

Array of Objects

Objectives

basic operations supported by an array.

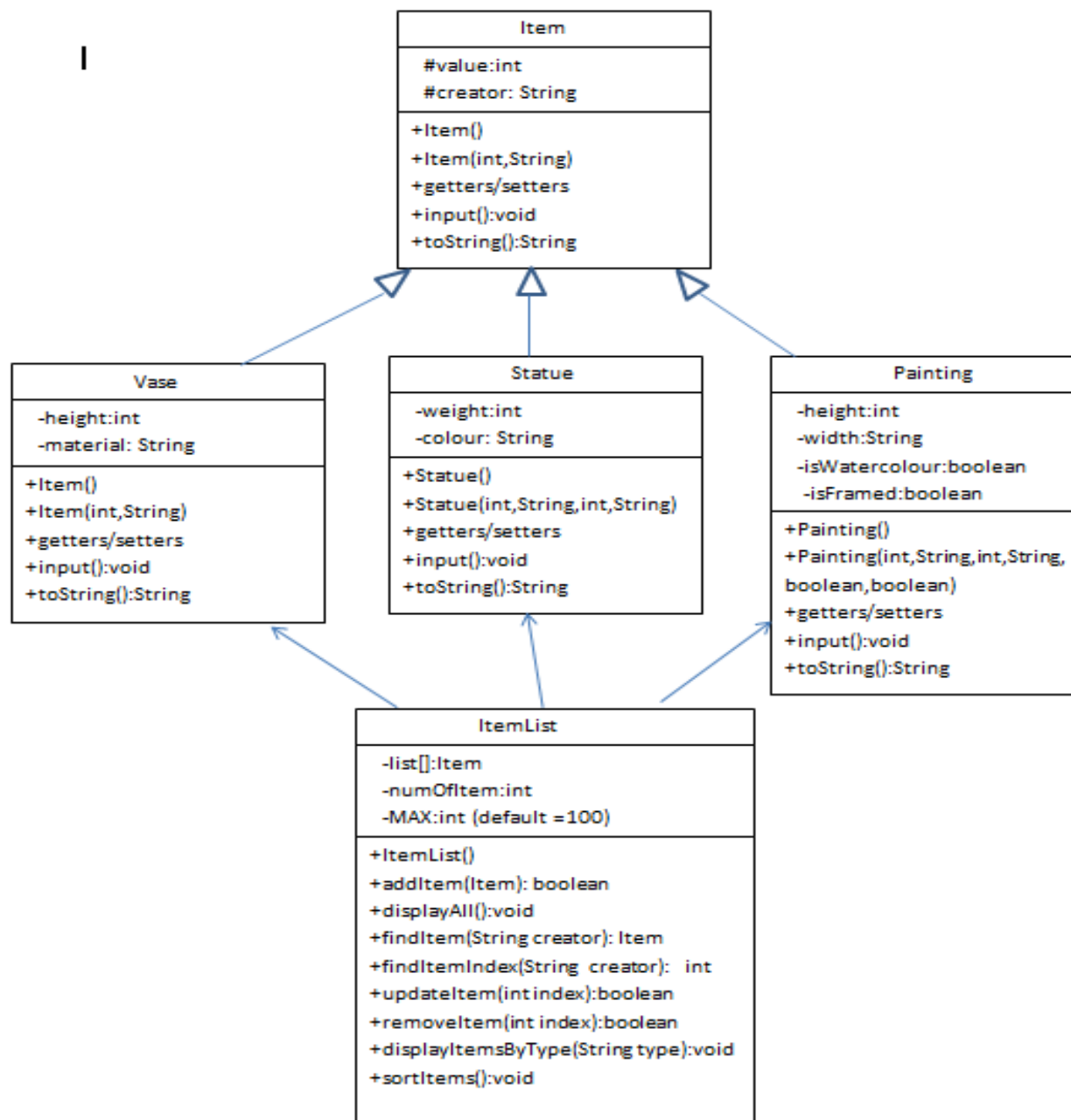
- print all the array elements(objects)
- Adds an object at the given index.
- Deletes an object at the given index.
- Searches an object using the given index or by the value.
- Updates an object at the given index.

Case study

- **Problem:** A antique shop that sells antique items, namely vases, statues, and paintings. The owner can add item to inventory. The shop will keep items in the list. The owner can add a new item to it, he search also the item,....

=>For now, we want to manage the list of objects such as vases, statues, paintings in an array.

Case study



Case study

public class Item

```
{
    // declare fields
    protected int value; // the price of a Item (>=0)
    protected String creator; // the creator who creates the item( is not empty)
    //constructors
    public Item() { value=0; creator=""; }
    public Item(int value, String creator) {
        this.value=value;
        this.creator=creator;
    }
    //getters, setters: you is required to add more code to get/set fields of a Item object
    //this method is used to input all fields of a Item object
    public void input() {
        //use Scanner class to input fields
        //use try..catch/throws to handle exceptions
    }
    //this method returns a string that includes value, creator of a Item object
    public String toString() {
        //return
    }
}
```

Case study

```
public class Vase extends Item
```

```
{
```

```
    private int height; //height of a vase (>=0 and <=2000)
```

```
    private String material; //material of a vase (is not empty)
```

```
    //TODO: you add more your codes
```

```
    //constructors
```

```
    //getter
```

```
    //setter
```

```
    //this method is used to input all fields of a Vase object
```

```
    public void input() {
```

```
        //use Scanner class to input fields
```

```
        //use try..catch/throws to handle exceptions
```

```
    }
```

```
    //this method returns a string that includes value, creator, height, material of a vase object
```

```
    public String toString() {
```

```
        //return ;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

Case study

public class Statue extends Item

{

private int weight; //the weight of a statue object (weight ≥ 0 and ≤ 1000)

private String colour; //the colour of a statue object (is not empty)

//You add more your code

//constructors

//getter

//setter

//this method is used to input all fields of a statue object

public void input(){

 //use Scanner class to input fields

 //use try..catch/throws to handle exceptions

}

//this method returns a string that includes value, creator, weight, colour of a statue object

public String toString(){

 //return ;

}

}

Case study

public class Painting extends Item

```
{
    private int height; //the height of a painting object (height>=0 and <=2000)
    private int width; //the width of a painting object (height>=0 and <=3000)
    private boolean isWatercolour; //the painting object use s a watercolor or not
    private boolean isFramed; //the painting object has s a frame or not
    //You add more your code
    //constructors
    //getter
    //setter
    //this method is used to input all fields of a painting object
    public void input(){
        //use Scanner class to input fields
        //use try..catch/throws to handle exceptions
    }
    //this method returns a string that includes all fields of a painting object
    public String toString(){
        //return ;
    }
}
```


Case study

```
public class ItemList
{
    Item [] list; // an array to store all items
    int numOfItem; // to store the number of items that added to the list
    final int MAX=100; // is the size of the array
    public ItemList(){
        list=new Item[MAX];
        numOfItem=0;
    }
    //this mothod add an Item object to the list
    //input: a new item that needs to add
    //output: return true/false
    public boolean addItem(Item item){
        if( item==null || numOfItem>=MAX)
            return false;
        list[numOfItem]=item;
        numOfItem++;
        return true;
    }
}
```

Case study

```
//this method prints out information of all items
public void displayAll(){
    if(numOfItem==0)
        System.out.println("the list is empty");
    for(int i=0; i< numOfItem; i++){
        System.out.println(list[i]);
    }
}

//this method finds the item by its creator
//return the item that is found of the first occurrence.
public Item findItem(String creator){
    for(int i=0; i< numOfItem; i++)
        if( list[i].getCreator().equals(creator))
            return list[i];
    return null;
}
```

Case study

//this method returns the zero_based index of the first occurrence.

```
public int findItemIndex(String creator){
    for(int i=0; i< numOfItem; i++)
        if( list[i].getCreator().equals(creator))
            return i;
    return -1;
}
```

//this method updates the item at the specified position in this list

//input: the index you wish to update

```
public boolean updateItem(int index){
    if( index >= 0 && index < numOfItem){
        list[i].input();
        return true;
    }
    return false;
}
```

Case study

```
//this method removes the item at the specified position in this list.
//Shifts any subsequent elements to the left
//input: the index you wish to remove
public boolean removeItem(int index){
    if( index >= 0 && index < numOfItem){
        for(int j=index; j< numOfItem; j++ ){
            list[j]=list[j+1];
        }
        numOfItem --;
        return true;
    }
    return false;
}
```

Case study

//this method prints out all items that belong to the given type in the list.

```
public void displayItemsByType(String type){

    if (type.equals("Vase")){
        for(int i=0; i < numOfItem; i++)
            if ( list[i] instanceof Vase) System.out.println( list[i]);
    }
    else if (type.equals("Statue")){
        for(int i=0; i < numOfItem; i++)
            if ( list[i] instanceof Statue) System.out.println( list[i]);
    }
    else {
        for(int i=0; i < numOfItem; i++)
            if ( list[i] instanceof Painting) System.out.println( list[i]);
    }
}
```

Case study

//this method sorts items in ascending order based on their values.

```
public void sortItems(){  
    for(int i=0; i< numOfItem; i++)  
        for(int j=numOfItem-1; j>i ;j--){  
            if( list[i].getValue()< list[j-1].getValue()){  
                Item tmp=list[j];  
                list[j]=list[j-1];  
                list[j-1]=tmp;  
            }  
        }  
}
```

```
}//end class
```

Case study

```
public class antiqueShop{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int choice=0;
        do{
            System.out.println("1. add a new vase");
            System.out.println("2. add a new statue");
            System.out.println("3. add a new painting");
            System.out.println("4. display all items");
            System.out.println("5. find the items by the creator ");
            System.out.println("6. update the item by its index");
            System.out.println("7. remove the item by its index");
            System.out.println("8. display the list of vase items ");
            System.out.println("9. sorts items in ascending order based on their values ");
            System.out.println("10. exit");
            System.out.println("input your choice:");
            choice=sc.nextInt();
            switch(choice){
```

Case study

```

case 1:
    Item tmp=new Vase();
    tmp.input();
    if(obj.addItem(tmp)){
        System.out.println("added");
    }
    break;
case 2:
    .....
    break
case 3:
    ....
    break;
    .....
} //end switch
} while(choice<=9);      //end while
} //end class

```