

Getting Started

(http://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/getStarted/index.html)



Objectives

- About the Java Technology
- What can Java Technology do?
- How can Java support platformindependence?
- Java Platform
- Set up Environment Variables
- The first Java program in the NetBeans
- Structure of a Java program.
- End users run Java Programs



About the Java Technology(1)

History

- 1990, James Gosling, Bill Joy, Patrick Naughton(Sun Microsystem) developed the Oak language for embedding programs to devices such as VCR, PDA (personal data assistant). The Oak programs require:
 - Platform independent/- Extremely reliable/ Compact
- 1993, interactive TV and PDA failed, Internet and Web were introduced, **Sun** change the Oak to an internetdevelopment environment with a new project, named **Java**.
- 1994, the Sun's HotJava Browser was introduced (written using Java). It showed the strength of Java applets and abilities to develop Java application.



About the Java Technology(2)

History...

- •Embedded Systems (1991 1994)
- A client side Wonder (1995 1997)
- Moved into the Middle tier (1997 to present)
- Future: may gain more success



About the Java Technology(3)

The Java Programming Language is a high-level language. It's **characteristics**:

- Simple
- Object oriented
- Distributed
- Multithreaded
- Dynamic linking

- Architecture neutral
- Portable
- High performance
- Robust
- Secure



What can Java Technology do?

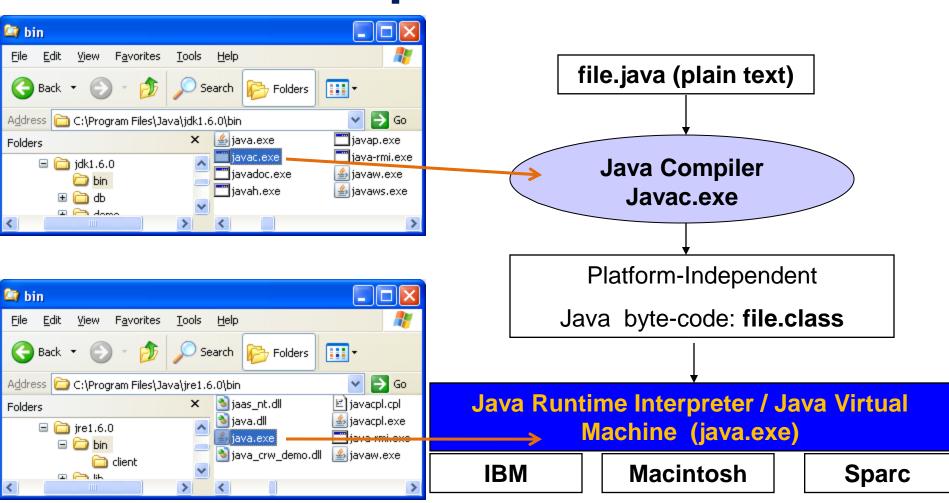
Using Java, we can:

- Development Tools.
- Application
 Programming
 Interface (API).
- Deployment Technologies.
- User Interface Toolkits.
- Integration Libraries.

- → Desktop Application (Console App, GUI Apps)
- → Web-based Applications
- → Network-based Applications
- → Game
- → Distributed Applications
- → Embedding Application (Apps on Devices)



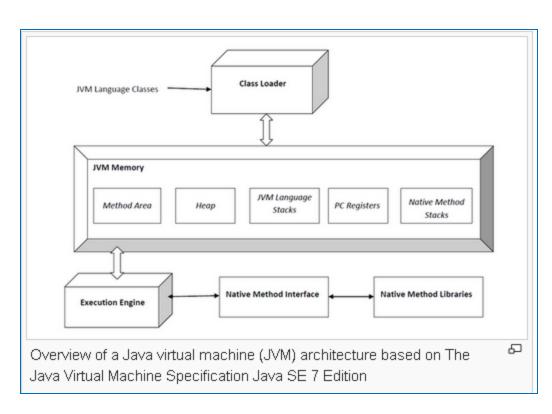
How can Java support platformindependence?





Java Virtual Machine

The Java Virtual Machine is an abstract computing machine. Like a real computing machine, it has an instruction set and manipulates various memory areas at run time. It is reasonably common to implement a programming language using a virtual machine; the best-known virtual machine may be the P-Code machine of UCSD Pascal.



http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Java_virtual_machine

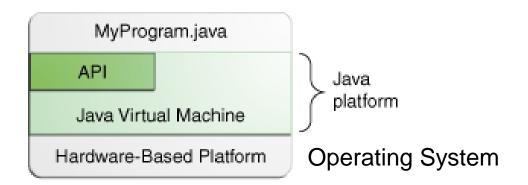
More details:

https://docs.oracle.com/javase/specs/jvms/se8/html/jvms-1.html#jvms-1.1



Java Platform

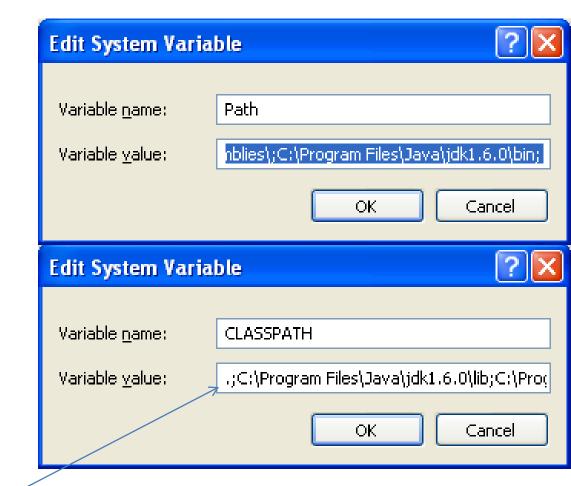
- A platform is the hardware or software environment in which a program runs.
- The Java platform has two components:
 - The Java Virtual Machine
 - The Java Application Programming Interface (API)





Set up Environment Variables

- After installing JavaSE
 (Java Development Kit Standard
 Edition), environment
 variables should be
 setup to point to the
 folder in which JavaSE
 is installed.
- Steps: My Computer/ Properties/ Advanced/Environment Variables/System Variables/ Path/ Edit



Why?

The point at the beginning of the CLASSPATH means that classes will be searched first in the current working folder.

The first Java program in the NetBeans

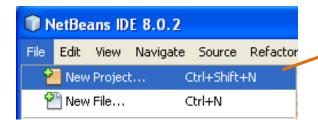
This program will show the string "Hello World" to the screen.

Steps

- 1- Create a new Java NetBeans project
- 2- Add a Java class
- 3- Write code
- 4- Compile/Run the program



Step 1- New Project



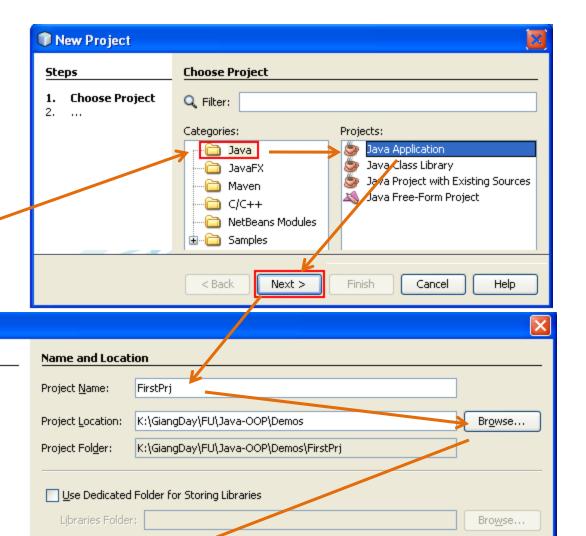
📦 New Java Application

Choose Project

Name and Location

Steps

If this option is checked,
NetBeans will automatically generate a class, named Main, for the project.



Different users and projects can share the same compilation.

Next >

Finish

Cancel

Help

ies (see Help for details).

< <u>B</u>ack

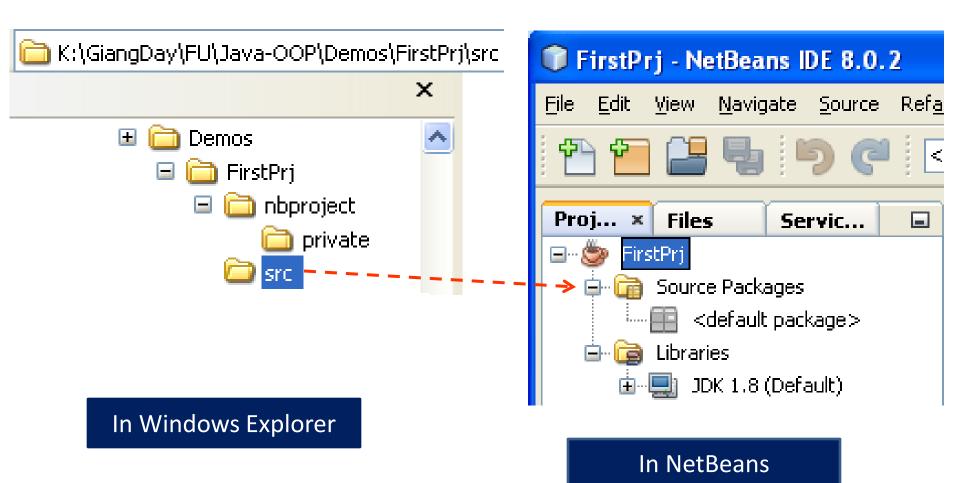
firstprj.FirstPrj

Create Main Class

If this option is not checked, we can create some programs in one project.



New Project...: Initial Project Structure





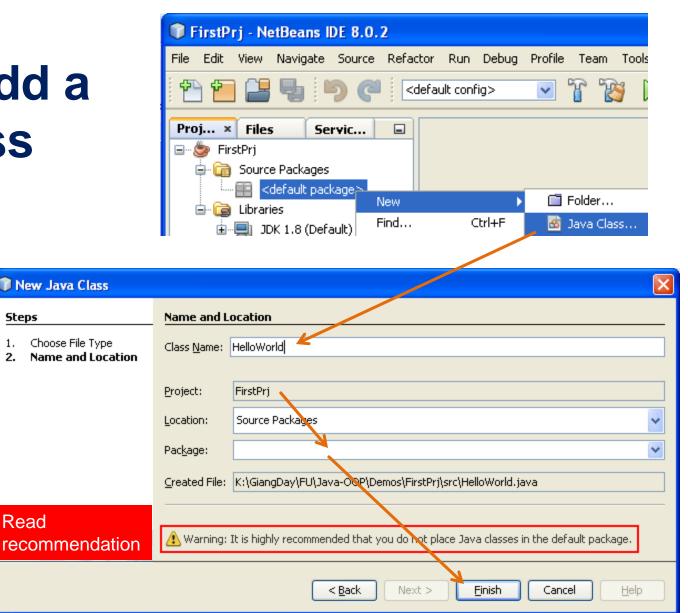
Step 2: Add a **Java Class**

New Java Class

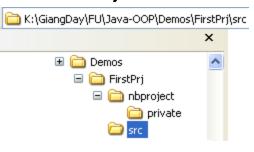
Choose File Type

Steps

Read



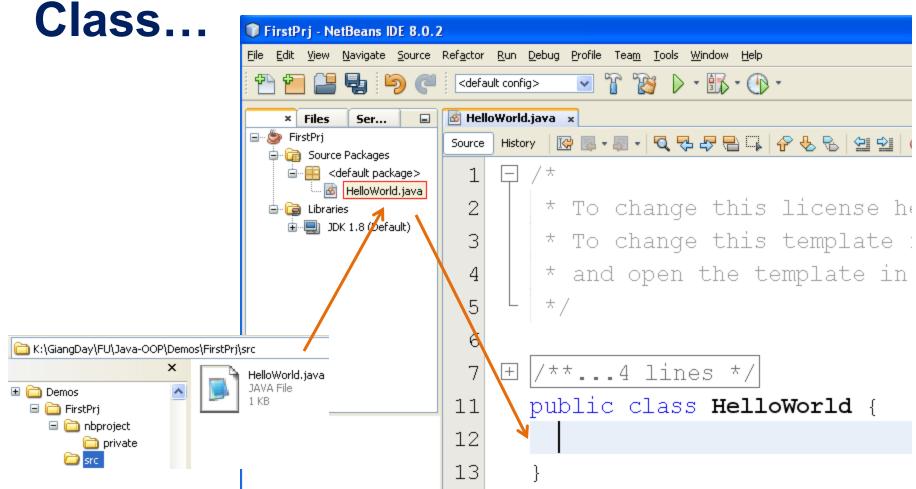
Package: Subdirectory of the folder Project/SRC



In this demo, we do not specify package intentionally

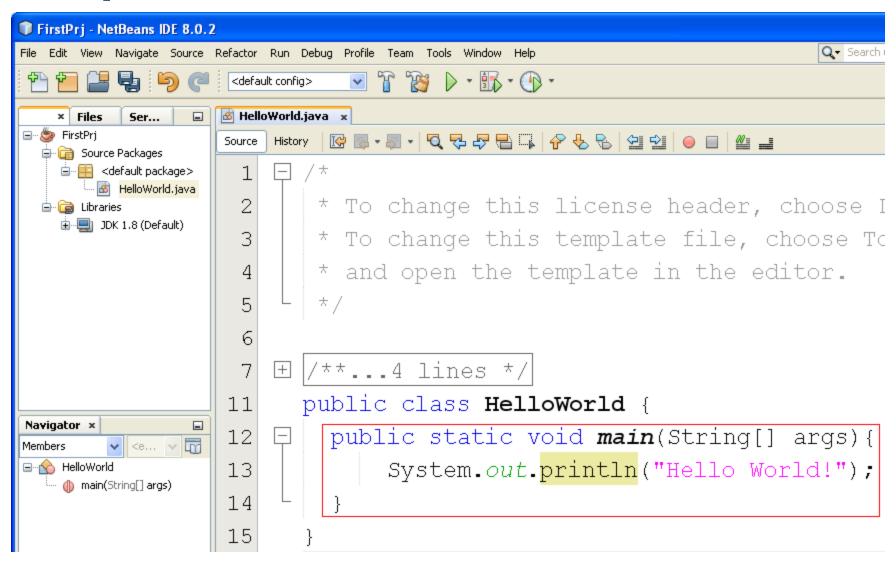


Add a Java



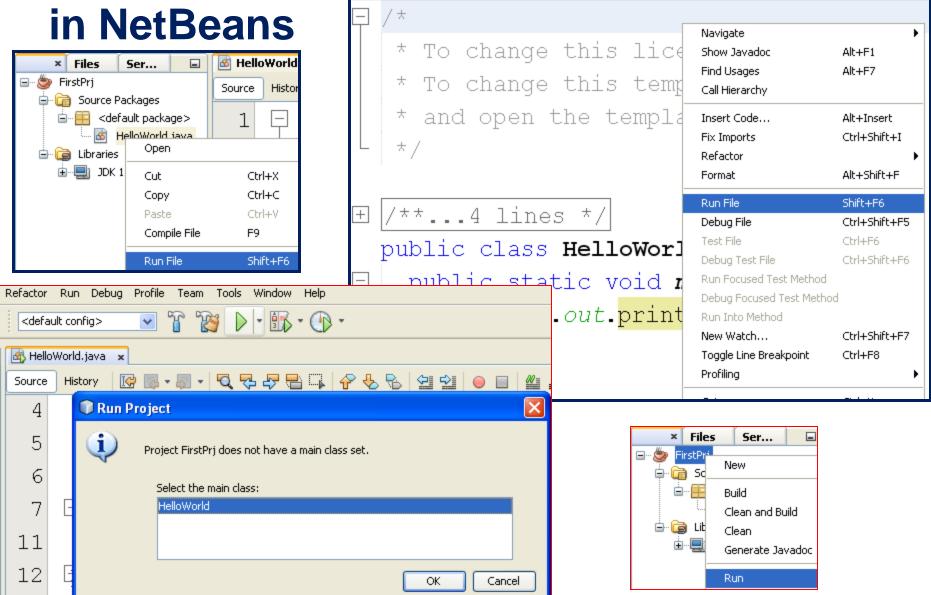


Step 3: Write code

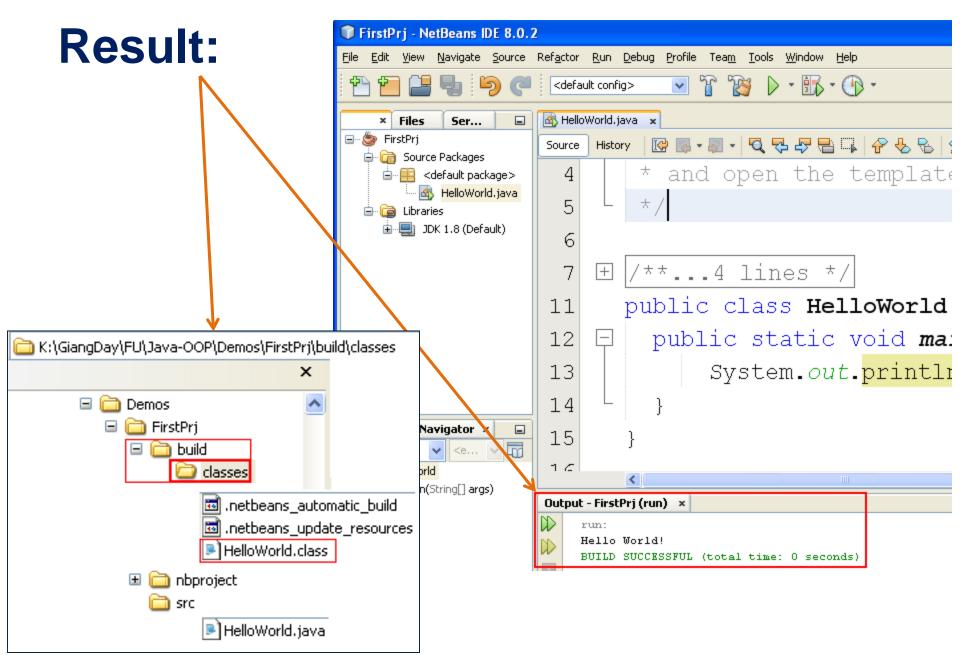




Step 4: 4 ways to Compile/Run program









End users run Java Programs

- Users can not run Java programs in NetBeans but in Java Runtime Environment (jre) installed (Java.exe) and related files
- Syntax for running a Java program:

```
Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600]
(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.

C:\Documents and Settings\USER>cd\

C:\>java -cp K:\GiangDay\FU\Java-OOP\Demos\FirstPrj\build\classes HelloWorld
Hello World!

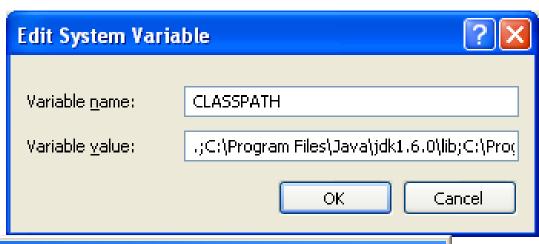
C:\>java -classpath K:\GiangDay\FU\Java-OOP\Demos\FirstPrj\build\classes HelloWorld
Hello World!
```

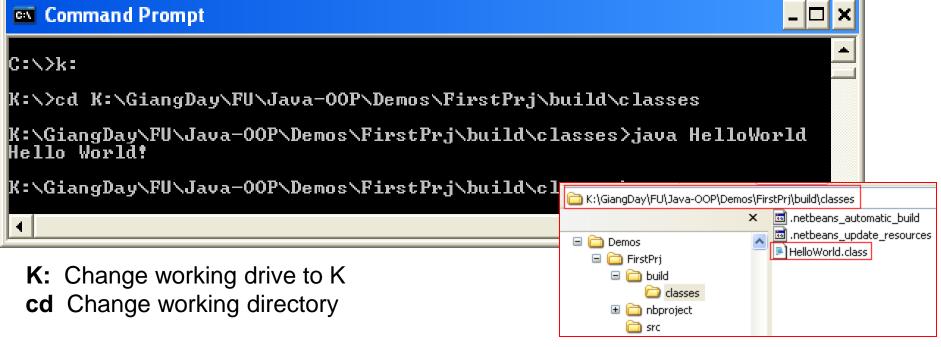
Re-try it using **Helloworld**, **helloworld** \rightarrow Give comments



End users run Java Programs...

 If the environment variable was setup with ".;", we can run it at the working folder as:

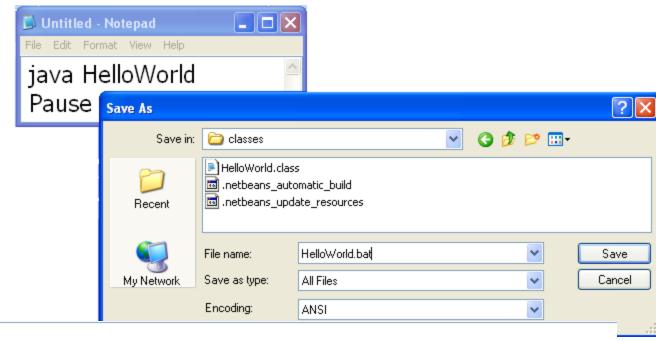


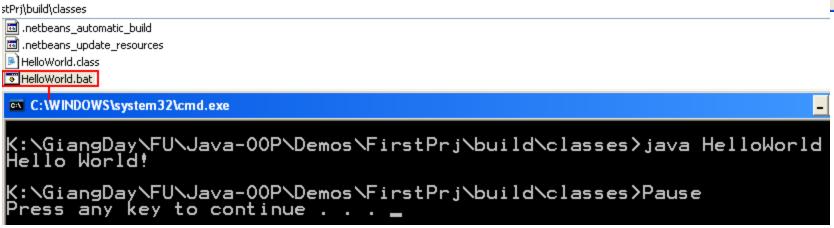




End users run Java Programs...

 Developer should support end users an easier way to run the program: a
 BAT file







Explain JDK and its tools

javac (Java compiler)

javac [option] source

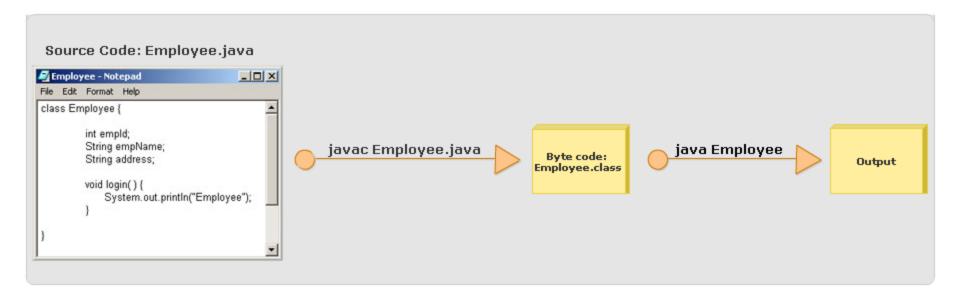
where,

source is one or more file names that end with the extension .java.

java (Java interpreter) where,

java [option] classname [arguments]

classname is the name of the class file.





A Closer Look at the "Hello World!" Application

- Comments
 - Traditional /*this is a comment*/
 - Comment to line end //this is an end of line comment
- Class declaration
 - public class ClassName { ... }
 - For example: public class HelloWord { ... }
- The main Method Entry point of Java program
 - public static void main(String[] args) {..}
 - public and static can be written in either order
 - The main method accepts a single argument: an array of elements of type String. A demonstration for passing strings to the main method will be presented in the next session.



Common Problems (and Their Solutions)

Compiler Problems

'javac' is not recognized as an internal or external command, operable program or batch file

-> Updating the PATH variable in the JDK

- Syntax Errors (All Platforms)
- Semantic Errors

Runtime Problems

- Exception in thread "main" java.lang.NoClassDefFoundError
- Could not find or load main class HelloWorld.class

Classname is incorrect



Try and Explore

Change	To – If no error, try run it
public class HelloWorld	public class HelloWorld2
public class HelloWorld	class HelloWorld2
<pre>public static void main(String[] args)</pre>	<pre>public static void main(String args[])</pre>
<pre>public static void main(String[] args)</pre>	<pre>public void main(String[] args)</pre>
<pre>public static void main(String[] args)</pre>	void main(String[] args)



Summary

- An overview of Java technology as a whole.
- What to download, what to install, and what to type, for creating a simple "Hello World!" application.
- Discusses the "Hello World!" application.
- Trouble compiling or running the programs.