

$1. P(A) = \frac{\text{Số trường hợp thuận lợi cho } A}{\text{Số trường hợp có thể của phép thử}}$ $2. P(A) = \frac{m(A)}{m(\Omega)}$	$9. P(AB) \stackrel{?}{=} P(A) \cdot P(B)$ $10. P(A) = \sum_{i=1}^n P(H_i) \cdot P(A   H_i)$
$3. P(A+B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(AB), \quad P(A+B+C) = P(A) + P(B) + P(C) - P(AB) - P(AC) - P(BC) + P(ABC)$ $P\left(\sum_{i=1}^n A_i\right) = \sum_i P(A_i) - \sum_{i < j} P(A_i A_j) + \sum_{i < j < k} P(A_i A_j A_k) - \dots + (-1)^{k-1} \sum_{i_1 < i_2 < \dots < i_k} P(A_{i_1} A_{i_2} \dots A_{i_k}) + \dots + (-1)^{n-1} P(A_1 A_2 \dots A_n)$	$11. P(H_i   A) = \frac{P(H_i) \cdot P(A   H_i)}{P(A)}$ $12. P(B_k) = C_n^k p^k (1-p)^{n-k}$
$4. P(A_1 + A_2 + \dots + A_n) \stackrel{?}{=} P(A_1) + P(A_2) + \dots + P(A_n)$ $5. P(A) + P(\bar{A}) = 1$ $6. P(A   B) = \frac{P(AB)}{P(B)}$	
$7. P(A   B) = \frac{\text{Số trường hợp thuận lợi cho } A \text{ khi } B \text{ đã xảy ra}}{\text{Số trường hợp có thể của phép thử (tạo ra } A) \text{ khi } B \text{ đã xảy ra}}$ $8. P(A_1 A_2 \dots A_n) = P(A_1) \cdot P(A_2   A_1) \cdot P(A_3   A_1 A_2) \cdots P(A_n   A_1 A_2 \dots A_{n-1})$	
$13. P(X = x_i) = p_i \quad \forall i$ $14. \sum_i p_i = 1$ $15. P(X \in A) = \sum_{x_i \in A} p_i$ $16. \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx = 1$ $17. P(a \leq X \leq b) = \int_a^b f(x) dx$	$35. P(X = x_i, Y = y_j) = p_{ij} \quad \forall i, j$ $36. \sum_{i,j} p_{ij} = 1$ $37. P[(X, Y) \in A] = \sum_{(x_i, y_j) \in A} p_{ij}$ $38. \iint_{\mathbb{R}^2} f(x, y) dx dy = 1$ $39, 40. P[(X, Y) \in A] = \iint_A f(x, y) dx dy \stackrel{?}{=} \int_a^b dx \int_{c(x)}^{d(x)} f(x, y) dy$
$18. F(x) = P(X < x) = \begin{cases} \sum_{x_i < x} p_i \\ \int_{-\infty}^x f(t) dt \end{cases}$ $19. F'(x) = f(x)$ $20. P(a \leq X < b) = F(b) - F(a)$ $21. \bar{Y} = \bar{\varphi}(\bar{X}): \text{Im } \bar{Y} = \bar{\varphi}(\text{Im } \bar{X}) = \{y = \varphi(x_i)   x_i \in \text{Im } \bar{X}\}$ $P(Y = y) = P[\varphi(X) = y] = \sum_{\varphi(x_i)=y} p_i$	$41. F(x, y) = P(X < x, Y < y) = \begin{cases} \sum_{x_i < x, y_j < y} p_{ij} \\ \iint_{u < x, v < y} f(u, v) du dv \end{cases}$ $42. \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x \partial y} F(x, y) = f(x, y)$ $43. p_{i*} = P(X = x_i) = \sum_j p_{ij}, \quad p_{*j} = P(Y = y_j) = \sum_i p_{ij}$ $44. X: f_1(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x, y) dy, \quad Y: f_2(y) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x, y) dx$ $45. F(x, y) \stackrel{?}{=} F_1(x) \cdot F_2(y) \quad \forall x, y$ $46. p_{ij} = p_{i*} \cdot p_{*j} \quad \forall i, j$ $47. f(x, y) = f_1(x) \cdot f_2(y) \quad \forall x, y$
$22, 23. Y = \varphi(X): \varphi(x) < y \Leftrightarrow a(y) < x < b(y)$ $g(y) = b'(y) f[b(y)] - a'(y) f[a(y)]$	$48, 49. Z = (X   Y = y_j): P(Z = x_i) = P(X = x_i   Y = y_j) = \frac{p_{ij}}{p_{*j}}$ $\varphi(x   y) = \frac{f(x, y)}{f_2(y)} \quad \forall x$
$24. EX = \begin{cases} \sum_i x_i p_i \\ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f(x) dx \end{cases} : E(X+Y) = EX + EY, E(kX) = k \cdot EX$ $25. E[\varphi(X)] = \begin{cases} \sum_i \varphi(x_i) p_i \\ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \varphi(x) f(x) dx \end{cases}$ $26. E(X^2) = \begin{cases} \sum_i x_i^2 p_i \\ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 f(x) dx \end{cases}$ $27. DX = E(X^2) - (EX)^2: D(kX) = k^2 DX, D(X+Y) \stackrel{?}{=} DX + DY$ $28. \sigma(X) = \sqrt{DX}$	$50, 51. Z = X + Y: P(Z = z) = P(X + Y = z) = \sum_{x_i + y_j = z} p_{ij}$ $g(z) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x, z-x) dx$ $52. E[\varphi(X, Y)] = \begin{cases} \sum_{i,j} \varphi(x_i, y_j) \cdot p_{ij} \\ \iint_{\mathbb{R}^2} \varphi(x, y) \cdot f(x, y) dx dy \end{cases}$ $53. E(XY) = \begin{cases} \sum_{i,j} x_i y_j p_{ij} \\ \iint_{\mathbb{R}^2} xy f(x, y) dx dy \end{cases}$ $54. \text{cov}(X, Y) = E(XY) - EX \cdot EY$ $55. \rho_{XY} = \frac{\text{cov}(X, Y)}{\sigma(X) \cdot \sigma(Y)} = \frac{E(XY) - EX \cdot EY}{\sqrt{DX} \sqrt{DY}}$ $? Z = [\varphi(X, Y)   (X, Y) \in A]$
$29. X \sim B(n, p): P(X = k) = C_n^k p^k (1-p)^{n-k}, \quad k = \overline{0, n}$ $EX = np, \quad DX = np(1-p)$ $30. X \sim P_\lambda: P(X = k) = e^{-\lambda} \frac{\lambda^k}{k!}, \quad k = 0, 1, 2, \dots; EX = \lambda, DX = \lambda$ $31. X \sim U(a, b): f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{b-a}, & x \in [a, b] \\ 0, & x \notin [a, b] \end{cases}$ $EX = \frac{a+b}{2}, \quad DX = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12}$ $32. X \sim \varepsilon_\lambda: f(x) = \begin{cases} \lambda e^{-\lambda x}, & x > 0 \\ 0, & x \leq 0 \end{cases} \cdot EX = \frac{1}{\lambda}, \quad DX = \frac{1}{\lambda^2}$ $33, 34. X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2): f(x) = \frac{1}{\sigma \sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} \cdot EX = \mu, \quad DX = \sigma^2$ $P(a < X < b) = \Phi\left(\frac{b-\mu}{\sigma}\right) - \Phi\left(\frac{a-\mu}{\sigma}\right)$	$59. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} P\left(\frac{\bar{X} - a}{\sigma} \sqrt{n} < x\right) = \Phi(x)$ $60. P(k_1 \leq m \leq k_2) \approx \Phi\left[\frac{k_2 - np}{\sqrt{np(1-p)}}\right] - \Phi\left[\frac{k_1 - np}{\sqrt{np(1-p)}}\right]$
$56. P( X - EX  \geq \varepsilon) \leq \frac{DX}{\varepsilon^2}$ $57, 58. \bar{X} \xrightarrow{P} a, \quad \frac{m}{n} \xrightarrow{P} p$	<p>*</p>

$$\begin{aligned}
 61. \bar{X} &= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i & 64. \bar{x} &= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i & 67. n &\stackrel{?}{=} \sum_{i=1}^k n_i \\
 62. S^2 &= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2 = \left( \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2 \right) - \bar{X}^2 & 65. s^2 &= \left( \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 \right) - \bar{x}^2 & 68. \bar{x} &= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^k n_i x_i \\
 63. S'^2 &= \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2 = \frac{n}{n-1} S^2 & 66. s'^2 &= \frac{n}{n-1} s^2 & 69. s^2 &= \left( \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n n_i x_i^2 \right) - \bar{x}^2 \\
 70. U &\sim \chi_k^2: P[U > \chi^2(p, k)] = p & 71. T &\sim t_k: P(|T| > t_p^k) = p
 \end{aligned}$$

72.	Tham số	Kiểu ước lượng		Ghi chú		
	ƯLKC	Khoảng tin cậy với độ tin cậy $\gamma$		$\gamma < 1, \approx 1, X \sim N$		
	EX	$\bar{X}$	DX = $\sigma^2$ đã biết	$(\bar{X} - z_0 \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}, \bar{X} + z_0 \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}})$	$\Phi(z_0) = \frac{1+\gamma}{2} (*)$  $t_0 = t_{1-\gamma}^{n-1}$	
			DX chưa biết	$(\bar{X} - t_0 \frac{S}{\sqrt{n-1}}, \bar{X} + t_0 \frac{S}{\sqrt{n-1}})$		
	DX	$S'^2$	$(\frac{nS^2}{\chi^2(\frac{1-\gamma}{2}, n-1)}, \frac{nS^2}{\chi^2(\frac{1+\gamma}{2}, n-1)})$			
$p = P(A)$	$p^* = \frac{m}{n}$	$(p^* - z_0 \sqrt{\frac{p^*(1-p^*)}{n}}, p^* + z_0 \sqrt{\frac{p^*(1-p^*)}{n}})$		Như (*) và $n \gg 1$		
73.	$H_0$	$H_1$	Dấu hiệu	Tiêu chuẩn	ĐK bác bỏ H	Ghi chú
	$EX = a_0$	$EX \neq a_0$	DX = $\sigma^2$ đã biết	$z_{qs} = \frac{\bar{x} - a_0}{\sigma} \sqrt{n} (*)$	$ z_{qs}  > z_0$	$\Phi(z_0) = 1 - \frac{\alpha}{2}$
		$EX > a_0$			$z_{qs} \geq z_0$	$\Phi(z_0) = 1 - \alpha$
		$EX < a_0$			$z_{qs} < -z_0$	
	như trên		DX chưa biết	$t_{qs} = \frac{\bar{x} - a_0}{s} \sqrt{n-1} (**)$	$ t_{qs}  > t_0$ $t_{qs} \geq t_0$ $t_{qs} < -t_0$	$t_0 = t_{\alpha}^{n-1}$ $t_0 = t_{2\alpha}^{n-1}$
	$p = p_0$	$p \neq p_0$ $p > p_0$ $p < p_0$	$n \gg 1$	$z_{qs} = \frac{\frac{m}{n} - p_0}{\sqrt{p_0(1-p_0)}} \sqrt{n}$	như (*)	
	$EX = EY$	$EX \neq EY$	DX, DY đã biết	$z_{qs} = \frac{\bar{x} - \bar{y}}{\sqrt{\frac{DX}{n} + \frac{DY}{m}}}$	như (*)	
$EX > EY$ $EX < EY$						
như trên			DX = DY chưa biết	$t_{qs} = (1)$	như (**), thay $n-1$ bởi $n+m-2$	
$p_1 = p_2$	$p_1 \neq p_2$ $p_1 > p_2$ $p_1 < p_2$	$n_1, n_2 \gg 1$	$z_{qs} = (2)$	như (*)		

$$(1) = \frac{\bar{x} - \bar{y}}{\sqrt{ns_X^2 + ms_Y^2}} \sqrt{\frac{nm(n+m-2)}{n+m}}, (2) = \left( \frac{m_1}{n_1} - \frac{m_2}{n_2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{n_1 n_2 (n_1 + n_2)}{(m_1 + m_2)(n_1 + n_2 - m_1 - m_2)}}.$$

$$74. H_0 : P(A_i) = p_{i0} \forall i = 1, h: (a) e_i \stackrel{?}{=} np_{i0}, (b) \chi^2 = \sum_{i=1}^h \frac{(n_i - e_i)^2}{e_i}, (c) \chi^2 \stackrel{?}{>} \chi^2(\alpha, h-1)$$

$$75. H_0 : X \sim F(x): (a) \text{Im} X = S_1 \cup S_2 \cup \dots \cup S_h, (b) p_{i0} = P(X \in S_i | H) = \begin{cases} \sum_{x_k \in S_i} p_k \\ \int_{S_i} f(x) dx \end{cases}, (74)$$

$$76. H_0 : X \sim F(x, \theta_1, \theta_2, \dots, \theta_r) \Leftrightarrow H^* : X \sim F(x, \theta_1^*, \theta_2^*, \dots, \theta_r^*), \chi^2 \stackrel{?}{>} \chi^2(\alpha, h-r-1):$$

$X \sim ?$	$\theta$	$\theta^*$
$B(n, p)$	$p$	$p^*$
$P_\lambda$	$\lambda$	$\bar{X}$
$U(a, b)$	$a, b$	$\bar{X} - S\sqrt{3}, \bar{X} + S\sqrt{3}$
$\varepsilon_\lambda$	$\lambda$	$1/\bar{X}$
$N(\mu, \sigma^2)$	$\mu, \sigma^2$	$\bar{X}, S^2$

$$77. H_0 : X, Y \text{ độc lập: } (a) \text{Im} X = S_1 \cup \dots \cup S_h, \text{Im} Y = T_1 \cup \dots \cup T_k; (b) n_{i*} = \sum_j n_{ij}, n_{*j} = \sum_i n_{ij}; (c) e_{ij} = \frac{n_{i*} \times n_{*j}}{n}; (d) \chi^2 = \sum_{i,j} \frac{(n_{ij} - e_{ij})^2}{e_{ij}};$$

$$(e) \chi^2 \stackrel{?}{>} \chi^2[\alpha, (h-1)(k-1)]$$

$$78. r = \frac{\overline{XY} - \bar{X} \cdot \bar{Y}}{S_X S_Y}$$

$$79. Z = E(Y | X): X = x_i \Rightarrow Z = E(Y | X = x_i) = \frac{1}{p_{i*}} \sum_j y_j p_{ij}$$

$$X = x \Rightarrow Z = \frac{1}{f_1(x)} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} y f(x, y) dy$$

$$80. E\{[Y - aX - b]^2\} \rightarrow \min_{a,b}: a = \rho \sqrt{\frac{DY}{DX}}, b = EY - aEX$$

$$81. \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (Y_i - aX_i - b)^2 \rightarrow \min_{a,b}: a = r \frac{S_Y}{S_X}, b = \bar{Y} - a\bar{X}$$