

The Hurdle Race



Dan is playing a video game in which his character competes in a hurdle race. Hurdles are of varying heights, and Dan has a maximum height he can jump. There is a magic potion he can take that will increase his maximum height by **1** unit for each dose. How many doses of the potion must he take to be able to jump all of the hurdles.

Given an array of hurdle heights *height*, and an initial maximum height Dan can jump, *k*, determine the minimum number of doses Dan must take to be able to clear all the hurdles in the race.

For example, if *height* = [1, 2, 3, 3, 2] and Dan can jump 1 unit high naturally, he must take $3 - 1 = 2$ doses of potion to be able to jump all of the hurdles.

Input Format

Complete the function *hurdleRace* in the editor below. The code stub reads the input at passes it to the function. Inputs are in the following format:

The first line contains two space-separated integers *n* and *k*, the number of hurdles and the maximum height Dan can jump naturally.

The second line contains *n* space-separated integers *height*[*i*] where $0 \leq i < n$.

Constraints

- $1 \leq n, k \leq 100$
- $1 \leq \text{height}[i] \leq 100$

Output Format

Print an integer denoting the minimum doses of magic potion Dan must drink to complete the hurdle race.

Sample Input 0

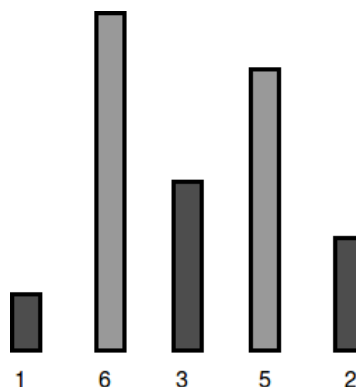
```
5 4
1 6 3 5 2
```

Sample Output 0

```
2
```

Explanation 0

Dan's character can jump a maximum of $k = 4$ units, but the tallest hurdle has a height of $h_1 = 6$:



To be able to jump all the hurdles, Dan must drink $6 - 4 = 2$ doses.

Sample Input 1

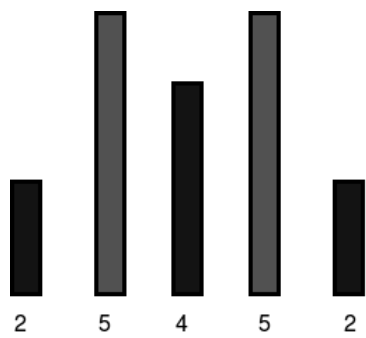
```
5 7
2 5 4 5 2
```

Sample Output 1

```
0
```

Explanation 1

Dan's character can jump a maximum of $k = 7$ units, which is enough to cross all the hurdles:



Because he can already jump all the hurdles, Dan needs to drink **0** doses.