

Category: Network Traffic Analysis

Bracket: Silver

Title: HTTP 1 Challenge SOLUTION

This challenge evaluates the participant's ability to understand a packet capture containing Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) traffic - https://www.dropbox.com/s/3umosjquz1j0i9d/NCL-2015-HTTP1.pcap?dl=0. During the game, it was suggested to use the Wireshark program to solve the challenge.

1. What was the compromised website?	php.net
2. What version of PHP were they using?	5.4.16
3. What version of Apache were	2.2.21
they using?	
4. In what year was this capture made?	2013
5. What domain serves up the malicious files?	zivvgmyrwy.3razbave.info
6. What is the IP address of the malicious domain?	144.76.192.102
7. At what packet number is the first request for a malicious .SWF made?	177
8. At what packet number is the second request for a malicious .SWF made?	180
9. At what packet number is the first request to download a malicious executable made?	213







Questions 1-4 can be solved by applying the filter below and then following the TCP stream for the first matched packet:

http.request

This will yield the request/response to/from the compromised website:

```
GET / HTTP/1.1
Accept: image/gif, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/pjpeg,
application/x-
shockwave-flash, */*
Accept-Language: en-us
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT
5.1; Trident/4.0)
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Host: php.net
Connection: Keep-Alive
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Tue, 22 Oct 2013 19:27:52 GMT
Server: Apache/2.2.21 (FreeBSD) mod ssl/2.2.21
OpenSSL/0.9.8q PHP/5.4.16-dev
X-Powered-By: PHP/5.4.16-dev
Content-language: en
Set-Cookie: COUNTRY=USA%2C64.235.155.80; expires=Tue, 29-
Oct-2013 19:27:52
GMT; path=/; domain=.php.net
Last-Modified: Wed, 23 Oct 2013 01:00:14 GMT
Vary: User-Agent, Accept-Encoding
Content-Encoding: gzip
Content-Length: 6507
Connection: close
Content-Type: text/html;charset=utf-8
```







Questions 5-6 can be solved by looking for suspicious HTTP requests. One such request is packet #164, which contains a series of hexadecimal characters in the URL and an even more suspicious host, *zivvgmyrwy.3razbave.info*. By following the stream, the response can be seen to contain HTML that attempts to retrieve a .SWF file. These factors indicate that the request was made to a malicious host.

```
Frame 164: 460 bytes on wire (3680 bits), 460 bytes captured (3680 bits)
> Ethernet II, Src: CisTechn_eb:ca:28 (00:20:18:eb:ca:28), Dst: 0a:b4:df:27:c2:b0 (0a:b4:df:27:c2:b0)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.40.10, Dst: 144.76.192.102
 Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 1042 (1042), Dst Port: 80 (80), Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 406
 Hypertext Transfer Protocol
   GET /?695e6cca27beb62ddb0a8ea707e4ffb8=43 HTTP/1.1\r\n
     > [Expert Info (Chat/Sequence): GET /?695e6cca27beb62ddb0a8ea707e4ffb8=43 HTTP/1.1\r\n]
       Request Method: GET
       Request URI: /?695e6cca27beb62ddb0a8ea707e4ffb8=43
       Request Version: HTTP/1.1
    Referer: http://url.whichusb.co.uk/stat.htm\r\n
    Accept-Language: en-us\r\n
    User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)\r\n
    Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate\r
    Host: zivvgmyrwy.3razbave.info\r\n
    Connection: Keep-Alive\r\n
    Cache-Control: no-cache\r\n
    [Full request URI: http://zivvgmyrwy.3razbave.info/?695e6cca27beb62ddb0a8ea707e4ffb8=43]
    [HTTP request 1/1]
    [Response in frame: 167]
```

Questions 7-8 can be solved be extrapolating data from the response in packet #164. The filter below can be used to help remove noise and to help find requests made after packet #164:

http.request

Note that the first request returns a 404 error and the other may trigger antivirus programs when you view the TCP stream.

Question 9 can be found by following TCP streams for various HTTP requests. The executable will contain the string, "This program cannot be run in DOS mode."



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