33  
Enter element for a[2] : 12

then the program should print the result as:

Before sorting the elements in the array are  
Value of a[0] = 22  
Value of a[1] = 33  
Value of a[2] = 12  
After sorting the elements in the array are  
Value of a[0] = 12  
Value of a[1] = 22  
Value of a[2] = 33

Fill in the missing code so that it produces the desired result.

**Source Code:**

array.c

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
    int a[20],i,j,n,max,temp=0;
    printf("Enter value of n : ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        printf("Enter element for a[%d] : ",i);
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }
    printf("Before sorting the elements in the array are\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        printf("Value of a[%d] = %d\n",i,a[i]);
```

```

for(i=n-1;i>0;i--)
{
    max=1;
    for(j=i;j>=0;j--)
    {
        if(a[j]>=a[max])
            max=j;
    }
    temp=a[i];
    a[i]=a[max];
    a[max]=temp;
}
printf("After sorting the elements in the array are\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
    printf("Value of a[%d] = %d\n",i,a[i]);
}
}

```

### Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Enter value of n : 3
Enter element for a[0] : 15 68 48
Enter element for a[1] : Enter element for a[2] : Before sorting the elements in the array
Value of a[0] = 15
Value of a[1] = 68
Value of a[2] = 48
After sorting the elements in the array are
Value of a[0] = 15
Value of a[1] = 48
Value of a[2] = 68